Monica Tennberg Editor

# Governing the Uncertain

Adaptation and Climate in Russia and Finland



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#### **Preface**

This book is one of the many products of a collaborative pan-Arctic research project titled "Community adaptation and vulnerability in Arctic regions" (CAVIAR). The first discussions on establishing such collaboration started in the mid-2000s as Nordic preparations for the International Polar Year (IPY 2007–2008) intensified. Credit for starting the collaborative process and seeing it through to completion goes to its parents: Grete Hovelsrud from Norway, Barry Smit from Canada, Carina Keskitalo from Sweden and Monica Tennberg from Finland. The IPY project resulted the publication in 2010 of "Community Adaptation and Vulnerability in Arctic Regions" (Hovelsrud & Smit, eds.), a volume exploring current and future sensitivities, adaptive capacities and vulnerabilities in numerous cases studies across the Arctic region.

The Finnish CAVIAR project was funded by the Academy of Finland (2007–2009). In addition to contributing chapters on flood prevention in Northern Finland and the Russian Arctic to the CAVIAR publication, the project researchers, based in the Arctic Centre of University of Lapland, extended the scope of analysis to include governance of adaptation. The central idea in the case studies in the CAVIAR research is that local adaptation cannot be understood without taking into consideration broader economic, social, and political contexts of adaptation. We wanted to take a closer look at those contexts and our combination of expertise in political science and anthropology made such an endeavour possible. This book is the outcome of the ensuing multidisciplinary discussions and an effort to combine local, regional and national perspectives on adaptation governance.

#### Acknowledgements

We would like to gratefully acknowledge the funding provided for this research by the Academy of Finland as well as the co-operation with our CAVIAR partners. With deep respect we also thank the residents of the Tatta District and the Hammastunturi-Kuttura *siida* for sharing their knowledge and providing tremendous support. Anna Stammler-Gossmann would like to expresses her particular gratitude to the Bopposov, Aiianitov, Rakhleev, Lopatin and Postnikov families. She also wishes to thank the administrative officials of Tatta, the local municipality of Ytyk Kyöl and the village of Chimnai for discussing flood management issues and providing her with archive materials. Terhi Vuojala-Magga would like to extend her special thanks to the members of the Hammastunturi co-operative, the members of the Magga family in the village of Kuttura, and her husband, Mauno Magga.

We also express our gratitude to Richard Foley for his help with the language checking of our contributions to the book.

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Maria Rakkolainen earned a master's degree in political science with a specialisation in international relations and environmental studies from the University of Lapland (Finland) in 2008. Her thesis dealt with the multiple agency of governance and the complexity of administrative levels in the Cleaner Production programme in Northwest Russia. The research was based on analyses of relationship-building between enterprises and government in the areas of sustainable development and cleaner production.

Heidi Sinevaara-Niskanen is a doctoral candidate in the Unit for Gender Studies at the University of Lapland (Finland). She holds a master's degree in international relations and is writing her Ph.D. as a member of the Finnish Research School in Women's and Gender Studies. Her research interests combine international politics, Arctic studies and gender studies. At present she is examining the politics of sustainable development and how the social dimension of sustainable development in Arctic politics has been defined. The special focus of her work is how the equality and participation required by sustainable development are included in the social dimension of the Arctic.

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Anna Stammler-Gossmann is an anthropologist from the Sustainable Development research group at the Arctic Centre of the University of Lapland (Finland). Her main interests are post-socialist socio-cultural transformation, local community adaptation and vulnerability to social and environmental changes; the concept of the North in politics, economics, and culture; and indigenous and non-indigenous identities. She carried out research from 1995 to 2002 at the Seminar für Osteuropäische Geschichte of the University of Cologne, in 2003–2004 at the Scott Polar Institute of the University of Cambridge, and in 2009 at the Center for Northeast Asian Studies of Tohoku University (Japan). Her research sites have covered different parts of Fennoscandia (Finland (Lapland) and Northern Norway (Finnmark)), Northwest Russia (the Murmansk region and the Nenets Autonomous District), and the Russian Far East (the Republic of Sakha and the Kamchatka Peninsula). Dr. Stammler-Gossmann has conducted fieldwork in the Republic of Sakha (Yakutia) since 1995.

Monica Tennberg is a research professor at the Arctic Centre of the University of Lapland (Finland). Her background is in political science with a particular interest to international relations. She defended her doctoral dissertation in 1998 on the development of relations between states and indigenous peoples during the establishment of the Arctic Council. The research drew on Michel Foucault's ideas about knowledge and power and their application to the theories of international regimes in international environmental co-operation. She has continued to study international environmental co-operation in the Arctic, most recently focusing on Arctic climate politics and the performance of international environmental co-operation in Northwest Russia. Dr. Tennberg and her research team participated in a pan-Arctic research project on community adaptation and vulnerability to climate change in Arctic regions (CAVIAR), funded by the Academy of Finland (2007–2009).

**Terhi Vuojala-Magga** is an anthropologist working at the Arctic Centre, University of Lapland, Finland. Her research interests include the indigenous peoples of Siberia and Northern Finland. She has carried out this work at the University of Oulu (Finland), the University of Manchester (UK), and the University of Lapland (Finland). She has specialised in the themes of climate change and reindeer husbandry, pursuing in these contexts theoretical interests in non-verbal communication and the tacit knowledge of Sámi reindeer herders. In addition to carrying out academic research, she lives and works in the Inari region and practices reindeer herding. She is finalising her doctoral dissertation on long-term environmental adaptation among the Sámi.

#### **Abbreviations**

ACIA Arctic Climate Impact Assessment BEAC Barents Euro-Arctic Council

CCS Comprehensive climate strategy for the sustainable

development of the Arctic regions of Russia in the circumstances of changing climate

EMERCOM The ministry of Russian Federation for civil defense,

emergencies and elimination of consequences

of natural disasters

ELY Centre for economic development, transport

and environment, Finland

EU European Union

FICCA Finnish climate change adaptation research
FIGARE Finnish global change research program
FINADAPT Assessing the adaptive capacity of the Finnish

environment and society under a changing climate

FINSKEN Developing consistent global change scenarios for Finland

GRP Gross regional product

ICLEI International council for local environmental initiatives, since

2003 local governments for sustainability

IPCC Intergovernmental panel on climate change ISTO Climate change adaptation research programme

KGB Soviet secret police

MAF Ministry of forestry and agriculture

MAVERIC Map-based assessment of vulnerability to climate change

MMM Finnish ministry of agriculture and forestry

RHA Reindeer herders association

RKTL Finnish game and fisheries research institute

ROSHYDROMET Federal service for hydrometeorology and environmental

monitoring, Russia

xiv Abbreviations

UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on climate change

SILMU Finnish research programme on climate change UNDP United Nations Development Programme

VACCIA Vulnerability assessment of ecosystem services for climate change

impacts and adaptation

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