Objective-C Programming

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- Identify and eliminate errors in your programs
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NSDictionary* englandDictionary = [app NSFileManager defaultManager] fileExistsAtPath: balancePath]) if ([[NSFileManager defaultM

ray alloc]initWithContentsOfFile:balancePath];
ry valueForKey:@"Europe"];



Neal Goldstein Karl Kowalski

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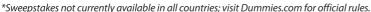
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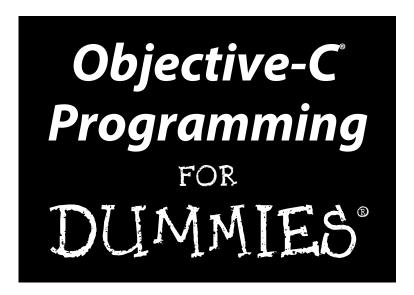
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by Neal Goldstein and Karl G. Kowalski



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About the Authors

Neal Goldstein is a recognized leader in making state-of-the-art and cuttingedge technologies practical for commercial and enterprise development. He was one of the first technologists to work with commercial developers at firms such as Apple Computer, Lucasfilm, and Microsoft to develop commercial applications using object-based programming technologies. He was a pioneer in moving that approach into the corporate world for developers at Liberty Mutual Insurance, USWest (now Verizon), National Car Rental, EDS, and Continental Airlines, showing them how object-oriented programming could solve enterprise-wide problems. His book (with Jeff Alger) on object-oriented development, Developing Object-Oriented Software for the Macintosh (Addison Wesley, 1992), introduced the idea of scenarios and patterns to developers. He was an early advocate of the Microsoft .NET framework, and he successfully introduced it into many enterprises, including Charles Schwab. He was one of the earliest developers of Service Oriented Architecture (SOA), and as Senior Vice President of Advanced Technology and the Chief Architect at Charles Schwab, he built an integrated SOA solution that spanned the enterprise, from desktop PCs to servers to complex network mainframes. (He holds four patents as a result.) As one of IBM's largest customers, he introduced the folks at IBM to SOA at the enterprise level and encouraged them to head in that direction.

Since the release of the iPhone SDK in March 2008, he has been focusing on mobile applications. He has had eight applications in the App Store. These include a series of Travel Photo Guides (developed with his partners at mobilefortytwo), and a Digital Field Guides series (http://lp.wileypub.com/DestinationDFGiPhoneApp), developed in partnership with John Wiley & Sons. He also has a free app called Expense Diary that allows you to keep track of things like expenses, mileage, and time by adding them to your calendar.

He has developed mobile strategies for a number of businesses, ranging from National Cinemedia to the American Automobile Association (AAA). His strategies focus on Mobile 2.0 — integrating mobile across the enterprise, creating a consistent user experience across devices and applications in an application ecosystem, and developing a user experience architecture that both leverages — and is constrained by — the device. He has spent the last three years working with mobile device users and developers to determine what makes mobile devices so appealing, what users want from an application on a phone or tablet, and what makes an app compelling. These efforts have resulted in the Application Ecosystem model for mobile applications and an underlying Model Application Controller Architecture based on web services that has become a key element in his client work and his books.

In his copious spare time, he also teaches introductory and advanced classes on iPhone and iPad development (for clients as well as some public classes) and does expert witness work.

Along with those apps and his consulting, he has written several books on iPhone programming, iPhone Application Development For Dummies (multiple editions) (Wiley), Objective-C For Dummies (Wiley), and he co-authored (with Tony Bove) iPad Application Development For Dummies (including multiple editions) (Wiley) and iPhone Application Development All-in-One For Dummies (Wiley). He's also the primary author (with Jon Manning and Paris Buttfield-Addison) of iPhone & iPad Game Development For Dummies.

Karl Kowalski has traveled the world of computers and software development for far longer than he's willing to admit. He has written programs for airplanes, robots, games, and even particle accelerators, and he has developed software on platforms ranging from desktop computers to mainframes all the way down to smartphones. He is also the author of *Mac Application Development For Dummies* (John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2011). He lives near Boston and works for RSA, The Security Division of EMC, where he develops security solutions for mobile platforms such as iPhone and BlackBerry, and desktop operating systems such as Windows and Mac OS X. In his spare time, he develops software for smartphones as part of a startup, BlazingApps. And if there are any spare seconds in the day, he does some voice-over work for one of his favorite journals, *The Objective Standard*.

Dedication

To my friends and family, and especially my children Sarah and Evan and my wife, Linda. She deserves special recognition for her support and patience and for maintaining her (and my) sense of humor. Without her support I never would have been able to write 12 books in 3.5 years. Thank you so much.

This is for you As day follows night The tunnel ends in the light Finally time to play

— Neal Goldstein

To my incredible family: Connie, Stanley, Lee Anne, David, Rosemarie, Joseph, Candi, Reeseling the Nieceling, and Mason — thank you for all your love and support.

— Karl Kowalski

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Thanks again to my agent Carole Jelen for her continued work and support in putting and keeping these projects together.

— Neal Goldstein

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Contents at a Glance

Introduction	1
Part 1: Getting to the Starting Line	7
Chapter 1: Computer Programming Exposed!	
Chapter 2: Creating Your First Program	
Chapter 3: The Object in Objective-C	
Part 11: Speaking the Language of Objective-C	71
Chapter 4: Language and Programming Basics	
Chapter 5: Functions and Data Structures	111
Chapter 6: Adding a Little More Class to Your Program	145
Chapter 7: Objects Objects Everywhere	175
Chapter 8: Using the Debugger	193
Chapter 9: Using Control Statements and Loops	211
Part 111: Walking the Object-Oriented Walk	233
Chapter 10: Basic Inheritance	235
Chapter 11: Encapsulating Objects	255
Chapter 12: The Birth of an Object	275
Chapter 13: Getting a Handle on Memory Management	289
Part IV: Moving from Language to Application	307
Chapter 14: Getting Data from Other Objects	309
Chapter 15: Show Me the Data	323
Chapter 16: Extending the Behavior of Objects	357
Chapter 17: Adding an iPhone User Interface	373
Chapter 18: Adding a Mac User Interface	403
Part V: The Part of Tens	419
Chapter 19: Ten Debugging Tips	421
Chapter 20: Ten Ways to Be a Happy Developer	425
Index	431

Table of Contents

Introduction	1
About This Book	
Conventions Used in This Book	
Foolish Assumptions	
How This Book Is Organized	
Part I: Getting to the Starting Line	
Part II: Speaking the Language of Objective-C	
Part III: Walking the Object-Oriented Walk	
Part IV: Moving from Language to Application	
Part V: The Part of Tens	5
Icons Used in This Book	5
On the Web	
Where to Go from Here	6
Part 1: Getting to the Starting Line	7
Chapter 1: Computer Programming Exposed!	9
Why a Computer Program Is Like a Recipe	10
Examining a simple computer program	
Understanding How Computer Languages Work	
Creating a computer program	
Running a computer program	15
What Is Objective-C, Anyway?	
Understanding programming languages	
Running your program in a runtime environment	19
Using frameworks and libraries	19
Your suite of development tools	
Using Xcode 4.4	
Using Objective-C Version 2.0	20
Chapter 2: Creating Your First Program	
Getting Started with the Software Development Kit	21
Downloading Xcode	
Creating Your Xcode Project	
Exploring your project	31
Workspace areas	
Displaying an area's content	
The toolbar and Tab bar	37

	The First Program Project	
	The Project editor	
	The Project navigator	41
	Building and Running Your Application	44
	Building an app	46
	All that stuff in main.m	
	Customizing Xcode to Your Liking	
	Getting to Know the Xcode Text Editor	
	Accessing Documentation	
	Quick Help	
	The header file for a symbol	
	Accessing Quick Help	
	Help menu	56
	Find	
	On the Web	60
	Working with the Examples	
	•	
Cha	pter 3: The Object in Objective-C	63
	Not All Modules Are Created Equal	64
	Understanding How Objects Behave	
	Seeing the Concepts in Action	
	Encapsulation	
	Polymorphism	
	Reusable Code	
Part 11:	Speaking the Language of Objective-C	71
Cha	pter 4: Language and Programming Basics	73
	It All Comes Down to Your Statements	
	Syntax	
	Semantics	
	Understanding How Variables Work	75
	Data types	
	Identifier	
	Initialization	
	Giving Instructions with Operators	
	Really learning how operators (and everything else)	
	work in Objective-C	80
	Using arithmetic operators	
	Back to variables — floats	
	Back to variables — floats	89
	Bitwise operators	
	Bitwise operatorsCompound assignment operators	
	Bitwise operators	

sizeof operator
Making Logical Decisions in Your Code99Boolean types99Relational and equality operators103Logical operators103Conditional operator104Accessing Data with Pointers105Using Constants106Declared constants (const)107Defined constants (#define)108Knowing the Objective-C Reserved Words109Congratulations110Chapter 5: Functions and Data Structures111Thinking about an Application111Defining and Declaring Data Structures116Using Defined Data Types119Writing Functions122Scope of variables130
Boolean types
Relational and equality operators
Logical operators
Conditional operator
Accessing Data with Pointers
Using Constants
Declared constants (const)
Defined constants (#define) 108 Knowing the Objective-C Reserved Words 109 Congratulations 110 Chapter 5: Functions and Data Structures 111 Thinking about an Application 111 Defining and Declaring Data Structures 116 Using Defined Data Types 119 Writing Functions 122 Scope of variables 130
Knowing the Objective-C Reserved Words
Congratulations110Chapter 5: Functions and Data Structures111Thinking about an Application111Defining and Declaring Data Structures116Using Defined Data Types119Writing Functions122Scope of variables130
Thinking about an Application
Thinking about an Application
Defining and Declaring Data Structures
Using Defined Data Types
Writing Functions
Scope of variables130
Unions
Enumerations (enum)
Declaring Function Prototypes
Extending the Functionality of a Program136
Thinking about Extensibility and Enhanceability142
Chapter 6: Adding a Little More Class to Your Program
Grasping Objects and Their Classes145
Moving from Functions and Global Data to Objects and Classes 146
Creating the Interface
Declaring the class interface
Scoping instance variables
The Implementation — Coding the Methods
Adding the implementation compiler directive
Defining the createBudget: method
Defining the rest of the methods
Exploring the Program Logic
Coding the functionality in the main function160
Building and running the application164
Extending the program
Spreading the Wealth across Files
Knowing the Naming Conventions
Using id and nil

Chapter 7: Objects Objects Everywhere	
Replacing Numbers with Objects	176
Revisiting the documentation	
Using an NSNumber as an argument	
Taking Advantage of Array Objects	
Container classes	
Tiptoeing through an array	
Adding mutable arrays	
Working with fixed arrays	
Using C Arrays	
Expanding to multidimensional arrays	191
Finishing up with the main function	
Chapter 8: Using the Debugger	
Identifying the Usual Suspects	193
Catching syntax errors	194
Fixing it with Live Issues and Fix-It	196
Crashing with runtime errors	197
Dealing with logic errors	
Using the Debugger	
Using Breakpoints	
Using the Static Analyzer	207
Chapter 9: Using Control Statements and Loops .	211
Creating Transaction Objects	212
Managing all those objects	213
Adding the Transaction class	
Using switch Statements	
Using Loop Statements to Repeat Instructions	
The for loop	
The while loop	
The do while loop	
Adding Loops to Your Program	
Building the New Application	229
Taking the Leap: Jump Statements	230
Knowing the Problems with switch Statements	
A . 111 (11)/ / A/ A	, ,,,,
Part 111: Walking the Object-Oriented Wal	t 233
Chapter 10: Basic Inheritance	235
Chapter to Dasic inheritance	
Replacing a Control Structure with Polymorphis	
	n236
Replacing a Control Structure with Polymorphism	1236 238

Implementing Inheritance in a Program	242
Creating the Transaction superclass	
Adding the files for the new subclasses	
Implementing the new subclasses	
Modifying main to use the new classes	
Considering Polymorphism and Inheritance	
Chapter 11: Encapsulating Objects	
Getting to Know the Model-View-Controller (MVC) Pattern	
Implementing the MVC Pattern	257
Get out of main	
Get into main	
Creating a New Project	
Creating the Destination Class	
Designing the destination	
Implementing the methods	
Modifying the Budget class	
Removing UI type functionality from the Transaction objects.	
Coding the New main	
Yes, Another Two Steps Forward and One Step Back	211
res, Another Two steps Forward and One step back	414
Chapter 12: The Birth of an Object	275
Allocating Objects	275
Initializing Objects	276
Invoking the superclass's init method	278
Initializing instance variables	280
Returning self	281
The Designated Initializer	287
Chapter 13: Getting a Handle on Memory Management	289
Raising and Terminating Responsible Objects	290
Understanding the object life cycle	
Understanding Reference Counting	
Managing memory, retro-style	
Using ARC	
Rule 1: Do not send retain, release, or autorelease	
messages to your objects	297
Rule 2: Do not store pointers to Objective-C objects	
in C structures (structs)	298
Rule 3: Inform the compiler about ownership when using	
Core Foundation-type objects	299
Rule 4: Use the @autoreleasepool keyword	299
Rule 5: Follow the naming conventions	
Converting Non APC Code to APC	

Part IV: Moving from Language to Application	307
Chapter 14: Getting Data from Other Objects	
Getting Data from Objects	
Working with Declared Properties	
Adding properties	
Implementing declared properties	
Accessing the instance variables from within the cla	ass314
Using Accessors to Get Data from Objects	
Properly Using Properties	
Chapter 15: Show Me the Data	
Understanding Application-Based Data	323
Defining property lists	
Working with property lists	
Using Dictionaries	
Understanding a dictionary's keys and values	326
Creating a dictionary	
Adding a plist to Your Project	329
Using plists	
Creating a mutable dictionary	
Creating, initializing, and using the symbol string	
Dictionaries of Dictionaries	
Creating a more complex plist	
Managing a dictionary of dictionaries	
Modifying the plist	
Adding a new entry to the plist	345
Updating the dictionary	
Saving Data in a Separate File	352
Saving Objects as Objects	
Chapter 16: Extending the Behavior of Objects	
Understanding Delegation	358
Using Protocols	
Declaring a protocol	
Creating a protocol	
Adding delegation to Transaction	
Adopting a protocol	
Categories	
Using categories	
Defining informal protocols	

Ch	apter 17: Adding an iPhone User Interface	.373
	Creating Your Project	
	Using Interface Builder to Create a User Interface	
	Implementing the User Interface	
	Adding outlets	
	Connecting Targets with Actions	
	Adding the methods	397
	Running iVacation in the Simulator	400
	A Final Note	401
Ch	apter 18: Adding a Mac User Interface	.403
	Creating Your Project	403
	Using Interface Builder to Create a User Interface	
	Implementing the User Interface	
	Using the Assistant Editor to add outlets and Targets-Actions.	411
	Implementing the methods	
	Running mVacation on the Mac	416
	Knowing What's Left to Do	
	The End of the Beginning	417
	t: The Part of Tens	
Cn	apter 19: Ten Debugging Tips	
	Check for Semicolons	
	"Right" Is Not Always "right"	
	When You've Blown It, You've Blown It	
	Compiler Warnings Are for Your Own Good	
	Get Friendly with Your Debugger	
	Messages to nil	
	Dialing a Wrong Number	
	Create a "Paper" Trail	
	Incrementally Test	
Ch	apter 20: Ten Ways to Be a Happy Developer	
	Keep Everyone in the Dark	
	Make Your Code Easy to Understand	
	D	426
	Remember Memory	
	Start by Initializing the Right Way Take Advantage of the Documentation	427

Objective-C Programming For Dummies _____

Index		431
	Keep It Fun	430
	The Software Isn't Finished Until the Last User Is Dead	429
	Avoid the Code Slinger Mentality	
	from the Start	428
	Do It Right from the Start If You Need to Do It Right	
	Understand That Development Is Not Linear	
	Code, Code, Code	427

Introduction

hen the folks at John Wiley & Sons approached me about writing *Objective-C Programming For Dummies*, I thought long and hard about it. Within 480 pages, I wanted to be sure that I could explain to someone with no programming experience how to actually create useful programs.

So I started to think about what makes programming so difficult.

It isn't the concept of how programs work, which I cover easily in Part I. And it isn't really the language itself (or the instruction set — I cover that in Chapter 4). It isn't even the user interface — all that code needed to open and close windows, process menus and the mouse and user touches, draw graphics, and play audio and video (did I leave anything out?). No, while all that used to be really hard, now it's made much easier by using the frameworks available with Mac OS X and iOS.

What is really hard, after you understand the language and framework, is how you structure your program — how you actually go about taking your idea for an application and turning it into a robust Objective-C application.

Finding out how to use the tools is (relatively) easy; knowing how to use them to create a useful application is the real challenge.

So, besides explaining the instruction set and everything else involved with coding, what I do along the way is explain the other things you need to know (things like application architecture and design) — those things that will make it possible for you, when you are done with this book, to go out and start developing your first application. Nothing less.

So instead of a book that only shows you *how* to use all the features (instructions and frameworks) available to you, I decided to write a book that shows you both *how* and *why*. I do that by having you start to develop an application in Chapter 5 (after I go over the instruction set) and add to that same application until you end up with it running on both the iPhone and Mac in Chapters 17 and 18. Granted, this application isn't the most exciting one in the world, but it gives you the opportunity to use every feature of Objective-C that you'll need to know to go out and build your own killer app. What's more, you build the application incrementally, just as a professional develops a commercial application. Occasionally, you will enter some code only to delete it later, which may seem annoying at times. However, you will get a flavor for how you'll work when you are out on your own.

And while some development will be annoying and tedious, in general it is fun. So go enjoy yourself while you're finding out about Objective-C. I know I do.

About This Book

Objective-C Programming For Dummies is a beginner's guide to developing applications for both iOS devices and the Mac. You don't need any programming experience to get started. I expect you to come as a blank slate, ready to be filled with useful information and new ways to do things. In some ways, the less you know, the easier it will be for you because you won't have any preconceived notions about programming.

This book distills the hundreds (or even thousands) of pages of Apple documentation, not to mention my own development experience, into only what's necessary to start you developing real applications. I explain not only the language, but also along the way, I explicitly talk about object-oriented principles and how doing things in a certain way (that is, following those principles) leads to more extensible and enhanceable programs, which you will discover is the holy grail of programming.

Conventions Used in This Book

This book guides you through the process of building applications by using Objective-C.

Code examples in this book appear in a monospaced font so that they stand out a bit better. This means that the code you see will look like this:

```
NSLog(@"I am an Objective-C statement.");
```

Objective-C is based on C, which (I want to remind you) *is* case sensitive, so please enter the code that appears in this book *exactly* as it appears in the text. I also use the standard Objective-C naming conventions — for example, class names always start with a capital letter, and the names of methods and instance variables always start with a lowercase letter.

All URLs in this book appear in a monospaced font as well:

If you're ever uncertain about anything in the code, you can always look at the source code at the website associated with this book: www.dummies.com/go/objcprogrammingfd. And from time to time, I provide updates for the code and post other things you might find useful on my website, www.nealgoldstein.com.

Foolish Assumptions

To find out how to program in Objective-C for Mac OS X or iOS, you need a Macintosh computer with the latest version of the Mac OS on it. You also need to download the Software Development Kit (SDK). You don't have to become a registered Apple Developer to do that, but registering with Apple gives you access to all the information Apple provides for understanding Objective-C, iOS, and Mac OS X. I show you how to do both in Chapter 2 (don't worry; it doesn't cost a cent).

I assume that you don't have any programming knowledge but that you have at least a passing acquaintance with some of the ideas, and more important, a desire to know how to program. In general, the code is easy and straightforward (the book isn't written to dazzle you with fancy coding techniques).

I also assume that you're familiar with the Mac and/or iPhone and that you are comfortable doing all the things you have to do on the Mac to run applications, including using the Finder to cruise the file system to see what's there.

How This Book Is Organized

Objective-C Programming For Dummies has five main parts.

Part 1: Getting to the Starting Line

Part I introduces you to the world of application development. You find out how programs work and what you have to do to take an idea and turn it into a computer program. I explain the tools that are available to you and describe how to use them, and I lead you through downloading the Software Development Kit (SDK), which includes Xcode (Apple's development environment for the OS X and iOS operating systems). You get up and running on your first application, which gives you a taste for what words like *compiling* and *building* mean. You also find out how to become a registered Apple Developer, both for the Mac and the iPhone (and if you are an iPhone developer, what you are required to do to distribute your applications through Apple's App Store).

Part 11: Speaking the Language of Objective-C

As with any other skill, you have to pay your dues, and that means understanding the instruction set of the language and knowing how to use some of the languagelike features made available to you in the frameworks. You start by building an application that you will add to as you discover more and more about Objective-C.

Think of this as getting down the vocabulary of a new language, but without the pain and all that memorization.

Part 111: Walking the Object-Oriented Walk

After you understand the basic instruction set and the other Objective-C and framework features, it's time to put those instructions together to create a program. In this part, I focus on the right way to structure your program — what's known as the *program architecture*. Having the right architecture results in a program that not only works but also can be extended to add new functionality easily. And not only that, it enables you to easily track down and fix those pesky bugs that make their home in everyone's programs. I also show you how to deal with the mundane, but necessary, plumbing issues such as memory management and object initialization.

Whereas Part II is about getting down the vocabulary, Part III is about using the vocabulary to create sentences and paragraphs and even entire books.

Part 1V: Moving from Language to Application

With an architecture in place, you can begin to add more and more functionality to your program. You start to work with data and discover some of the tricks that framework developers use to make their frameworks so extensible.

After you have your application doing what you want it to do, you need to take all that functionality and make it available to the user. So, in this part, I show you how your application fits into the user SDK-supplied frameworks that do all the user interface heavy lifting on Mac OS X and iOS. And because you design the application the right way from the start, you'll be able to plug it into the user interface with minimal effort. You just do some building of the

user interface in Interface Builder (part of the SDK), add a few lines of code, and you are there. No sweat, no bother. And yes, because you did it the right way from the start, the same application code will run on both the Mac and iOS devices (using the frameworks for Mac OS X and iOS).

Part V: The Part of Tens

Part V consists of voices from the trenches. I also show you some tips on debugging (yes, your application will, upon occasion, have bugs) that might shorten those late, into-the-night debugging sessions that are (unfortunately) part and parcel of being a developer. Although they may not always be fun, solved bugs are often a great source of conversation among developers. I also offer some tips about approaching application development that will lead to good health and happiness as a developer.

Icons Used in This Book



When you see this icon, you can be sure that the code available at this book's website applies to the current example. You can find the code for all projects in this book at www.dummies.com/go/objcprogrammingfd — perfect for those who don't feel like typing the code.



This icon indicates a useful pointer that you shouldn't skip.



This icon represents a friendly reminder. It describes a vital point that you should keep in mind while proceeding through a particular section of the chapter.



This icon signifies that the accompanying explanation might be informative (dare I say, interesting), but it isn't essential to understanding Objective-C application development. Feel free to skip past these tidbits if you like (though skipping while trying to absorb the main concepts may be tricky).



This icon alerts you to potential problems that you may encounter along the way. Read and obey these bits of experience to avoid trouble.

On the Web

I've uploaded all the code for the projects in this book to the website at www.dummies.com/go/objcprogrammingfd. You'll find folders for each chapter starting with Chapter 4. In each of these chapter folders is a folder that contains the Xcode project that provides the starting point for that chapter. So for Chapter 4, for example, the folder is labeled Chapter 4 Start Here.

Also in the chapter folder is a folder that contains the final version of the project for each chapter (except for Chapter 4 where it isn't applicable). Some chapters also have intermediate versions of the project; so, in Chapter 5, for example, the folders are Chapter 5 A, Chapter 5 B, and so on. I explain what is in each in the corresponding chapter.

Where to Go from Here

Occasionally, we have updates to our technology books. If this book does have technical updates, they will be posted at www.dummies.com/go/objcprogrammingfdupdates.

Part I Getting to the Starting Line



"Stop working on the Priority Parking Spot Allocation program. They want to fast track the Coffee Pot/Cubicle Proximity program."

In this part . . .

o you've decided you want to learn to program. You may have a good idea for a Mac or iPhone application and realize that the first thing you need to do is find out how to program in Objective-C. And although you may have a vague idea about it, you know you're going to have to learn exactly what programming is and what's required to create an application.

In this part, I help you understand what you need to know to get started. First of all, how do applications even work? How do you translate your ideas into a computer language that tells the computer what you want it to do, and then how does it take those instructions and actually do them? What is all this complier and framework stuff, and what exactly is object-oriented programming?

You find out what makes a good application and what you can do to make yours a good one. Finally, so you can get free development software from Apple, I take you through the process of registering as an Apple developer. I explain how you can download the Software Development Kit (SDK), and even how to build your first program.