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SPOKEN LANGUAGE Understanding

Systems for Extracting Semantic
Information from Speech

 WILEY

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SPOKEN LANGUAGE UNDERSTANDING

SYSTEMS FOR EXTRACTING SEMANTIC INFORMATION FROM SPEECH

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In memory of Fred Jelinek (1932-2010)

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Foreword

Speech processing has been an active field of research and development for more than a half-century. While including technologies such as coding, recognition and synthesis, a long-term dream has been to create machines which are capable of interacting with humans by voice. This implies the capability of not merely recognizing what is said, but of understanding the meaning of spoken language. Many of us believe such a capability would fundamentally change the manner in which people use machines.

The subject of understanding and meaning has received much attention from philosophers over the centuries. When one person speaks with another, how can we know whether the intended message was understood? One approach is via a form of the Turing Test: evaluate whether the communication was correctly understood on the basis of whether the recipient responded in an expected and appropriate manner. For example, if one requested, from a cashier, change of a dollar in quarters, then one evaluates whether the message was understood by examining the returned coins. This has been distinguished as linguistic performance, i.e. the actual use of language in concrete actions.

This new book, compiled and edited by Tur and De Mori, describes and organizes the latest advances in spoken language understanding (SLU). They address SLU for human/machine interaction and for exploiting large databases of spoken human/human conversations.

While there are many textbooks on speech or natural language processing, there are no previous books devoted wholly to SLU. Methods have been described piece meal in other books and in many scientific publications, but never gathered together in one place with this singular focus. This