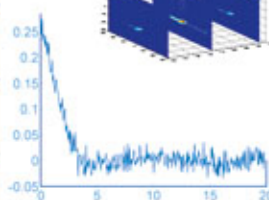
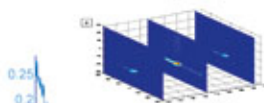
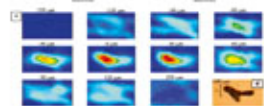
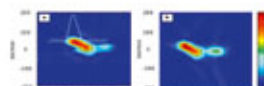
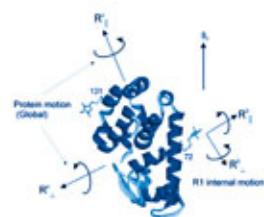
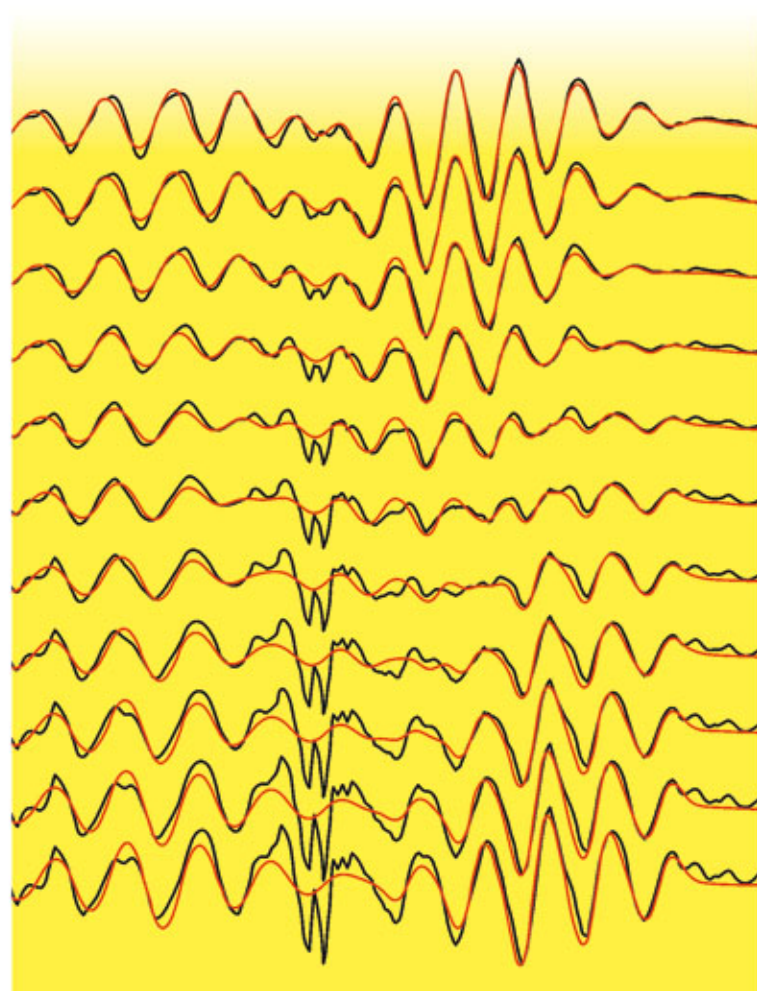


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# Multifrequency Electron Paramagnetic Resonance

Theory and Applications





*Edited by*  
*Sushil K. Misra*

**Multifrequency Electron  
Paramagnetic Resonance**

### Details of the figures on the book cover

*Left:* The black traces are a set of model 1.6 GHz second-harmonic experimental EPR spectra corresponding to mixtures of 100–0% Cu(II)-imidazole and 0–100% Cu(II)-KTSM [3-ethoxy-2-oxobutylaldehyde-bis(N4-methylthiosemicarbazonato) copper(II)], respectively, over the perpendicular region and the  $m(I) = +1/2$  parallel line. The red traces are an automated fit to the model experimental spectra using simulations of the individual components as basis spectra. The simulations provided anisotropic copper and nitrogen hyperfine terms. The fits predicted the fraction of the major component to within 5% for each mixture. The feature at 580 G is a free radical contaminant in the Cu(II)-KTSM sample.

*Right, from top to bottom:* (i) SECSY: Two-Dimensional EPR spectrum of a spin labeled peptide: Gramicidin, in an aligned lipid membrane near room temperature taken at 95 GHz and showing its g-tensor resolution; (ii) An illustration of the model used to analyze multifrequency EPR spectra of spin-labeled proteins, in terms of internal and overall modes of motion. (iii) EPR micro-images of a LiPc crystal: (upper) 2D microimages; (middle) a series of 2D images for different Z-slice sections, lower right image is the optical image of the LiPc crystal; (bottom) a 3D stacking of the 2D images. (iv) The time domain Pulse-Dipolar EPR signal taken at 17 GHz from an RNA/DNA duplex corresponding to a distance between spin labels of 80Å. The time evolution shown extends to 20 micro-secs.

*Edited by Sushil K. Misra*

# **Multifrequency Electron Paramagnetic Resonance**

Theory and Applications



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## Contents

<b>Preface</b>	<i>XXIX</i>
<b>List of Contributors</b>	<i>XXXI</i>

<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<i>1</i>
	<i>Sushil K. Misra</i>	
1.1	Introduction to EPR	<i>1</i>
1.1.1	Continuous-Wave EPR	<i>1</i>
1.1.2	Pulsed EPR	<i>2</i>
1.1.3	EPR Imaging	<i>2</i>
1.2	Historical Background of EPR	<i>2</i>
1.2.1	Literature Pertinent to the Early History of EPR	<i>3</i>
1.3	Typical X-Band, Low-, and High-Frequency Spectrometers	<i>3</i>
1.3.1	EPR Spectrometer Design	<i>3</i>
1.3.2	X-Band Spectrometer	<i>4</i>
1.3.2.1	Source of Microwave Radiation	<i>4</i>
1.3.2.2	Transmission of Microwaves	<i>6</i>
1.3.2.3	The Cavity (Resonator) System	<i>6</i>
1.3.2.4	Magnetic Field System	<i>7</i>
1.3.2.5	Modulation and Detection System	<i>8</i>
1.3.3	EPR Line Shapes and Determination of Signal Intensity	<i>9</i>
1.3.4	Low-Frequency Spectrometers	<i>9</i>
1.3.5	High-Frequency Spectrometers	<i>10</i>
1.3.5.1	Sources of Radiation	<i>10</i>
1.3.5.2	Transmission of Submillimeter Waves	<i>12</i>
1.3.5.3	Resonators and Sensitivity	<i>13</i>
1.3.5.4	Magnetic Field	<i>14</i>
1.3.5.5	Detectors	<i>14</i>
1.3.6	Pertinent Literature	<i>15</i>
1.4	Applications of EPR	<i>15</i>
1.4.1	Pertinent Literature	<i>20</i>

1.5	Scope of This Book	20
	Acknowledgments	21
	Further Reading	21
<b>2</b>	<b>Multifrequency Aspects of EPR</b>	<b>23</b>
	<i>Sushil K. Misra</i>	
2.1	Frequency Bands	23
2.2	X-Band EPR	23
2.3	EPR at Higher Frequencies (HF)	24
2.3.1	Advantages	24
2.3.2	Disadvantages	32
2.4	Low-Frequency EPR	34
2.4.1	Advantages	34
2.4.2	Disadvantages	38
2.5	Multifrequency EPR	39
2.5.1	Advantages of Using Multifrequency EPR	39
2.5.2	Limitations of Using Multifrequency EPR	51
2.5.3	Size of Resonant Cavity at Different Frequencies	51
2.5.4	Signal-to-Noise Ratios at Different Frequencies	53
2.5.5	Multifrequency Aspects of Using Home-Built versus Commercial Spectrometers	53
2.5.6	Multifrequency Aspects of Sample-Related Problems	53
	Acknowledgments	53
	Pertinent Literature	53
	References	54
<b>3</b>	<b>Basic Theory of Electron Paramagnetic Resonance</b>	<b>57</b>
	<i>Sushil K. Misra</i>	
3.1	Introduction	57
3.2	Crystal-Field Theory	58
3.2.1	Introduction to CFT	58
3.2.2	Free Atoms and Ions	59
3.2.3	The Crystal-Field Description of Transition Group Ions in Crystals	62
3.2.3.1	<i>p</i> -Orbitals	63
3.2.3.2	<i>d</i> -Orbitals	63
3.2.4	Crystal Field Potential	65
3.2.5	Point Charge Model	67
3.2.5.1	Potentials for Cubic and Lower Symmetry	68
3.2.6	Equivalent Operators and the Wigner–Eckart Theorem	69
3.2.7	Properties of <i>d</i> -Electrons in Crystal Fields	71
3.2.7.1	Ions with Several <i>d</i> -Electrons: Strong- and Weak-Field Cases	71
3.2.7.2	Energies and Wave-Functions for <i>d</i> -Electrons	74
3.2.7.3	Crystal-Field Parameters for <i>d</i> -Electrons	75
3.2.7.4	Crystal-Field Splittings for $3d^1$ and $3d^9$ Configurations	77



3.2.7.5	The Ground State and its Relationship to EPR: Quenching of Orbital Angular Momentum and Calculation of g-Factors	78
3.2.8	The Rare-Earth Ions	80
3.2.8.1	Crystal Fields for Rare-Earth Ions: Dominant Spin–Orbit Coupling	81
3.2.9	Irreducible Representations for CF Energy Levels	81
3.2.10	Critique of Crystal-Field Theory	82
3.2.11	Kramers' Theorem	82
3.3	Superposition Model (SPM)	83
3.4	Molecular Orbital (MO) Approach	85
3.4.1	Linear Combination of Atomic Orbitals (LCAO)	85
3.4.2	Extended Hückel Molecular Orbital Theory (EHMO)	88
3.4.3	Ligand Field Theory: The Angular Overlap Model (AOM)	88
3.5	The Jahn–Teller (JT) Effect	92
3.5.1	Theory of the JT Effect	95
3.5.1.1	General Theory of the JT Effect	96
3.5.2	Perturbation within the Vibronic Ground State	98
3.5.3	Three-State Model	100
3.5.4	Transition from Dynamic to Static JT Effect	101
3.6	The Spin Hamiltonian	102
3.6.1	The Abragam and Pryce Spin Hamiltonian for the Iron Group	102
3.6.1.1	Incorporation of Covalency	105
3.6.2	Zero-Field Splitting (ZFS)	105
3.6.2.1	Cubic Zero-Field Splitting ( $S > 3/2$ )	106
3.6.3	The Phenomenological Spin Hamiltonian	106
3.6.3.1	Triclinic Symmetry	107
3.6.3.2	Monoclinic Symmetry ( $C_{2h}$ , $C_2$ , $C_{2s}$ )	108
3.6.3.3	Orthorhombic Symmetry ( $D_{2h}$ , $D_2$ , $D_{2v}$ )	108
3.6.3.4	Tetragonal ( $D_{4h}$ , $D_4$ , $C_{4v}$ , $D_{2d}$ , $C_{4h}$ , $S_4$ , and $C_4$ )	108
3.6.3.5	Cubic ( $O_h$ , $O$ , $T_d$ , $T_h$ , and $T$ ) and Spherical Symmetry	108
3.6.3.6	Additional Spin-Hamiltonian Terms with Higher Powers of Components of $S$	108
3.6.4	The Generalized Spin Hamiltonian	110
3.6.5	The Effective Spin Hamiltonian for EPR	110
3.7	Concluding Remarks	111
	Acknowledgments	111
	Pertinent Literature	111
	References	111

## Part One Experimental 115

4	<b>Spectrometers</b>	117
4.1	Zero-Field EPR	117
	<i>Sushil K. Misra</i>	

4.1.1	Introduction	117
4.1.2	Preliminary Theory of ZFR	118
4.1.3	The ZFR Spectrometer	119
4.1.3.1	Examples of ZFR Spectra	119
4.1.4	Advantages of Using Resonant Systems	121
4.1.5	Examples of ZFR	121
4.1.5.1	The Case of the $Mn^{2+}$ Ion	122
4.1.6	Concluding Remarks	125
	Pertinent Literature	126
	References	128
4.2	Low-Frequency CW-EPR Spectrometers: 10 MHz to 100 GHz	128
	<i>Harvey A. Buckmaster</i>	
4.2.1	Introduction	128
4.2.2	CW-EPR Spectrometer Configurations	132
4.2.3	Theoretical Sensitivity	146
4.2.4	EPR Lineshapes and Modulation Broadening	148
4.2.5	Microwave Power Sources	149
4.2.6	Reflex Klystrons	151
4.2.7	Solid-State Devices	151
4.2.8	Frequency Synthesizers	153
4.2.9	Microwave CW-EPR Sample Cavity Designs	153
4.2.10	Transmission Cavities	156
4.2.11	Reflection Cavities	157
4.2.12	Re-Entrant Cavities	159
4.2.13	Loop-Gap Cavities	160
4.2.14	Other Resonant Structures	163
4.2.15	Microwave Detectors or Demodulators	164
4.2.15.1	Point Contact Diodes	164
4.2.15.2	Schottky Barrier Diodes	165
4.2.15.3	Backward Diodes	165
4.2.15.4	Bolometers	165
4.2.16	Electromagnets	166
4.2.17	Zero-Field CW-EPR	167
4.2.18	Support Instrumentation	168
4.2.19	Concluding Remarks	168
4.2.20	Pertinent Literature	169
	References	169
	Appendix 4.2.I	171
	Appendix 4.2.II	173
	Appendix 4.2.III	174
4.3	High-Frequency EPR Spectrometers	175
	<i>Edward Reijerse</i>	
4.3.1	Introduction	175
4.3.2	High-Frequency EPR Spectrometer Configurations	176
4.3.3	Sensitivity Considerations	182

- 4.3.3.1 Cavity and Sample Holder 183
- 4.3.3.2 Reflection Cavity with Square-Law Detector 184
- 4.3.3.3 Reflection Cavity with Linear Detector 184
- 4.3.3.4 Spectrometer Bridge and Detector 185
- 4.3.4 Conclusions and Future Perspectives 188
  - Pertinent Literature 188
  - References 188
- 4.4 Pulsed Techniques in EPR 190
  - Sankaran Subramanian and Murali C. Krishna*
  - 4.4.1 Introduction 190
  - 4.4.2 Components of a Pulsed EPR Spectrometer 193
    - 4.4.2.1  $K_a$ -Band (26.5–40 GHz) Pulsed EPR Spectrometer 194
    - 4.4.2.2 Radiofrequency Pulsed EPR Spectrometers Operating at 300, 500, and 750 MHz 197
  - 4.4.3 Resonators 199
  - 4.4.4 Pulsed Excitation and Relaxation 202
  - 4.4.5 Fourier Transform in Magnetic Resonance 202
  - 4.4.6 Simple Pulsed EPR Experiments 203
    - 4.4.6.1 Inversion Recovery and Hahn Echo Pulse Sequences,  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  204
  - 4.4.7 Pulsed ENDOR, ESEEM, and HYSCORE 208
    - 4.4.7.1 Nuclear Modulation Effects Leading to ENDOR and ESEEM 209
    - 4.4.7.2 Mims and Davis Pulsed ENDOR Sequences 211
  - 4.4.8 Electron Spin Echo Envelope Modulation (ESEEM) and Hyperfine Sublevel Correlation Spectroscopy (HYSCORE) 214
  - 4.4.9 Electron–Electron Double Resonance (ELDOR), Double Electron–Electron Resonance (DEER), or Pulsed ELDOR (PELDOR) 218
  - 4.4.10 Double-Quantum EPR 220
  - 4.4.11 Concluding Remarks 222
    - Pertinent Literature 224
    - References 225
- 5 Multifrequency EPR: Experimental Considerations 229**
  - 5.1 Multiarm EPR Spectroscopy at Multiple Microwave Frequencies: Multiarm (MQ) EPR, MQ-ELDOR, Saturation Recovery (SR) EPR, and SR-ELDOR 229
    - James S. Hyde, Robert A. Strangeway, and Theodore G. Camenisch*
    - 5.1.1 Introduction 229
    - 5.1.2 Review of Frequency-Translation Techniques 231
    - 5.1.3 Review of Multiarm Bridges 233
    - 5.1.4 Multiarm Bridges at Higher Millimeter-Wave Frequencies 236
    - 5.1.5 Resonator Considerations for Multiarm Experiments 238
    - 5.1.6 Reference Arm and Receiver Design Considerations for Multiarm Experiments 239
    - 5.1.7 Discussion 241
      - Pertinent Literature 243

	Acknowledgments	243
	References	243
5.2	Resonators for Multifrequency EPR of Spin Labels	244
	<i>James S. Hyde, Jason W. Sidabras, Richard R. Mett</i>	
5.2.1	Introduction	244
5.2.2	Methods	247
5.2.2.1	Computer-Based Simulations	247
5.2.2.2	Fabrication and Testing	251
5.2.3	Aqueous Samples	252
5.2.3.1	The Complex Dielectric Constant as a Function of Frequency and Temperature	252
5.2.3.2	Dielectric Loss Types and Parallel and Perpendicular E-Field Geometries	253
5.2.3.3	Results in Commercial Resonators at X-Band Using Extruded Sample Tubes	255
5.2.3.4	Multichannel Design	256
5.2.4	Uniform Field Cavities and Loop-Gap Resonators	258
5.2.4.1	Intrinsic Uniformity	258
5.2.4.2	Uniform Field Cavities	258
5.2.4.3	Uniformity in Two Dimensions	258
5.2.4.4	Loop-Gap Resonators	259
5.2.5	Coupling	261
5.2.5.1	Coupling at Low Frequencies	262
5.2.5.2	Coupling at High Frequencies	262
5.2.6	Field Modulation Penetration	263
5.2.7	Sample Access Stacks	265
5.2.8	Conclusions	268
	Pertinent Literature	269
	Acknowledgments	269
	References	269
5.3	Multifrequency EPR Sensitivity	270
	<i>George A. Rinard, Richard W. Quine, Sandra S. Eaton, and Gareth R. Eaton</i>	
5.3.1	Introduction	270
5.3.1.1	Nomenclature	271
5.3.2	Frequency Dependence of Sensitivity for an Ideal Spectrometer, at the Thermal Noise Limit	272
5.3.2.1	General Expression for SNR	272
5.3.2.2	Explanation of Table 5.3.2	275
5.3.2.3	On Beyond the Predictions of Table 5.3.2	276
5.3.2.4	Dependence of SNR on $g$ -Anisotropy	277
5.3.2.5	Source Noise	277
5.3.3	Experimental Validation of Predicted Dependence of Sensitivity on Frequency	279
5.3.3.1	CW Spectrometers at Frequencies $<10$ GHz	279

5.3.3.2	Pulsed EPR Spectrometers in the Frequency Range 250 MHz to 9.5 GHz	279
5.3.3.3	Summary of Experimental Validation of SNR of CW and Pulsed Spectrometers at Frequencies of <10 GHz	280
5.3.4	Reference Samples for SNR: Weak Pitch	281
5.3.5	Performance of High-Frequency ( $\geq 94$ GHz)/High-Field EPR Spectrometers	282
5.3.5.1	CW Spectrometers	282
5.3.5.2	Pulsed EPR Spectrometers	282
5.3.6	Reported Sensitivities of CW and Pulsed Spectrometers at Various Frequencies	285
5.3.6.1	Further Details on CW EPR Sensitivity	286
5.3.7	Sensitivity Aspects Beyond the Minimum Detectable Number of Spins: Frequency Dependence of Pulse and CW Measurements Related to Distances Between Spins	288
5.3.7.1	Electron–Electron Coupling	288
5.3.7.2	Electron–Nuclear Coupling	289
5.3.7.3	Summary	289
5.3.8	Limitations of Sensitivity Considerations	289
5.3.8.1	CW Spectrometers	289
5.3.8.2	Resonators	290
5.3.8.3	Samples	190
5.3.8.4	Pulse Spectrometers	290
5.3.9	Conclusions	290
	Acknowledgments	291
	Pertinent Literature	291
	References	292

## Part Two Theoretical 295

<b>6</b>	<b>First Principles Approach to Spin-Hamiltonian Parameters</b>	297
	<i>Frank Neese</i>	
6.1	Introduction	297
6.2	The Spin Hamiltonian	298
6.3	Electronic Structure Theory of Spin-Hamiltonian Parameters	300
6.3.1	Electronic Structure Methods	300
6.3.2	Additional Terms in the Hamiltonian	305
6.3.3	Sum-Over States Theory of Spin Hamiltonian Parameters	307
6.3.4	Linear Response Theory	310
6.3.5	Expression for Spin-Hamiltonian Parameters for Self-Consistent Field Methods	314
6.3.6	Practical Aspects	320
6.3.6.1	Choice of Molecular Model	320
6.3.6.2	Choice of Geometry	320

6.3.6.3	Choice of Theoretical Method	321
6.3.6.4	Choice of Basis Set	322
6.3.6.5	Summary and Recommendations	323
6.4	Concluding Remarks	323
	Acknowledgments	324
	Pertinent Literature	325
	References	325
<b>7</b>	<b>Spin Hamiltonians and Site Symmetries for Transition Ions</b>	<b>327</b>
	<i>Sushil K. Misra</i>	
7.1	Introduction	327
7.2	Spin Hamiltonians	328
7.3	Spin-Hamiltonian Terms for Various Site Symmetries	332
7.4	Transition Ions	333
7.4.1	Introduction to Transition-Metal Ions	333
7.4.2	First-Transition Series Ions (3d <sup>n</sup> , Iron-Group Ions)	333
7.4.3	Second and Third Transition Series (The 4d, Palladium and 5d, Platinum Groups)	345
7.4.4	Rare-Earth Ions	347
7.4.4.1	Odd Number of 4f Electrons	350
7.4.4.2	Even Number of 4f Electrons	350
7.4.5	Actinide Ions (5f <sup>n</sup> )	354
7.4.5.1	5f <sup>1</sup> Configuration	354
7.4.5.2	5f <sup>2</sup> Configuration	356
7.4.5.3	5f <sup>3</sup> Configuration ( <sup>4</sup> I <sub>9/2</sub> ; U <sup>3+</sup> , Np <sup>4+</sup> )	357
7.4.6	S-State Ions	358
7.4.6.1	Introduction	358
7.4.6.2	Spin Hamiltonian	358
7.4.6.3	Theoretical Considerations	359
7.5	Concluding Remarks	363
	Acknowledgments	363
	Pertinent Literature	363
	References	363
	Appendix 7.I Spin Operators and Their Matrix Elements	365
	Appendix 7.II Descent of Symmetry	381
	Appendix 7.III Site Symmetries of Host Crystals	382
<b>8</b>	<b>Evaluation of Spin-Hamiltonian Parameters from Multifrequency EPR Data</b>	<b>385</b>
	<i>Sushil K. Misra</i>	
8.1	Introduction	385
8.2	Perturbation Approach	386
8.2.1	Spin Hamiltonian	387
8.2.1.1	S = 7/2	390
8.2.1.2	S = 5/2 (Fe <sup>3+</sup> )	391

8.3	Brute-Force Methods to Evaluate SHP	394
8.3.1	Variation of One Parameter at a Time	394
8.3.2	Variation of Parameters in Subgroups	395
8.4	Least-Squares Fitting (LSF) Method	395
8.4.1	Introduction	395
8.4.2	Details of the LSF Method as Applied to EPR	397
8.4.3	Determination of Parameter Errors	399
8.4.4	General Strategies for Achieving Convergence	400
8.4.4.1	Use of Interpolated Fields: Calculation of Resonant Field Values	400
8.4.4.2	Use of Interpolated Frequencies	401
8.4.4.3	Use of Binary Chop (Misra, 1976)	401
8.5	Other Applications of the LSF Method	401
8.5.1	Electron–Nuclear Spin-Coupled Systems (Misra, 1983)	402
8.5.1.1	Estimation of Initial Values of FS SHPs	402
8.5.1.2	Estimation of HFS Parameters	403
8.5.1.3	Identification of Energy Levels Participating in Resonance	403
8.5.1.4	Construction of the SH Matrix for ENSC Systems	403
8.5.1.5	Absolute Signs of SH Parameters	404
8.5.2	Fitting of ENDOR Data	404
8.5.3	Calculation and Fitting of Line Intensities to SHP	404
8.5.3.1	The Intensity Operator	405
8.5.3.2	Fitting of Line Intensities and Line Positions to SHP	405
8.5.3.3	Normalized Intensity and its Derivatives	406
8.5.3.4	Limits of Applicability of the Method	408
8.6	Concluding Remarks	408
	Acknowledgments	410
	Pertinent Literature	410
	References	410
	Appendix 8.I Historical Review	411
<b>9</b>	<b>Simulation of EPR Spectra</b>	<b>417</b>
	<i>Sushil K. Misra</i>	
9.1	Introduction	417
9.2	Simulation of Single-Crystal Spectrum	417
9.2.1	Transition Probability	418
9.2.2	Single-Crystal Lineshape Function $F(B_{ri}, B_k)$	420
9.3	Simulation of a Polycrystalline Spectrum	421
9.3.1	Angular Variation of EPR Spectra: Homotopy Technique	421
9.3.1.1	Computation of the Initial Resonant Fields $B_r(\theta, \phi)$	422
9.3.1.2	Computation of the First and Second Derivatives of $\chi^2$ with Respect to B	422
9.3.1.3	Problems Encountered in the Application of Homotopy Method, and their Solutions	423
9.3.2	Lineshapes	424
9.3.3	Transition Probabilities	424

9.3.4	Resonance Eigenpairs	424
9.3.5	Integrals	425
9.3.6	$(\theta, \phi)$ Grid	426
9.3.7	Steps Required in Simulation of Powder Spectrum	426
9.3.7.1	Calculation of First-Derivative EPR Spectrum	428
9.3.8	Illustrative Example	429
9.3.9	Additional remarks	429
9.4	Evaluation of Spin-Hamiltonian (SH) Parameters and the Linewidth from a Polycrystalline EPR Spectrum	429
9.4.1	Estimation of Spin-Hamiltonian Parameters from a Polycrystalline Spectrum	430
9.4.1.1	Estimation of D and E Parameters for the $Mn^{2+}$ Ion from Forbidden Hyperfine Doublet Separations in Polycrystalline Samples in the Central Sextet	430
9.4.1.2	Rigorous Evaluation of SH Parameters from a Polycrystalline Spectrum by Using Matrix Diagonalization and Least-Squares Fitting	432
9.4.1.3	Evaluation of SH Parameters and Linewidths for the Case of Two Magnetically Inequivalent Species	436
9.4.1.4	Illustrative Example	436
9.4.1.5	General Remarks	437
9.5	Simulation of EPR Spectra in Disordered Materials: Application to Glassy Materials	437
9.5.1	Introduction	437
9.5.2	Computer Simulation of EPR Spectra in Glasses	437
9.5.3	Computer-Simulated Spectra and Comparison with Experiment	440
9.5.4	Shape of EPR Spectra in Glasses: Effect of SH Parameters	442
9.5.4.1	Distribution of the Fine-Structure Parameters D and E	442
9.5.4.2	Sharp Features in Spectra	447
9.5.4.3	Broad Resonances in Spectra	448
9.6	Simulation of EPR Spectra in Disordered Random Network Materials	448
9.6.1	Introduction	448
9.6.2	CW-EPR Spectrum for Random Distribution of SH Parameters at Various Sites in Glasses	449
9.6.2.1	Calculation of Eigenvectors $ i'\rangle$ and $ i''\rangle$ Required in Equation 9.57	450
9.6.3	Limitations of the Original Implementation and its Assumptions	450
	Acknowledgments	451
	Pertinent Literature	451
	References	451
	Appendix 9.I The Eigenfield Equation	453
<b>10</b>	<b>Relaxation of Paramagnetic Spins</b>	<b>455</b>
	<i>Sushil K. Misra</i>	
10.1	Introduction	455



- 10.2 Equilibrium Magnetization of a Paramagnetic Spin System 457
- 10.3 Relaxation Phenomena: Spin–Lattice and Spin–Spin Relaxation Times 458
  - 10.3.1 Bloch’s Equations 459
- 10.4 Rotating Frame 459
- 10.5 Experimental Techniques to Measure Relaxation Times 460
  - 10.5.1 CW-EPR Techniques (Bertini, Martini, and Luchinat, 1994) 461
    - 10.5.1.1 CW Saturation 461
  - 10.5.2 Longitudinally Detected Paramagnetic Resonance (LODEPR) to Measure Short Relaxation times ( $10^{-8}$  s) (Giordano et al., 1981) 463
  - 10.5.3 Amplitude Modulation Technique to Measure Very Short Relaxation Times ( $10^{-6}$  –  $10^{-9}$  s) (Misra, 2005) 463
  - 10.5.4 Pulsed EPR Techniques to Measure Relaxation Times 463
  - 10.5.5 Long Pulse Saturation Recovery Using CW Detection (Huisjen and Hyde, 1974; Percival and Hyde, 1975; Eaton and Eaton, 2000) 464
  - 10.5.6 Inversion Recovery (Eaton and Eaton, 2000) 464
  - 10.5.7 Electron Spin Echo (ESE) Technique (Schweiger and Jeschke, 2001) 464
  - 10.5.8 Long-Pulse Saturation with Spin-Echo Detection 465
  - 10.5.9 Picket-Fence Excitation (Eaton and Eaton, 2000) 465
  - 10.5.10 Echo Repetition Rate (Eaton and Eaton, 2000) 465
  - 10.5.11 Three-Pulse-Stimulated Echo (Eaton and Eaton, 2000) 466
  - 10.5.12 Longitudinally Detected Pulsed EPR (LODPEPR) (Schweiger, 1991; Schweiger and Ernst, 1988) 466
  - 10.5.13 Other Pulse Techniques 466
  - 10.5.14 Measurements of Relaxation Time by Line-Shape Analysis: Linewidth and Spin–Spin Relaxation Time 466
  - 10.5.15 Temperature-Dependent Contribution to EPR Linewidth (Poole and Farach, 1971) 467
  - 10.5.16 Non-EPR Techniques to Measure Relaxation Times 467
- 10.6 Relaxation Mechanisms 468
  - 10.6.1 Spin-Lattice Relaxation in Diluted Ionic Solids in the Crystalline State 468
    - 10.6.1.1 General Background 468
    - 10.6.1.2 The Direct Process 469
    - 10.6.1.3 The Orbach Process (Orbach and Stapleton, 1972; Orbach, 1961a, 1961c) 471
    - 10.6.1.4 Two-Phonon Raman Process 471
    - 10.6.1.5 SLR due to Exchange Interaction 473
  - 10.6.2 Relaxation in Amorphous Systems 474
    - 10.6.2.1 Relaxation via TLS Centers 475
    - 10.6.2.2 SLR Effected by Electron–Nuclear Dipolar Coupling to a TLS Center 477
    - 10.6.2.3 SLR due to Fermi-Contact Hyperfine Interaction with a TLS Center 478

10.6.2.4	Temperature Dependence of Relaxation Rate in Amorphous Materials due to Exchange Interaction	478
10.6.2.5	Relaxation for the Case of Strong Cross-Relaxation and Weak Spin-Lattice Relaxation of Single Ions in Amorphous Materials (Al'tshuler, 1956)	478
10.6.3	Relaxation in Diluted Liquid Solutions	479
10.6.4	Effect of Intramolecular Dynamics of Molecular Species on Relaxation	483
10.6.4.1	Dephasing by Methyl Groups in Solvent or Surroundings	483
10.6.4.2	Shape of the Echo-Decay Curve	484
10.6.4.3	Averaging of Electron-Nuclear Couplings due to Rotation of Methyl Groups	484
10.6.4.4	Effect of a Rapidly Relaxing Partner on Electron–Electron Spin–Spin Coupling	484
10.6.4.5	Librational Motion	484
10.6.4.6	Molecular Tumbling	484
10.6.4.7	Biomolecules	485
10.6.4.8	Macromolecules	485
10.6.5	Relaxation among Different Paramagnetic Centers in Concentrated Solution	485
10.6.6	Spin-Fractal Relaxation	485
10.6.6.1	One-Fractal Emission	486
10.6.6.2	Two-Fractal Inelastic Scattering (Localized Electronic State) (Alexander, Entin-Wohlman, and Orbach, 1985a)	487
10.6.7	Frequency/Field Dependence of Paramagnetic Relaxation	489
	Pertinent literature	490
	Acknowledgments	491
	References	491
	Appendix 10.I Early History of Paramagnetic Spin-Lattice Relaxation	494

## 11 Molecular Motions 497

*Sushil K. Misra and Jack H. Freed*

11.1	Introduction	497
11.2	Historical Background	498
11.3	High-Field Multifrequency CW-EPR Experiments to Unravel Molecular Motion	500
11.3.1	Determination of the Axes of Motion from High-Field, High-Frequency (HFHF) EPR Spectra: Orientational Resolution	503
11.3.2	Observation of Motion as a Function of Frequency	504
11.3.3	Virtues of Multifrequency EPR in Studying Molecular Motion	504
11.3.4	Stochastic Liouville Equation (SLE) to Describe Slow-Motional EPR Spectra	505
11.3.4.1	Calculation of Slow-Motion Spectrum	506
11.3.4.2	MOMD and SRLS Models	511

11.4	Pulsed EPR Study of Molecular Motion	514
11.4.1	$T_2$ -Type Field-Swept 2D ESE	515
11.4.2	Magnetization Transfer by Field-Swept 2-D-ESE	515
11.4.3	Stepped-Field Spin-Echo ELDOR	517
11.4.4	2-D Fourier Transform EPR	517
11.4.4.1	Lineshapes of the Auto and Cross-Peaks: Homogeneous (HB) and Inhomogeneous Broadening (IB)	518
11.4.5	MOMD and SRLS Models and 2-D-ELDOR	520
11.4.6	Extension of 2-D-ELDOR to Higher Frequencies	522
11.5	Simulation of Multifrequency EPR Spectra Using More Atomistic Detail Including Molecular Dynamics and Stochastic Trajectories	522
11.5.1	Augmented SLE	522
11.5.2	MD Simulations Using Trajectories	524
11.5.3	Use of Dynamic Trajectories to Simulate Multifrequency EPR Spectra	525
11.5.4	Numerical Integrators	526
11.5.4.1	Integration of the Quantal Spin Dynamics	526
11.5.4.2	Generation of Stochastic Trajectories for Rotational Diffusion	531
11.5.4.3	Testing the Integrators: Generation of Trajectories for Typical Stochastic Models of Spin-Label Dynamics	535
11.6	Concluding Remarks	541
	Acknowledgments	541
	Pertinent Literature	541
	References	542
<b>12</b>	<b>Distance Measurements: Continuous-Wave (CW)- and Pulsed Dipolar EPR</b>	<b>545</b>
	<i>Sushil K. Misra and Jack H. Freed</i>	
12.1	Introduction	545
12.2	The Dipolar Interaction and Distance Measurements	547
12.2.1	Unlike Spins	547
12.2.2	Like Spins	548
12.2.3	Intermediate Case	548
12.3	CW EPR Method to Measure Distances	548
12.4	Pulsed Dipolar EPR Spectroscopy (PDS)	549
12.5	Double Electron–Electron Resonance (DEER)	550
12.5.1	Orientation-Selection Considerations in DEER	552
12.5.2	Three-Pulse DEER	553
12.5.3	Four-Pulse DEER	555
12.5.4	Merits and Limitations of DEER as Compared to CW-EPR and FRET	557
12.6	Six-Pulse DQC	559
12.6.1	Theoretical Background and Computation of Six-Pulse DQC Signal	562
12.6.2	Illustrative Examples	566

12.6.3	Conclusions and Future Prospects of Six-Pulse DQC Echo Signal Simulation	566
12.7	Sensitivity Considerations: Multifrequency Aspects	570
12.7.1	Frequency Dependence of Sensitivity of PDS	572
12.8	Distance Distributions: Tikhonov Regularization	573
12.9	Additional Technical Aspects of DEER and DQC	574
12.10	Concluding Remarks	576
	Acknowledgments	576
	Pertinent Literature	576
	References	576
	Appendix 12.I Density-Matrix Derivation of Echo Signal for Three-Pulse DEER	578
	Appendix 12.II Density-Matrix Derivation of the Echo Signal for Four-Pulse DEER	582
	Appendix 12.III Spin Hamiltonian for Coupled Nitroxides Used in Six-Pulse DQC Calculation	584
	Appendix 12.IV Algorithm to Calculate Six-Pulse DQC Signal	586
	Appendix 12.V Approximate Analytic Expressions for 1-D DQC Signal	587

### Part Three Applications 589

<b>13</b>	<b>Determination of Large Zero-Field Splitting</b>	<b>591</b>
	<i>Sushil K. Misra</i>	
13.1	Introduction	591
13.2	ZFS of Kramers and Non-Kramers Ions in Different Environments	592
13.3	Concluding Remarks	596
	Acknowledgments	597
	Pertinent Literature	597
	References	597
<b>14</b>	<b>Determination of Non-Coincident Anisotropic <math>\tilde{g}^2</math>, <math>\tilde{A}^2</math>, <math>\tilde{D}</math>, and <math>\tilde{P}</math> Tensors: Low-Symmetry Considerations</b>	<b>599</b>
	<i>Sushil K. Misra</i>	
14.1	Introduction	599
14.2	Spin Hamiltonian	599
14.3	Eigenvalues	601
14.3.1	Perturbation Approach	601
14.3.1.1	Complexities Associated with the Use of Second-Order-Perturbed Eigenvalues in the Application of Least-Squares Fitting (LSF) Procedure	604
14.3.2	Exact Matrix Diagonalization	605
14.4	Evaluation of SHPs by the LSF Technique	606
14.4.1	First-Order Perturbation	606

- 14.4.2 Second-Order Perturbation 607
- 14.4.3 Use of Special Coordinate Axes 609
  - 14.4.3.1 “Allowed” Line Positions 609
  - 14.4.3.2 “Forbidden” Line Positions 611
- 14.4.4 Use of Arbitrary Coordinate Axes 612
- 14.4.5 Simultaneous LSF Fitting of Both the “Allowed” and “Forbidden” Line Positions 613
- 14.5 Numerical Evaluation of the Derivatives Required in the LSF Procedure 614
- 14.6 General Remarks 616
  - Acknowledgments 618
  - Pertinent Literature 618
  - References 618
- 15 Biological Systems 619**  
*Boris Dzikovski*
  - 15.1 Introduction 619
  - 15.2 VHF EPR as the *g*-Resolved EPR Spectroscopy 620
    - 15.2.1 Spectral Resolution of *g*-Factor Differences 620
    - 15.2.2 Precise Determination of the *g*-Tensor Principal Values 621
    - 15.2.3 Resolution of *g*-Factors of Different Paramagnetic Centers 622
  - 15.3 Effect of Polarity of the Environment on the *g*-Factor 623
    - 15.3.1 Examples 623
      - 15.3.1.1 Derivatives of 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-1-oxyl (TEMPO) 623
      - 15.3.1.2 Spin-Labeled Phospholipid Membranes: 1,2-Dipalmitoyl-*sn*-Glycero-3-Phosphocholine (DPPC) and 1-Palmitoyl-2-Oleoyl-*sn*-Glycero-3-Phosphocholine (POPC) 625
      - 15.3.1.3 Bacteriorhodopsin (BR) 625
      - 15.3.1.4 Azurin 626
      - 15.3.1.5 Tyrosyl and Tryptophan Radicals 626
      - 15.3.1.6 Flavin 626
      - 15.3.1.7 Biliverdin Radical 627
    - 15.3.2 Polarity Measurements Outside of Rigid Limit Conditions 627
  - 15.4 Improvement in Orientational Resolution for Spin Labels 628
  - 15.5 Simulation of EPR Spectra at Various Frequencies: Simple Limiting Cases 630
  - 15.6 Macroscopically Aligned Phospholipid Membranes 631
    - 15.6.1 A “Shunt” Fabry–Pérot Resonator. The study of DMPC and DMPS (1,2-dimyristoyl-*sn*-glycero-3-phospho-L-serine) Membranes with 3-doxyl-5-(cholestane) (CSL) Spin Label 632
    - 15.6.2 Microtome Technique on Isopotential Spin-Dry Ultracentrifugation (ISDU)-Aligned Membranes 633
    - 15.6.3 Other Membrane-Alignment Techniques 635
  - 15.7 Metalloproteins 636
    - 15.7.1 Fe<sup>3+</sup> Systems 638

15.7.2	Mn <sup>2+</sup> Systems	638
15.7.3	Cu <sup>2+</sup> Systems	639
15.8	Concluding Remarks	641
	Acknowledgments	642
	Pertinent Literature	642
	References	643
<b>16</b>	<b>Copper Coordination Environments</b>	<b>647</b>
	<i>William E. Antholine, Brian Bennett, and Graeme R. Hanson</i>	
16.1	Introduction	647
16.2	Multifrequency EPR Toolkit	649
16.2.1	g-Value Resolution and Orientation Selection	649
16.2.2	Magnitude of the Microwave Frequency	650
16.2.3	State Mixing	650
16.2.4	Angular Anomalies	652
16.2.5	Distribution of Spin Hamiltonian Parameters	653
16.2.6	Numerical Differentiation and Fourier Filtering	655
16.2.7	High-Resolution EPR Techniques	655
16.2.8	Computer Simulation	656
16.2.9	Computational Chemistry	658
16.3	Multifrequency EPR Simulation of Square–Planar-Based Cu(II)	660
16.3.1	EPR of Square–Planar-Based Cu(II)	660
16.3.2	Multifrequency EPR of Square–Planar-Based Cu(II): S- and L-Band EPR	660
16.3.3	Multifrequency EPR of Square–Planar-Based Cu(II): Very Low-Frequency EPR	661
16.3.4	Multifrequency EPR of Square–Planar-Based Cu(II): Experimental Considerations for Low-Frequency EPR	663
16.3.5	Introduction to Multifrequency EPR Simulations of Square–Planar Cu(II)	664
16.3.6	Optimum Frequency Selection	665
16.3.7	Sensitivity Analysis	668
16.3.8	Global Fitting	669
16.3.8.1	Mo(V) Complexes	671
16.3.8.2	Low-Spin Co(II) Crossover Complexes	673
16.3.8.3	Future Developments	675
16.3.9	Heterogeneity	675
16.4	Copper-Coordination Environments: Multifrequency EPR of Three-Coordinate Copper and Mixed-Valence Dinuclear Copper [Cu(1.5 <sup>+</sup> ) ... Cu(1.5 <sup>+</sup> )]	677
16.4.1	Introduction: Spectrum and Structure	677
16.4.1.1	X-Band EPR Spectrum for Mononuclear, Light Blue Cu <sup>2+</sup>	677
16.4.1.2	Peisach–Blumberg-Like Table (EPR Parameters Assembled by the Author)	677
16.4.1.3	Type 1 (Blue) Copper Centers, Three-Coordinate Cu	678

16.4.2	EPR for New Three-Coordinate Copper Complexes	681
16.4.2.1	Three-Coordinate CuL(SCPh <sub>3</sub> ) and Copper(II)Phenolate Complexes	681
16.4.2.2	CuPPN, Three-Coordinate Copper Amido and Aminyl Complexes (More Like a Free Radical)	681
16.4.2.3	Simulation of Spectra for CuPPN (Quenched EPR Parameters Expected for a Radical)	682
16.4.2.4	EPR Parameters for CuPPN (Unpaired Electron Density Delocalized as Expected for a Radical)	685
16.4.3	Spectra for Mixed-Valence Dinuclear Copper Complexes	686
16.4.3.1	Nitrous Oxide Reductase, N <sub>2</sub> OR ( <sup>15</sup> N Example)	686
16.4.3.2	Perturbation of the EPR Spectrum of Cu <sub>A</sub> , H120X	689
16.4.3.3	Cytochrome c Oxidase (CcO): Best Demonstration of the Use of Low-Frequency for Mixed-Valence Sites	691
16.4.3.4	Model Diamond Core Complexes, {Cu(LXL)} <sub>2</sub> <sup>‡</sup>	695
16.4.3.5	X-Band EPR Spectra of {Cu(PPP)} <sub>2</sub> <sup>‡</sup> , {Cu(PNP)} <sub>2</sub> <sup>‡</sup> , and {Cu(SNS)} <sub>2</sub> <sup>‡</sup>	695
16.4.3.6	Q-Band EPR Spectra of {Cu(PPP)} <sub>2</sub> <sup>‡</sup> , {Cu(PNP)} <sub>2</sub> <sup>‡</sup> , and {Cu(SNS)} <sub>2</sub> <sup>‡</sup>	695
16.4.3.7	S-Band Spectra of {Cu(PPP)} <sub>2</sub> <sup>‡</sup> , {Cu(PNP)} <sub>2</sub> <sup>‡</sup> , and {Cu(SNS)} <sub>2</sub> <sup>‡</sup>	697
16.4.3.8	EPR Parameters and Simulations for {Cu(SNS)} <sub>2</sub> <sup>‡</sup>	697
16.4.3.9	First-Harmonic S-Band Spectrum for {Cu(PPP)} <sub>2</sub> <sup>‡</sup>	697
16.5	Structural Characterization of Copper(II) Cyclic Peptide Complexes Employing Multifrequency EPR and Computational Chemistry	699
16.5.1	Copper(II) Complexes with Marine Cyclic Peptides	701
16.5.2	Copper(II) Complexes with Westiellamide and Synthetic Analogs	707
16.6	Summary	711
	Acknowledgments	711
	Pertinent Literature	712
	Section 16.3	712
	Section 16.4	713
	References	714
<b>17</b>	<b>Multifrequency Electron Spin-Relaxation Times</b>	<b>719</b>
	<i>Gareth R. Eaton and Sandra S. Eaton</i>	
17.1	Introduction and Scope of the Chapter	719
17.2	Spin–Spin Relaxation, T <sub>2</sub> and T <sub>m</sub>	720
17.2.1	T <sub>m</sub> for Fremy’s Salt in Glassy Solvents	723
17.2.2	Exchange-Narrowed Species and the 10/3 Effect	724
17.2.3	Conducting Systems	725
17.2.4	Metal Ions in Solution	726
17.2.5	Pb <sup>3+</sup> in Calcite	726
17.3	Spin–lattice Relaxation, T <sub>1</sub>	726
17.3.1	Phonon Densities	727
17.3.2	Practical Interpretation of Relaxation Time Data as a Function of Temperature	729

17.3.3	Glasses versus Crystals	729
17.3.4	Spectral Diffusion and Cross-Relaxation	731
17.3.5	Effect of Pairs and Clusters	732
17.3.6	Magnetic Field Dependence of Relaxation	732
17.3.6.1	The Direct Process	732
17.3.6.2	The Raman Process	734
17.3.6.3	The Orbach Process	734
17.3.6.4	The Thermally Activated Process	735
17.3.6.5	Local Modes	735
17.3.7	Dependence of Relaxation on Magnetic Field Position in a CW-EPR Spectrum	736
17.3.8	Case Studies of Experimental Data	737
17.3.8.1	Nitroxyl Spin Labels	737
17.3.8.2	Semiquinones	741
17.3.8.3	Triarylmethyl (Trityl) Radicals	742
17.3.8.4	DPPH	742
17.3.8.5	Conducting Spin Systems	742
17.3.8.6	Metal ions in Fluid Solution	743
17.3.8.7	Relaxation at 2 mm Wavelength (150 GHz)	746
17.3.9	Fullerenes	747
17.3.10	Summary	747
	Acknowledgments	748
	Pertinent Literature	748
	References	748

## **18 EPR Imaging: Theory and Instrumentation** 755

*Rizwan Ahmad and Periannan Kuppusamy*

18.1	Introduction	755
18.2	EPR Principle: Zeeman Effect	756
18.2.1	Hyperfine Splitting	757
18.2.2	Spin Relaxation	759
18.2.3	Comparison to NMR	759
18.2.4	EPR Probes	759
18.3	CW-EPR Imager	760
18.3.1	Magnets and Magnetic Field Control	761
18.3.2	Gradient Coil Assembly	762
18.3.3	RF Bridge	764
18.3.4	EPR Resonator	765
18.3.5	Signal Channel	768
18.4	Data Acquisition for CW-EPR and EPRI	769
18.4.1	Spectroscopy	769
18.4.2	Spatial EPRI	770
18.4.3	Spectral–Spatial EPRI	772
18.5	Important Imaging Parameters	774



18.5.1	Time Constant of Lock-In Amplifier	774
18.5.2	Modulation Amplitude	775
18.5.3	Gradient Strength	775
18.6	Image Reconstruction	776
18.6.1	Direct Methods	777
18.6.1.1	Filtered Backprojection (FBP) Method	777
18.6.1.2	Fourier-Based Reconstruction	778
18.6.2	Iterative Methods	779
18.6.3	Spectral–Spatial Reconstructions	781
18.6.4	Image Quality and Resolution	782
18.7	Other Data Collection Modalities	783
18.7.1	Pulsed-EPR	783
18.7.2	Single Point Imaging	784
18.7.3	Rapid Scan	784
18.7.4	Spinning Gradient	784
18.8	Constraints for Biological Applications	785
18.9	Special Imaging Applications	786
18.9.1	EPR Oximetry Mapping	786
18.9.2	Imaging Redox Metabolism in Tissues	788
18.9.2.1	Differential Distribution of Nitroxide Probes in Normal versus Tumor Tissue	788
18.9.2.2	Differential Metabolism of Nitroxide Probes in Normal versus Tumor Tissue	789
18.10	Scope and Limitations	790
	Acknowledgments	791
	Pertinent Literature	791
	References	791
<b>19</b>	<b>Multifrequency EPR Microscopy: Experimental and Theoretical Aspects</b>	<b>795</b>
	<i>Aharon Blank</i>	
19.1	General	795
19.2	Introduction	795
19.2.1	Definition	795
19.2.2	Historical Overview	796
19.2.3	“Induction Detection” versus Other Detection Methods	797
19.3	General Experimental Aspects of EPR Microscopy	798
19.3.1	CW-EPR Microscopy	798
19.3.1.1	System Configuration	798
19.3.1.2	Signal-to-Noise Ratio	803
19.3.1.3	Resolution	805
19.3.2	Pulsed-EPR Microscopy	805
19.3.2.1	System Configuration	805
19.3.2.2	SNR	808

19.3.2.3	Resolution	810
19.4	Specific Aspects of Multifrequency EPR Microscopy at Various Temperatures	811
19.4.1	SNR in a Multifrequency Context	812
19.4.2	Resolution in a Multifrequency Context	814
19.5	Illustrative Examples	815
19.5.1	Pulsed-EPR Microscopy of Solid Samples at Room Temperature	816
19.5.2	Pulsed-EPR Microscopy of Liquid Samples at Room Temperature	816
19.5.3	CW-EPR Microscopy of Solid and Liquid Samples at Room Temperature	819
19.6	Conclusions and Future Prospects	821
	Acknowledgments	821
	Pertinent Literature	821
	References	822
<b>20</b>	<b>EPR Studies of Nanomaterials</b>	<b>825</b>
	<i>Alex Smirnov</i>	
20.1	Introduction	825
20.2	EPR Studies of Magnetic Nanostructures	827
20.3	Characterization of Nanostructured Oxide Semiconductors for Photoactivated Catalysis and Solar Energy Conversion	832
20.4	Surface Radicals, Catalytic Activity, Cytotoxicity, and Radical-Scavenging Properties of Nanomaterials	833
20.4.1	Catalytic Activity	833
20.4.2	Cytotoxicity	834
20.4.3	Radical-Scavenging Properties	835
20.5	Spin-Labeling EPR Studies of Ligand-Protected Nanoparticles and Hybrid Nanostructures	835
20.6	Summary and Future Perspectives	841
	Acknowledgments	842
	Pertinent Literature	842
	References	842
<b>21</b>	<b>Single-Molecule Magnets and Magnetic Quantum Tunneling</b>	<b>845</b>
	<i>Sushil K. Misra</i>	
21.1	Introduction	845
21.1.1	Intramolecular Coupling	846
21.1.2	Examples of SMMs Reported in the Literature	847
21.1.3	Applications	851
21.2	Multifrequency EPR of SMMs: Magnetic Hysteresis and MQT	852
21.2.1	The Effective Spin Hamiltonian	853
21.2.2	Magnetic Quantum-Mechanical Tunneling (MQT) and MF-EPR	854
21.2.3	Zero-Field EPR with Variable Frequency	854

- 21.2.4 Low-Field (X-band) EPR 854
- 21.2.5 MF High-Frequency EPR 855
  - 21.2.5.1 EPR Spectrometers with MF Cavity (40–350 and Extended Range 18–350 GHz), and up to 650 GHz Without a Cavity 855
  - 21.2.5.2 Polycrystalline Powder EPR Spectrum 855
  - 21.2.5.3 The Virtues of Single-Crystal Measurements 855
  - 21.2.5.4 A Typical SMM Spectrum 857
  - 21.2.5.5 EPR Linewidth Measurements: Effect of D-Strain,  $g$ -Strain, Dipolar and Exchange Interactions 857
  - 21.2.5.6 Study of Intermolecular Exchange Interactions and Dipolar Interactions 860
  - 21.2.5.7 EPR Spectra for  $Mn_4$  Family 861
- 21.2.6 Effect of Molecular Site Symmetry on Tunneling Phenomenon (MQT) as Revealed by EPR 863
- 21.3 Magnetic Quantum Tunneling (MQT): Pure and Thermally Assisted Tunneling 867
  - 21.3.1 Relaxation of Magnetization for SMMs 867
  - 21.3.2 Magnetic Hysteresis, Resonant Magnetization Tunneling in High-Spin Molecules and Thermally Assisted Resonant Tunneling Between Quantum States 868
- 21.4 Concluding Remarks 872
  - Acknowledgments 872
  - Pertinent Literature 872
  - References 872

## **22 Multifrequency EPR on Photosynthetic Systems 875**

*Sushil K. Misra, Klaus Möbius, and Anton Savitsky*

- 22.1 Introduction 875
- 22.2 Nonoxygenic Photosynthesis 880
- 22.3 Multifrequency EPR on Bacterial Photosynthetic Reaction Centers (RCs) 882
  - 22.3.1 X-band EPR Experiments 882
  - 22.3.2 95-GHz EPR on Primary Donor Cations  $P^{++}$  in Single-Crystal RCs 883
  - 22.3.3 360-GHz EPR on Primary Donor Cations  $P^{++}$  in Mutant RCs 884
  - 22.3.4 Results of  $g$ -tensor Computations of  $P^{++}$  885
  - 22.3.5 95-GHz EPR and ENDOR on the Acceptors  $Q_A^-$  and  $Q_B^-$  885
  - 22.3.6 95-GHz ESE-Detected EPR on the Spin-correlated Radical Pair  $P^{++}Q_A^-$  892
  - 22.3.7 95-GHz RIDME and PELDOR on the Spin-Correlated Radical Pair  $P^{++}Q_A^-$  893
  - 22.3.8 Multifrequency EPR on Primary Donor Triplet States in RCs 895
- 22.4 Oxygenic Photosynthesis 897
  - 22.4.1 Multifrequency EPR on Doublet States in Photosystem I (PS I) 897
  - 22.4.2 Multifrequency EPR on Doublet States in Photosystem II (PS II) 900

22.5	Concluding Remarks	902
	Acknowledgments	904
	Pertinent Literature	904
	References	905
<b>23</b>	<b>Measurement of Superconducting Gaps</b>	<b>913</b>
	<i>Sushil K. Misra</i>	
23.1	Introduction	913
23.2	The Superconducting Gap	913
23.3	Measurement of SCG	914
23.4	Concluding Remarks	917
	Acknowledgments	918
	References	919
<b>24</b>	<b>Dynamic Nuclear Polarization (DNP) at High Magnetic Fields</b>	<b>921</b>
	<i>Thomas Prisner and Mark J. Prandolini</i>	
24.1	Introduction	921
24.2	Historical Aspects (Metals, Solids and Liquids) at Lower Magnetic Fields	922
24.3	Theory	924
24.3.1	The Overhauser Effect (OE)	924
24.3.2	Two-Spin Cross-Polarization: Solid Effect (SE)	930
24.3.3	Many-Spin Cross-Polarization: Thermal Mixing (TM)	931
24.3.4	Three-Spin Cross-Polarization: Cross Effect (CE)	933
24.3.5	Beyond Classical DNP Methods: Coherent Polarization Transfer	935
24.4	Hardware (High-Frequency Microwave Equipment, SS-MAS DNP, HF-Liquid DNP, Dissolution DNP, Shuttle-DNP)	936
24.4.1	High-Frequency Microwave Sources	936
24.4.2	Transmission Lines	937
24.4.3	Spectrometer Types	938
24.4.3.1	Solid-State Magic Angle Spinning (MAS) DNP	938
24.4.3.2	Low-Temperature Dissolution Polarizer	939
24.4.3.3	<i>In-Situ</i> Temperature-Jump DNP (Laser Melting)	940
24.4.3.4	High-Field (HF) Liquid-DNP Spectrometers	940
24.4.3.5	Shuttle DNP	941
24.5	First Applications and Outlook	942
24.5.1	Application Areas of High-Field DNP	942
24.5.2	Outlook	943
	Acknowledgments	943
	Pertinent Literature	943
	References	944
<b>25</b>	<b>Chemically Induced Electron and Nuclear Polarization</b>	<b>947</b>
	<i>Lawrence J. Berliner and Elena Bagryanskaya</i>	
25.1	Introduction	947

- 25.2 History of the CIDNP Phenomenon 948
- 25.3 The Radical Pair Mechanism 948
- 25.3.1 The Mechanism of Singlet–Triplet Conversion in RPs 949
- 25.4 Chemically Induced Dynamic Nuclear Polarization 952
- 25.4.1 The CIDNP Experiment 955
- 25.4.2 Time-Resolved CIDNP 956
- 25.4.3 Low Magnetic Field CIDNP 958
- 25.4.4 The Application of CIDNP to Biological Systems 960
- 25.4.5 Photo-CIDNP in the Study of Protein Folding 961
- 25.4.6 CIDNP Application to Study Primary Processes in the Bacterial Photosynthetic Center 963
- 25.4.7 CIDNP Applications to Electron Transfer in Peptide and Amino Acids 966
- 25.5 Chemically Induced Dynamic Electron Polarization 967
- 25.5.1 Triplet Mechanism of CIDEP 967
- 25.5.2 Radical-Pair Mechanism of CIDEP 969
- 25.5.2.1 CIDEP Due to  $S-T_0$  Transitions 969
- 25.5.3 CIDEP Due to  $S-T_-$  and  $S-T_+$  Transitions 970
- 25.5.4 CIDEP Due to the Radical-Triplet Pair Mechanism 971
- 25.5.5 CIDEP Due to the SCRIP Mechanism 972
- 25.5.6 CIDEP Kinetics 974
- 25.5.6.1 Modified Bloch Equations 974
- 25.5.7 Time-Resolved EPR Spectroscopy 974
- 25.5.8 CIDEP Applications 976
- 25.5.9 Applications of CIDEP to Biological Systems 980
- 25.5.10 Applications of CIDEP to Study Photochemical Reaction Centers 981
- 25.5.11 RTPM CIDEP in Spin-Labeled Peptides 981
- 25.5.12 Applications of CIDEP to Studies of Biological Function: Protein Dynamics and Protein–Surface Interactions 982
- 25.5.13 CIDEP Study of Amino Acid Photooxidation 983
- 25.6 Conclusion 984
- Pertinent Literature 986
- References 988

#### **Part Four Future Perspectives 993**

### **26 Future Perspectives 995**

*Sushil K. Misra*

- 26.1 Spectroscopic Techniques Currently Available in EPR 995
- 26.1.1 Future Perspectives in EPR Instrumentation 997
- 26.1.2 Desirable Advancements in EPR Instrumentation 998
- 26.2 Cutting-Edge Topics 999
- 26.2.1 Topics Related to the Theoretical Interpretation of EPR Data 1002

26.3	Desirable Applications of EPR	1003
26.4	Future of EPR	1003
	Acknowledgments	1004

<b>Appendix A1</b>	<b>Fundamental Constants and Conversion Factors used in EPR</b>	<b>1005</b>
<b>Index</b>		<b>1009</b>