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Scaling the Tail: Managing Profitable Growth in Emerging Markets

Seung Ho Park Gerardo R. Ungson

and

Andrew Cosgrove





SCALING THE TAIL

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Foreword

In emerging markets, the adage "the only constant is change" is self-evident. The tried-and-true strategies that multinational companies have used in emerging markets are no longer working. What the world has witnessed is nothing short of a complete revolution in the requirements for success in emerging markets. Local markets are no longer easy and fertile ground in which major multinationals can enter and flourish on auto-pilot. Local companies have recognized the threat of the immense resources and economies of scale possessed by major multinational corporations. In response, local companies have appealed more specifically and effectively to local customers, a task for which they are uniquely qualified. Of course, the owners, employees, and marketing strategies of these local companies are typically from the country and culture of interest. From this perspective, it is understandable that a "one-size-fits-all" approach would eventually fail on a large scale. In fact, it could be argued that multinational companies could be grateful that their generic strategies have worked for as long as they could in emerging markets. However, what are they to do now?

This book appears at a crucial inflexion point in the fate of multinational corporations in consumer goods and retailing sectors. It provides right answers to the following two core questions: (1) Why are so many major multinational companies failing in emerging markets? and (2) Exactly what actions can these and other companies take to succeed in these radically changed environments? To answer these questions, under the auspices of a

collaborative team involving EY and the Economist Intelligence Unit, the authors have conducted in-depth field interviews, along with a survey of 253 managers across 10 countries. From these data, they present a model that prescribes the specific actions that multinational companies can take to compete effectively with local companies and sustain profitable growth.

Scaling the Tail: Managing Profitable Growth in Emerging Markets presents an important means. Companies will fail or prosper depending on whether or not they understand the current situation and take the suggestions made in this book. Companies that follow its prescriptions should enjoy profitable growth that exceeds what they achieved when their "one-size-fits-all" strategies were still appropriate. Cost-effective customization rather than cost-efficient standardization should guide the strategies of multinational corporations.

John Quelch Harvard Business School

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It is well recognized that examining even a small handful of emerging markets can be a daunting task. To this end, we acknowledge the invaluable partnership with the EY Consumer Group, notably the assistance of Emmanuelle Roman and Nicola Gates. The team arranged for the initial field interviews with the leading global managers of EY. We worked together with them in designing, vetting, and revising the survey questionnaire. Through their contacts, the Economist Intelligence Unit was contracted to administer the survey to 276 managers in 10 countries.

EY has published its own report, *Profit-or-Lose: Balancing the Growth-Profit Paradox for Global Consumer Products Companies and Retailers in Asia's Emerging Markets*, EYG no. ENo519; CSG/GSC2013/1164313; ED 1015. This report details the analysis of the survey, interviews, and recommendations. Because EY has its own focus of interest that might not necessarily coincide with this book, we highly recommend a reading of this companion report.

We acknowledge a special debt to Dr. Nan Zhou, formerly a Research Fellow of the Institute for Emerging Market Studies (IEMS). As a coauthor of our earlier book *Rough Diamonds: the Four Successful Traits of Breakout Firms in BRIC Countries*, she participated in cradling the topic of profitable growth when she was with IEMS. In this study, she participated in some of the field interviews, conducted the case studies, supervised the student assistants, and undertook the initial analysis and presentation of the survey results.

We extend special thanks to managers who participated in this study, either through IEMS or EY, including Rob Mitchell and Mariko Asao. We are also greatly indebted to two of our friends, Anthony Tsai and Ehab Abou Oaf. Anthony worked for P&G for decades before moving to Beijing Hualian, a leading Chinese retailer, to lead its innovation center and marketing activities in China. Ehab, currently Asia Pacific President of Mars Chocolate, was also part of P&G's international operations for over a decade before he joined Mars Chocolate in 2000. They have had the daunting task of managing global leading retail companies across many different countries in Eastern Europe and Asia. Their experiences and knowledge on emerging markets played a pivotal role in forming the core idea of this book. They allowed hours of multiple interviews and feedback as we were formulating our thoughts and ideas for this book.

We acknowledge the use of company documents, websites, and field interviews as our source and basis of ensuing observations and arguments. If a specific secondary source is used, however, it is acknowledged as an endnote. We would like to thank the following research assistants and students who helped with the research and compile information about the companies included in this book: Ji Hong, Liu Wen, Chinmay Ojha, and Urvashi Prasad. We are grateful for the generous funding and support from the Research Center for Emerging Market Studies of China Europe International Business School and the International Business Department of San Francisco State University. Special thanks also go to Michael O'Brien for assisting the research, Yim-Yu Wong, and Linda Oubre, San Francisco State University, for overall support. We also thank Karl Johansson, Jay Nibbie, Uschi Schreiber, and other global leaders of EY for their support and appreciation of research projects and activities on emerging markets.

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Part I What Distinguishes Emerging Markets Today?

1

Introduction

Abstract: This chapter provides an overview of our core arguments. Although profitable growth is widely acclaimed, there are differences on how to approach it. Traditional strategies for emerging markets emphasize entering large and undifferentiated markets, recalibrating products to make them more attractive and affordable for targeted segments, and capitalizing on economies of scale and scope to reduce overall costs. Our research indicates that this approach is limited, if not misplaced, when addressing the emerging needs of affluent middle-class sectors. An alternative logic focuses on building mass sales at the periphery of the distribution using broad differentiation strategies. This is developed with select partners as an overarching theme throughout the book and supported by field interviews and a survey of consumer goods in select Asian countries.

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