

Continuum Scale Simulation of Engineering Materials

Fundamentals – Microstructures – Process Applications

Edited by

Dierk Raabe, Franz Roters, Frédéric Barlat, Long-Qing Chen



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Editors

Prof. Dr. Dierk Raabe

Max-Planck-Institut für Eisenforschung GmbH
Abt. Mikrostrukturphysik und Umformtechnik
Max-Planck-Str. 1
40237 Düsseldorf
Germany

Dr. Franz Roters

Max-Planck-Institut für Eisenforschung GmbH
Abt. Mikrostrukturphysik und Umformtechnik
Max-Planck-Str. 1
40237 Düsseldorf
Germany

Dr. Frédéric Barlat

Alcoa
100 Technical Drive
Alcoa Center, PA 15069
USA

Prof. Long-Qing Chen

Pennsylvania State University
Dept. of Mat. Science
118 Steidle Building
University Park, PA16802-5006
USA

Cover Picture

The cover picture shows an experimental result and a corresponding simulation of an aluminium cup drawing process. The background figure shows a Potts Monte Carlo modeling result of a subgrain coarsening process during a simulation annealing treatment of a cold rolled automotive sheet steel.

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Preface

This book presents our current knowledge and understanding of continuum-based concepts behind computational methods used for microstructure and process simulation of engineering materials above the atomic scale. While the area of ground-state and molecular dynamics simulation techniques has recently been reviewed in various books, no such collection exists for continuum scale materials simulation concepts. This book tries to fill that gap.

By presenting for the first time a wide spectrum of different continuum-based computational approaches to materials microstructure simulations within a single volume, we also hope to initiate the development of corresponding scientific centers in academic research institutions as well as virtual laboratories in the industry in which these methods are exploited. Moreover, we feel that other fields such as computational bio-materials science, where modeling approaches developed in the materials community have been used increasingly, might substantially benefit from the methods presented in this book.

We think that students and scientists who increasingly work in the field of continuum-based materials simulations should have a chance to compare the different methods in terms of their respective particular weaknesses and advantages. Such a critical evaluation is important since continuum models, as a rule, do not emerge directly from ab-initio calculations. In other words, continuum simulations of materials rely on approximate constitutive models which are usually not derived through quantum mechanics. This means that one should carefully check the underlying model assumptions of such approaches with respect to their applicability to a given problem. We hope that this volume provides a good overview on the different methods and allows the reader to identify appropriate approaches to the new challenges emerging every day in this exciting domain.

Continuum-based simulation approaches cover a wide class of activities in the materials research community ranging from basic thermodynamics and kinetics to large scale structural materials mechanics and microstructure-oriented process simulations. This spectrum of tasks is matched by a variety of simulation methods. The volume, therefore, consists of three main parts. The first one presents basic overview chapters which cover fundamental key methods in the field of continuum scale materials simulation. Prominent examples are the phase field model, cellular automata, crystal elasticity-plasticity finite element methods, Potts models, lattice gas approaches, discrete dislocation dynamics, yield surface plasticity, as well as artificial neural networks.

The second one presents applications of these methods to the prediction of microstructures. This part deals with explicit simulation examples such as phase field simulations of solidification, modeling of dendritic structures by means of cellular automata, statistical theory of grain growth, curvature-driven grain growth, deformation and recrystallization of particle-

containing aluminum alloys, cellular automaton simulations of grain growth, thermal activation in discrete dislocation dynamics, coarse graining of dislocation dynamics, and texture component crystal plasticity finite element methods to name but a few.

The third part presents applications in the field of process simulation. Examples are the integration of physically based materials concepts into process simulations, modeling of casting and solidification, integrated simulations of rolling, sheet forming and hydroforming simulations, springback simulation, and automotive crash simulation.

This book is intended for students at the undergraduate and graduate levels, lecturers, materials and mechanical scientists and engineers, physicists, biologists, chemists, and mathematicians. The editors would greatly appreciate any suggestions, criticisms, advice, or examples that might improve the content of this volume.

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Dierk Raabe, Franz Roters, Frédéric Barlat, Long-Qing Chen

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List of Contributors

- *Giuseppe Abbruzzese, Ch. 13*
Centro Sviluppo Materiali
Terni Research Unit
Structural and Special Materials Dept. - Terni
Viale B. Brin, 218
05100 Terni,
Italy
e-mail: g.abbruzzese@c-s-m.it
- *Holger Aretz, Ch. 36*
LASSO Ingenieurgesellschaft mbH
Markomannenstr. 11
70771 Leinfelden-Echterdingen
Germany
e-mail: aretz@lasso.de
- *Dorel Banabic, Ch. 6*
Technical University of Cluj Napoca
15 C. Daicoviciu Str.
3400 Cluj Napoca
Romania
e-mail: banabic@tcm.utcluj.ro
- *Jean Charles Barbe, Ch. 33*
LETI / CENG
17 Avenue des Martyrs
38054 Grenoble Cedex
France
e-mail: jean-charles.barbe@cea.fr
- *Frédéric Barlat, Ch. 6*
Materials Science Division
Alcoa Technical Center
100 Technical Drive
Alcoa Center, PA 15069-0001
USA
e-mail: frederic.barlat@alcoa.com
- *Wolfgang Blum, Ch. 31*
Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg
Technische Fakultät
Institut für Werkstoffwissenschaften LS 1
Martensstr. 5
91058 Erlangen
Germany
e-mail: wolfgang.blum@ww.uni-erlangen.de
- *Robert Brandt, Ch. 13*
Muhr und Bender KG
Schlachtwiese 4
57439 Attendorn
Germany
e-mail: Robert.Brandt@mubea.com
- *Yves Jean Marc Brechet, Ch. 9, 33*
L.T.P.C.M., Groupe “Physique du Métal”
Institut National Polytechnique de Grenoble
Domaine Universitaire, BP75
38402 Saint Martin d’Heres Cedex
France
e-mail: yves.brechet@ltpcm.inpg.fr
- *Wolfgang Brocks, Ch. 32*
Institute for Materials Research
GKSS Research Centre
Max Planck Str. 1
21502 Geesthacht
Germany
e-mail: brocks@gkss.de

- *Einar Broese, Ch. 7*
Siemens AG, I&S IP PEP
P.O. Box 3240
91050 Erlangen
Germany
e-mail: einar.broese@siemens.com
- *W. Craig Carter, Ch. 29*
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Dept. of Materials Science and Engineering
13-5018 77 Massachusetts Ave
Cambridge, MA 02139-4307
USA
e-mail: ccarter@mit.edu
- *Oana Cazacu, Ch. 6*
Department of Mechanical and
Aerospace Engineering
Graduate Engineering & Research Center
University of Florida
1350 N. Poquito Road
Shalimar, FL 32579
USA
e-mail: cazacu@gerc.eng.ufl.edu
- *Yvan Chastel, Ch. 39*
Centre de Mise en Forme des Matériaux
UMR CNRS 7635,
Ecole des Mines de Paris
BP 207
06904 Sophia Antipolis Cedex
France
e-mail: Yvan.Chastel@ensmp.fr
- *Long-Qing Chen, Ch. 2, 11*
102 Steidle Building
Penn State University
University Park, PA 16802.
USA
e-mail: lqc3@psu.edu
- *Zengtao Chen, Ch. 44*
Department of Mechanical Engineering
University of Waterloo
Waterloo, Ontario, N2L 3G1
Canada
e-mail: ztchen@lagavulin.uwaterloo.ca
- *Kwansoo Chung, Ch. 41*
School of Materials Science and Engineering
Seoul National University
56-1, Shinlim-dong, Kwanak-gu
151-744, Seoul
Korea
e-mail: kchung@snu.ac.kr
- *Mischa Crumbach, Ch. 36*
Institut für Metallkunde und Metallphysik
RWTH-Aachen
52056 Aachen
Germany
e-mail: crumbach@imm.rwth-aachen.de
- *Jonathan A. Dantzig, Ch. 34*
Department of Mechanical & Industrial Eng'g
University of Illinois
1206 West Green Street
Urbana, IL 61801
USA
e-mail: dantzig@uiuc.edu
- *Paul R. Dawson, Ch. 5*
196 Rhodes Hall
Cornell University
Ithaca, New York 14853
USA
e-mail: prd5@cornell.edu
- *Ulrich Dilthey, Ch. 40*
Institut für Schweißtechnische Fertigungsver-
fahren
RWTH Aachen
Pontstrasse 49
52062 Aachen
Germany
e-mail: di@isf.rwth-aachen.de

- *Olaf Engler, Ch. 38, 22*
Hydro Aluminium Deutschland GmbH
R+D Center Bonn
P. O. Box 2468
53117 Bonn
Germany
e-mail: olaf.engler@hydro.com
- *Samuel Forest, Ch. 25*
Center de Materiaux
UMR CNRS 7633
Ecole de Mines de Paris
BP 87
91003 Evry Cedex
France
e-mail: Samuel.Forest@ensmp.fr
- *Charles-André Gandin, Ch. 10*
Ecole des Mines de Paris Centre For Material
Forming
UMR CNRS-ENSMP 7635
1 Rue Claude Daunesse, BP 207
06904 Sophia Antipolis Cedex
France
e-mail: charles-andre.gandin@ensmp.fr
- *R. Edwin Garcia, Ch. 29*
Center for Theoretical and Computational
Materials Science
National Institute of Standards and Technology
100 Bureau Drive, Mail Stop 8500
Gaithersburg MD 20899-8500
USA
e-mail: Edwin.Garcia@nist.gov
- *Matthias Goerdeler, Ch. 36*
Institut für Metallkunde und Metallphysik
RWTH-Aachen
52056 Aachen
Germany
e-mail: goerdeler@imm.rwth-aachen.de
- *Günter Gottstein, Ch. 36*
Institut für Metallkunde und Metallphysik
RWTH-Aachen
52056 Aachen
Germany
e-mail: gg@imm.rwth-aachen.de
- *Peter Gumbsch, Ch. 18, 19*
Fraunhofer Institute for Mechanics of Materials
Wöhlerstr. 11
79108 Freiburg
Germany
e-mail: peter.gumbsch@iwf.fraunhofer.de
- *Alexander Hartmaier, Ch. 19*
Max Planck Institute for Metals Research
Heisenbergstrasse 3
70569 Stuttgart
Germany
e-mail: Hartmaier@mf.mpg.de
- *Masato Hiratani, Ch. 8*
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory
7000 East Av. Livermore, P.O. Box 808
L-353, CA 94551
USA
e-mail: hiratani1@llnl.gov
- *Jürgen Hirsch, Ch. 38*
Hydro Aluminium Deutschland GmbH
R+D Center Bonn
P. O. Box 2468
53014 Bonn
Germany
e-mail: Juergen.Hirsch@hydro.com
- *Shenyang Hu, Ch. 11*
305 Steidle Building
Department of Materials Science and
Engineering
Pennsylvania State University
University Park, PA 16802.
USA
e-mail: sxh61@psu.edu

- *Gerhard Inden, Ch. 1*
 Max-Planck-Institut für Eisenforschung GmbH
 Physikalische Metallkunde
 Max-Planck-Str. 1
 40237 Düsseldorf
 Germany
 e-mail: inden@mpie.de
- *Alain Jacot, Ch. 10*
 Laboratoire de Simulation des Matériaux
 Institut des Matériaux, Bat. G
 Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne
 1015 Lausanne
 Switzerland
 e-mail: Alain.Jacot@epfl.ch
- *Koenraad G. F. Janssens, Ch. 12*
 Sandia National Laboratory
 P.O. Box 5800 MS 1411
 Albuquerque NM 87185-1411
 USA
 e-mail: kgjanss@sandia.gov
- *Surya R. Kalidindi, Ch. 26, 27*
 Department of Materials Science and
 Engineering
 Drexel University
 Philadelphia, PA 19104
 USA
 e-mail: skalidin@coe.drexel.edu
- *Argiris Kamoulakos, Ch. 43*
 E.S.I. Group
 SILIC 112
 99 rue des Solets
 94513 RUNGIS CEDEX
 France
 e-mail: ak@esi-group.com
- *Kai F. Karhausen, Ch. 37, 38*
 Hydro Aluminium Deutschland GmbH
 R+D Center Bonn
 P. O. Box 2468
 53014 Bonn
 Germany
 e-mail: Kai-Friedrich.Karhausen@hydro.com
- *David Kinderlehrer, Ch. 16*
 Department of Mathematical Sciences
 Carnegie Mellon University
 Pittsburgh, PA 15213
 USA
 e-mail: davidk@cmu.edu
- *Reiner Kopp, Ch. 36*
 Institut für Bildsame Formgebung
 RWTH-Aachen
 52056 Aachen
 Germany
 e-mail: kopp@ibf.rwth-aachen.de
- *Torsten Kraft, Ch. 35*
 Fraunhofer-Institut für Werkstoffmechanik
 Wöhlerstr. 11
 79108 Freiburg
 Germany
 e-mail: tkr@iw.fraunhofer.de
- *Stephen A. Langer, Ch. 29*
 Mathematical and Computational Sciences
 Division
 National Institute of Standards and Technology
 100 Bureau Drive, Mail Stop 8910
 Gaithersburg, MD 20899-8910
 USA
 e-mail: Stephen.Langer@nist.gov
- *Ricardo Anibal Lebensohn, Ch. 23*
 MST-8 MS G755
 Materials Science and Technology Division
 Los Alamos National Laboratory
 Los Alamos, NM 87545
 USA
 e-mail: lebenso@lanl.gov
- *Jeehyun Lee, Ch. 16*
 Mathematics Department
 Yonsei University
 134 Sinchon-Dong, Seodaemum-Gu
 Seoul, 463-928
 South Korea
 e-mail: jeehyuny@empal.com

- *Richard A. LeSar, Ch. 20*
Group T-12 Mail Stop B268
Los Alamos National Laboratory
Los Alamos, NM 87545
USA
e-mail: ral@lanl.gov
- *Saiyi Li, Ch. 22*
Los Alamos National Laboratory
LANSCe, MS H805
Materials Science and Technology Division
(MST-8)
Los Alamos, NM 87545
USA
e-mail: saiyi@lanl.gov
- *Irene Livshits, Ch. 16*
Department of Mathematics, UCA Box 4912
201 Donaghey Avenue
University of Central Arkansas
Conway AR 72032-0001
USA
e-mail: irenel@mail.uca.edu
- *David Lloyd, Ch. 44*
Alcan International Limited
Kingston Research and Development Centre
Kingston, Ontario, K7L 5L9
Canada
e-mail: David.Lloyd@alcan.com
- *Hans-Ulrich Löffler, Ch. 7, 46*
Siemens AG, I&S IP PEP AD1
P.O. Box 3240
91050 Erlangen
Germany
e-mail: Hans-Ulrich.Loeffler@ERL9.siemens.de
- *Roland Logé, Ch. 39*
Centre de Mise en Forme des Matériaux
UMR CNRS 7635
Ecole des Mines de Paris
BP 207
06904 Sophia Antipolis Cedex
France
e-mail: Roland.Loge@ensmp.fr
- *Andreas Ludwig, Ch. 36*
Metallurgical Processes Department of Ferrous
Metallurgy
University of Leoben
Franz-Josef-Str.18
8700 Leoben
Austria
e-mail: andreas.ludwig@notes.unileoben.ac.at
- *Kurt Lücke[†], Ch. 13*
Institut für Metallkunde und Metallphysik
RWTH-Aachen
52056 Aachen
Germany
- *Priya Manohar, Ch. 4*
Materials Research Division
Modern Industries, Inc.
850 Poplar Street
Pittsburgh, PA - 15220
USA
e-mail: priyam@mi-erie.com
- *Volker Mohles, Ch. 17*
Institut für Metallkunde und Metallphysik
RWTH-Aachen
52056 Aachen
Germany
e-mail: mohles@imm.rwth-aachen.de
- *Zoltan Neda, Ch. 33*
Babes Bolyai University
Department of Theoretical Physics
3400, Cluj-Napoca
Romania
e-mail: zneda@nd.edu
- *Britta Nestler, Ch. 14*
Karlsruhe University of Applied Sciences
Moltkestrasse 30
76133 Karlsruhe
Germany
e-mail: britta.nestler@fh-karlsruhe.de

- *Luc Neumann, Ch. 36*
 Institut für Bildsame Formgebung
 RWTH-Aachen
 52056 Aachen
 Germany
 e-mail: neumann@ibf.rwth-aachen.de
- *Vitali Pavlyk, Ch. 40*
 Institut für Schweißtechnische Fertigungsverfahren
 RWTH Aachen
 Pontstrasse 49
 52062 Aachen
 Germany
 e-mail: pak@isf.rwth-aachen.de
- *Michel Perez, Ch. 33*
 GEMPPM
 INSA Lyon
 Avenue A. Einstein
 69621 Villeurbanne
 France
 e-mail: michel.perez@gemppm.insa-lyon.fr
- *Keith Pilkey, Ch. 44*
 Department of Mechanical Engineering
 Queen's University
 Kingston, Ontario, K7L 3N6
 Canada
 e-mail: pilkey@me.queensu.ca
- *Björn Pustal, Ch. 36*
 Gießerei-Institut
 RWTH-Aachen
 52056 Aachen
 Germany
 e-mail: b.pustal@gi.rwth-aachen.de
- *Dierk Raabe, Ch. 3*
 Max-Planck-Institut für Eisenforschung GmbH
 Mikrostrukturphysik und Umformtechnik
 Max-Planck-Str. 1
 40237 Düsseldorf
 Germany
 e-mail: raabe@mpie.de
- *Bala Radhakrishnan, Ch. 15*
 Computer Science and Mathematics Division
 Oak Ridge National Laboratory
 P.O. Box 2008
 Oak Ridge, TN 37831-6140
 USA
 e-mail: radhakrishnb@ornl.gov
- *Michel Rappaz, Ch. 10*
 Laboratoire de simulation des matériaux
 Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne
 MXG, Ecublens
 1015 Lausanne
 Switzerland
 e-mail: michel.rappaz@epfl.ch
- *Andrew C. E. Reid, Ch. 29*
 Center for Theoretical and Computational
 Materials Science
 National Institute of Standards and Technology
 100 Bureau Drive, Mail Stop 8500
 Gaithersburg MD 20899
 USA
 e-mail: Andrew.Reid@nist.gov
- *Jeffrey Rickman, Ch. 20*
 Department of Materials Science and
 Engineering
 244 Whitaker Laboratory
 Lehigh University
 Bethlehem, PA 18015
 USA
 e-mail: jmr6@lehigh.edu
- *Hermann Riedel, Ch. 35*
 Fraunhofer-Institut für Werkstoffmechanik
 Wöhlerstr. 11
 79108 Freiburg
 Germany
 e-mail: riedel@iw.fraunhofer.de