# Implementation of the Small-Scale Fisheries Guidelines

A Legal and Policy Scan





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#### **Series Editors**

Maarten Bavinck, University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Noord-Holland, The Netherlands Svein Jentoft, The Norwegian College of Fishery Science, UiT – The Arctic University of Norway, Tromsø, Norway The MARE Publication Series is an initiative of the Centre for Maritime Research (MARE). MARE is an interdisciplinary social-science network devoted to studying the use and management of marine resources. It is based jointly at the University of Amsterdam and Wageningen University (www.marecentre.nl). The MARE Publication Series addresses topics of contemporary relevance in the wide field of 'people and the sea'. It has a global scope and includes contributions from a wide range of social science dis-ciplines as well as from applied sciences. Topics range from fisheries, to integrated management, coastal tourism, and environmental conservation. The series was previously hosted by Amsterdam University Press and joined Springer in 2011. The MARE Publication Series is complemented by the Journal of Maritime Studies (MAST) and the biennial People and the Sea Conferences in Amsterdam.

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# Implementation of the **Small-Scale Fisheries** Guidelines

A Legal and Policy Scan





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Too Big To Ignore (TBTI; toobigtoignore.net) is a global research network and knowledge mobilization partnership that focuses on addressing issues and concerns affecting viability and sustainability of small-scale fisheries. The overall aims of TBTI are to raise the profile of small-scale fisheries and reduce their marginalization, promote their wellbeing, and improve governance. TBTI argues for a more inclusive and holistic approach to sustainable development by incorporating issues and concerns facing small-scale fisheries, as expressed by small-scale fisheries communities, more centrally in the discussion about the future and ways forward.

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Cover illustration: The intricate webbing of fishing nets in Petty Harbour, NL, Canada. Source: Jaehong Jin, 2016

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#### **Foreword**

'Peace, justice, and strong institutions'. This is the short name for Sustainable Development Goal 16, which calls to promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable, and inclusive institutions at all levels. This spirit is reflected in the guiding principles, and throughout the text, of the Voluntary Guidelines for Securing Sustainable Small-Scale Fisheries in the Context of Food Security and Poverty Eradication (SSF Guidelines). I had the privilege to be involved in the participatory development of these SSF Guidelines since 2011, and am proud to support their implementation since.

One of the early discussion points that I heard over and over in the development process of the SSF Guidelines was their name: should they be 'International' or 'Voluntary' Guidelines? In the end, to the dismay of the global small-scale fisheries organizations and movements in particular, who were the main drivers behind this instrument, 'Voluntary' prevailed. It is certainly true that soft laws like the SSF Guidelines lack 'teeth', since there is no formal obligation for their implementation. At the same time, many argue that there is a strong moral obligation to do so, as they are the result of consensus-seeking processes to which nation states have signed up. Often, it is also the only feasible option to gather a multitude of actors with various priorities and views behind a shared set of values and recommendations, including the reaffirmation of previous international agreements. Some also emphasize the network effects that happens when different actors align behind soft law, creating a snowball effect.<sup>1</sup>

In any case, having the only global forum on decision-making and policy-making for fisheries stand behind a text that acknowledges that responsible fisheries go hand in hand with socio-economic development, grounded in a human rights-based approach, cannot be considered a small feat!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.cambridge.org/core/journals/asian-journal-of-international-law/article/abs/whydoes-soft-law-have-any-power-anyway/00EBCEA91F92F97E1079A80AE077BD39

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Year 2024 marks the tenth anniversary of the endorsement of these SSF Guidelines. Thus, it is time to review if those who endorsed the SSF Guidelines are 'walking the talk', as anticipated in Svein Jentoft's visionary article<sup>2</sup> on their implementation in 2014. Svein was deeply involved in the SSF Guidelines development process, and I remember him even being part of the official delegation of Norway in the formal Technical Consultations on the final text in 2013 and 2014. In his paper, Svein identified three 'hurdles', including legislative, bureaucratic, and consensus-building obstacles.

Laws and policies are game-changers. They can undermine or support achieving social and environmental justice. Just consider how slavery was once legal, and women's rights to vote was non-existent. One of the objectives of the SSF Guidelines is "to provide guidance that could be considered by States and stakeholders for the development and implementation of ecosystem friendly and participatory policies, strategies and legal frameworks for the enhancement of responsible and sustainable small-scale fisheries."

Taking into account available resources, the SSF Guidelines' implementation efforts have initially focused strategically on integrating them into relevant global and regional processes and institutions. This integration can play a catalytic role by nurturing a growing network of partners who are aware of, and act on, the SSF Guidelines. This has led to their integration into important new instruments beyond fisheries, such as the UN Declaration on the Rights of Peasants and Other People Working in Rural Areas and the Voluntary Guidelines on Food Systems and Nutrition of the Committee on World Food Security. Regional fisheries bodies have also widely embraced the SSF Guidelines: the Fishery Committee for the Eastern Central Atlantic (CECAF) has finally revived its dormant artisanal fisheries working group, the Commission for Inland Fisheries and Aquaculture of Latin America and the Caribbean changed to become the Commission on Small-Scale, Artisanal Fisheries and Aquaculture for Latin America and the Caribbean, and the General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean adopted a ten-year Regional Plan of Action for Small-Scale Fisheries.

Given these achievements at the global and regional level, it is high time to ensure that the SSF Guidelines are brought back to where they belong most—the national level. It is encouraging to see that FAO's new legal and policy database, SSF-LEX, already contains evidence for 18 countries that have integrated the SSF Guidelines into their policy and regulatory frameworks. This includes, for example, Tanzania and Namibia who have adopted National Plans of Action in support of the SSF Guidelines (NPOAs-SSF) implementation. Malawi, Uganda, Madagascar, and the Philippines are also on their way to developing such plans.

The present TBTI book, *Implementation of the Small-Scale Fisheries Guidelines:* A Legal and Policy Scan, therefore provides a timely contribution to the collective learning process in relation to the SSF Guidelines implementation, helping to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Jentoft, S. Walking the talk: implementing the international voluntary guidelines for securing sustainable small-scale fisheries. Maritime Studies 13, 16 (2014). https://doi.org/10.1186/s40152-014-0016-3

Foreword

enhance understanding of these hurdles and how to address them. The book also complements related guidance prepared by FAO, including the preparation of *A Policy and Legal Diagnostic Tool for Sustainable Small-Scale Fisheries* and *Legislating for Sustainable Small-Scale Fisheries: A Guide and Considerations for Implementing Aspects of the SSF Guidelines*.

The impressive amount of contributors who have dedicated their efforts to the compilation of this book is a testament to the affirmation of the value of these SSF Guidelines as a globally embraced reference document. Each and every one of them is a champion in advancing our knowledge on securing sustainable small-scale fisheries!

Equitable Livelihoods Team Lead FAO Fisheries and Aquaculture Division Rome, Italy Nicole Franz

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# **Series Editor Preface**

In his monumental book, *The Idea of Justice* (2009), Amartya Sen reminds the reader that what motivates people is "that there are clearly remediable injustices around us which we want to eliminate" (vii). The continuing misfortune of countless small-scale fishing peoples along the shores of lakes and seas of both the Global South and the North is obviously one of them. It is towards alleviating their condition that this volume is ultimately directed.

As a result of the collaboration between the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) and a vibrant civil society movement, the Voluntary Guidelines for Securing Sustainable Small-Scale Fisheries were realized in 2014. Since that date, much effort has been made to put them into practice. An important first step in this process is to incorporate elements of the Guidelines into national law—only then are they given enough "teeth" to shape social and economic realities. The monitoring of how administrators and courts interpret and implement the resulting laws is a subsequent endeavor.

In the past decade, the MARE Publication Series has dedicated seven volumes to small-scale fisheries and the Guidelines, making it a lead academic publisher on this topic. This eighth volume focuses on the role of the law in protecting small-scale fishers (men and women, both in the present and future). In line with the editors' academic dispositions and the content of previous volumes, the book is organized according to the framework provided by interactive governance theory. It contains general reflections as well as case studies from 15 countries on 4 continents (plus the Pacific Islands).

The series editors acknowledge the inspiration provided by the Too Big To Ignore network for this publication. We are grateful to Margaret Deignan of Springer for her encouragement and professional support.

Amsterdam, Noord-Holland, The Netherlands

Maarten Bavinck

# Acknowledgments

In 2017, Too Big To Ignore: Global Partnership for Small-Scale Fisheries Research (TBTI; toobigtoignore.net) published an edited volume in the Springer MARE Publication Series titled The Small-Scale Fisheries Guidelines: Implementation. The book was a significant effort, with 95 contributors providing their perspective on what the Voluntary Guidelines for Securing Sustainable Small-Scale Fisheries (SSF Guidelines) would mean to small-scale fisheries in 32 case studies from developing and developed countries around the world. For the tenth anniversary of the SSF Guidelines in 2024, TBTI members and contributors are coming together once again in the current volume. This time, the goal is to take stock of where legislation and policies stand today regarding their alignment with the SSF Guidelines, and ultimately how they contribute to their implementation. From the policy and legal perspective, we examine how conducive existing laws and policies are for supporting an effective implementation of the SSF Guidelines. This is a new and endearing exercise for many of us (the contributors) who are not legal scholars by training, but have well taken on the challenge of critically engaging with laws, bringing insights, and recommendations for an enhanced implementation of the SSF Guidelines. We have long recognized the importance of both legislation and policies as core elements of the governing system. Our endeavor is well supported by many legal scholars, including the first editor of this volume, several chapter contributors who are familiar with how legislation and policy work, and the chapter reviewers whose names are listed in the book. More than examining the legal and policy texts, we looked for the extent to which these are implemented in practice, seeking to identify gaps, challenges, as well as good practices around the world.

The SSF Guidelines were developed, adopted, and are being implemented through a human rights-based approach, with significant support from the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO). We received strong encouragement by Nicole Franz, leader of the Equitable Livelihoods team of the FAO's Fisheries and Aquaculture Division, and many other colleagues at the FAO. We are also grateful to the support from Blaise Kuemlangan, Chief of the Development Law Service of FAO's Legal Office. Our special thanks go to Nicole for her kind

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words in the book's Foreword, which make us happy and proud for the work done by the contributors and the final product of this collection.

The book is a demonstration of a transdisciplinary effort, with the collaboration of contributors who are small-scale fisheries researchers, practitioners, governance scholars, and legal experts. Together with the 2017 book, it is a major testament to TBTI's unwavering commitment to promote viable and sustainable small-scale fisheries around the world. We are indebted to all the contributors for stepping up to the plate and taking on this monumental task.

The work of TBTI, since its establishment in 2012, would not have been possible without the trust of small-scale fishing communities, local organizations, and government officials with whom we have interacted during our years of existence as a network. The original funding for TBTI, from the Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council of Canada (grant number 895-2011-1011) ended in 2019, but we have been able to continue to do our work with financial support from the Oak Foundation (Grant Number OCAY-19-339), the Ocean Frontier Institute (Module I: Informing Governance Responses in a Changing Ocean), a program funded by the Canada First Research Excellence Fund, and the New Frontiers in Research Fund—Exploration Program. We also receive continuous support from Memorial University, St. John's, Canada, and TBTI Global Foundation, the administrative homes of TBTI.

This book is the eighth TBTI contribution to the MARE Publication Series. We thank Maarten Bavinck, the series editor; Margaret Deignan of Springer; Fairle T. Thattil, the production manager; and other publishing team and staff members for their patience and support throughout the publication process. We are grateful to Alicia Bugeja Said, Junior Minister for Fisheries and Aquaculture, Malta, and María José Barragán-Paladines, Science Director of the Charles Darwin Foundation for the Galapagos Islands, Ecuador, for their endorsement texts. Alicia and María José are no strangers to TBTI and the book editing process, having played pivotal roles in our previous publications. They are busy individuals and we truly appreciate that they took the time to do this.

The book benefits from the excellent editorial skill of Brennan Lowery, who has helped us with this important task for several years. We also thank Paula Struk Jaia, TBTI research assistant, for her support. Our utmost appreciation goes to Vesna Kereži, TBTI Project Manager, who, all the more, has gone out of her way to make this book happen.

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#### **Abbreviations**

AAPA Aquatic Animal Protection Act

AC Advisory Council

ACARN The Advisory Committee on Agricultural Resilience in Nigeria

ACHPR African Charter on Human and People's Rights

ACHR American Convention of Human Rights

ACIAR Australian Centre for International Agriculture Research
AGU Advocacia Geral da Uniã (Federal Attorney General)

AHRD Association of Southeast Asian Nations Human Rights

Declaration

AIGA Alternative Income-Generating Activities

APAM Asociación de Pescadores Artesanales de Puerto Madryn

ARCHR Arab Charter on Human Rights

ASEAN Association of Southeast Asian Nations
ASP Association of Seafood Producers
ATA Agricultural Transformation Agenda

AU-IBAR The African Union–Interafrican Bureau for Animal Resources

BCCSAP Bangladesh Climate Change Strategy and Action Plan

BFAR Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources

BMU Beach Management Unit
BRAC Bangladesh Rural Advancement
CAB County Administrative Boards
CABA Ciudad Autónoma de Buenos Aire
CBD Convention on Biological Diversity
CBFM Community-Based Fisheries Management

CBO Community-Based Organization

CBRM SOP Community-Based Coastal and Marine Resource Management

Strategy Standard Operating Procedures

CCMC Coastal Community Management Committees
CCMP Coastal Community Management Plan

CCRF Code of Conduct for Responsible Fisheries

xxvi Abbreviations

CDA Chilika Development Authority

CDAS Ministry of Fisheries, Community Development and

**Advisory Section** 

CEDAW Convention on the Elimination against All forms of

Discrimination Against Women

CESIMAR Centro para el Estudio de Sistemas Marinos

CFI Consejo Federal de Inversiones (Federal Investments Council)

CFMA Collaborative Fisheries Management Area

CFP Common Fisheries Policy
CFP Consejo Federal Pesquero
CFRC Coastal Fisheries Report Card

CFTRI Central Fisheries Technology Research Institute
CIFA Central Institute of Fisheries and Aquaculture
CIFRI Central Inland Fisheries Research Institute

CIP Competitive Improvement Plan

CIRM Comissão Interministerial para os Recursos do Mar CITES Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species

CMFRI Central Marine Fisheries Research Institute

CMG Community Microfinance Group
CMO Common Market Organization
CNRS Centre for Natural Resource Study

CNZU Comitê Nacional das Zonas Úmidas (Wetlands National

Committee)

COFI Committee on Fisheries

CONAMA Conselho Nacional de Meio Ambiente

CONAPESCA National Commission for Fisheries and Aquaculture

CPP Cyclone Preparedness Program
CPUE Catch Per Unit of Effort

CRC Convention on the Rights of the Child

CROP Council of Regional Organizations of the Pacific

CSAS Canadian Science Advisory Secretariat

DA Department of Agriculture

DAFF Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
DAM NC Direction des affaires maritimes de Nouvelle-Calédonie

DAWR Division of Aquatic and Wildlife Resources
DDM Department for Disaster Management

DF Directorate of Fisheries

DFO Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada
DLNR Department of Lands and Natural Resources
DMWR Department of Marine and Wildlife Resources

DNPWC Department of National Parks and Wildlife Conservation

DOF Department of Fisheries

DPA Departamento de Pesca e Aquicultura (Department of Fisheries

and Aquaculture)

DUCE Dar Es Salaam University College of Education

Abbreviations xxvii

EAF Ecosystem Approach to Fisheries

EAFM Ecosystem-Based Approach to Fisheries Management

EC European Commission

ECHR European Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and

Fundamental Freedoms

ECNRD Environmental, Conservation and Natural Resources Division

ECOWAS Economic Community of West Africa State

EEZ Exclusive Economic Zone

EIA Environmental Impact Assessment

EMCA Environmental Management and Coordination Act

EU European Union

FAME Fisheries, Aquaculture, and Marine Ecosystems

FAO Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

FCA Fisheries Cooperative Association

FCFN Fisheries Cooperative Federation of Nigeria

FDF Fisheries Development Fund FFA Fisheries, Forestry, and Agriculture

FFA Forum Fisheries Agency

FFAW-UNIFOR Fish, Food and Allied Workers Union

FGD Focus Group Discussions FMA Fisheries Management Agency FMA Fisheries Management Areas

FMAC The Fisheries Management Advisory Committee

FMP Fisheries Management Plan FONAPE Fondo Nacional de Pesca

FPO Framework for a Pacific Oceanscape: Our Sea of Islands, Our

Livelihoods, Our Oceania

FRDP Framework for Resilient Development in the Pacific

FSM Federated States of Micronesia
GBA Gender-Based Analysis Plus
GBV Gender-Based Violence
GDP Gross Domestic Product

GESS The Growth Enhancement Support Scheme

GFCCA Gujarat Fisheries Central Co-operative Association Limited
GSF Global Strategic Framework for Food Security and Nutrition

GT Gross Tons

HACCP Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point

HKPO Havs-och Kustfiskarnas Producentorganisation

HRBA Human Rights-Based Approach

I/ACHR Inter-American Court of Human Rights

IBAMA Instituto Brasileiro do Meio Ambiente e dos Recursos Naturais

Renováveis (Brazilian Institute for the Environment and

Renewable Natural Resources)

ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights

xxviii Abbreviations

**ICERD** International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of

Racial Discrimination

**ICESCR** International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

**ICJ** International Court of Justice Integrated Coastal Area Management **ICM** 

**ICMW** International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All

Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families

**ICT** Information and Communication Technology

**IDC** Instituto de Desarrollo Costero

Instituto Chico Mendes de Conservação da Biodiversidade **IICMB** 

ILO International Labor Organization International Maritime Organization IMO

**INAPESCA** National Institute of Fisheries and Aquaculture

Individual Ouota IO

Information System on Small-Scale Fisheries **ISSF** International Tribunal for Law of the Sea **ITLOS** 

Individual Transferable Ouota ITO

**IUCN** The International Union for Conservation of Nature

IUU Illegal, Unregulated, and Unreported

International Year of Artisanal Fisheries and Aquaculture **IYAFA** 

**Key Informant Interviews** KII KWS Kenya Wildlife Service

LAPSSET Lamu Port-South Sudan-Ethiopia Transport Corridor

Local Government Authorities **LGAs** LOSC Law of the Sea Convention

M/CFARMC Municipal/City Fisheries and Aquatic Resources

Management Council

MA Ministry of Agriculture **MAFF** 

Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries

Ministério da Agricultura, Pecuária e Abastecimento (Ministry MAPA

of Agriculture, Livestock, and Supply)

Ministério do Desenvolvimento Agrário (Ministry of Agrarian **MDA** 

Development)

**MDIC** Ministério do Desenvolvimento, Industria e Comércio

(Ministry of Development, Industry, and Commerce

Marine Eco-Label Japan **MEL** 

Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources **MFMR** 

**MFMRD** Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resource Development

Mafia Island Marine Park **MIMP** 

Marshall Islands Marine Resources Authority MIMRA

Ministério do Meio Ambiente or Ministério da Agricultura e **MMA** 

Abastecimento

**MMR** Ministry of Marine Resources

**MOF** Ministry of Fishery

Ministry of Fisheries and Livestock **MOFL** 

Abbreviations xxix

MoL The Ministry of Land

MoU Memorandum of Understanding

MPA Marine Parks Areas MPA Marine Park Area

MPA Ministério da Pesca e Aquicultura

MPEDA Marine Products Export Development Authority
MPP Movimento dos Pescadores e Pescadoras Artesanais

MSG Melanesian Spearhead Group

NAFO Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organization

NASPA-CCN The National Adaptation Strategy and Plan of Action on

Climate Change for Nigeria

NCCRS National Climate Change Response Strategy

NCD Non-Communicable Disease

NDMP The National Disaster Management Policy
NEMA National Environment Management Authority

NFA National Fisheries Agency

NFDI The National Fisheries Development Institute
NFMP The New Fisheries Management Policy

NFMRA Nauru Fisheries and Marine Resources Authority

NFP National Fisheries Policy
NGA National Government Agency
NGO Non-Governmental Organization

NIPAS National Integrated Protected Areas System

NKFPO Norrbottens Kustfiskares PO
NL Newfoundland and Labrador

NM Nautical Miles

NPOA-SSF National Plan of Action for Implementing the Small-Scale

Fisheries

NSAP National Stock Assessment Program ODA Official Development Assistance

OPDC Odisha Pisciculture Development Corporation Ltd.

PES Payments for Ecological Services

PEUMP Pacific European Union Marine Partnership

PFC Primary Fishermen's Cooperative

PICT The Pacific Island Countries and Territory

PIFACC Pacific Islands Framework for Action to Climate Change PIIFCAF Preserving the Independence of the Inshore Fishing Fleet in

Canada's Atlantic Fisheries Policy

PIROP Pacific Islands Regional Ocean Policy

PNA Prefectura Naval Argentina

PNDP National Fisheries Development Plan

PNG Papua New Guinea

PNGC Plano Nacional de Gerenciamento Costeiro

xxx Abbreviations

PNPCT Política Nacional de Desenvolvimento Sustentável dos Povos e

Comunidades Tradicionais (The Sustainable Development of

Traditional Peoples and Communities)

PO Producer Organization

POG Producentorganisationen Gävlefisk

PROIGUALDAD Pro Equity Program

PROMAR The Mexican Fund for the Development of Fisheries and

Aquaculture

PROSHIKA Proshikkhan Shikkha and Kaj RBA Rights-Based Approach RFO Regional Fisheries Office

RGP Fishing Activity or Registro Geral da Atividade Pesqueira

RMI Republic of the Marshall Islands
RTI Research Triangle Institute

SACCOS Savings and Credit Co-Operative Societies
SADER Secretariat of Agriculture and Livestock

SAGARPA Secretariat of Agriculture, Livestock, Fisheries, and Food

SAMOA SIDS Accelerated Modalities of Action

SAP Secretaria de Aquicultura e Pesca (Aquaculture and Fisheries

Secretariat)

SCELG Strathclyde Centre for Environmental Law and Governance

SCJN Supreme Court of Justice
SDG Sustainable Development Goal
SEA Strategic Environmental Assessment

SEAP/PR Secretaria Especial de Aquicultura e Pesca (Special Secretariat

of Aquaculture and Fisheries)

SEMARNAP Ministry of Environment, Natural Resources, and Fisheries SENASICA The National Service of Agrifood, Health, Safety and Quality

SES Social-Ecological System
SIDS Small Island Developing States
SJVF Statens Jordbruksverks Föreskrifter

SMA Special Management Area

SNUC Sistema Nacional de Unidades de Conservação (National

System of Nature Conservation Units)

SPC Pacific Community

SPFPO Swedish Pelagic Federation PO

SPREP Secretariat of the Pacific Region Environmental Programme SPRFMO South Pacific Regional Fisheries Management Organisation

SSF Small-Scale Fisheries

SSF-LEX Policy and legal database entirely dedicated to small-scale

fisheries

SSHRC Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council of Canada

SUDEPE Superintendência doDesenvolvimento da Pesca SWAM Swedish Agency for Marine and Water Management

TAC Total Allowable Catch

Abbreviations xxxi

TAUS Termo de Autorização de Uso Sustentável (Term of

Authorization for Sustainable Use)

TAWFA Tanzania Women Fish Workers Association

TBS Tanzania Bureau of Standard

TBTI Too Big To Ignore

TMA Tanzania Meteorological Agency

TMDA Tanzania Medicines and Medical Devices Authority

UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights

UN United Nations

UNCED UN Conference on Environment and Development UNCLOS United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea

UNDRIP United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples UNDROP United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Peasants and

Other People Working in Rural Areas

UNFSA UN Straddling Fish Stocks Agreement

UNGA UN General Assembly

UNHRC UN Human Rights Committee
V2V Vulnerability to Viability
VEU Village Enforcement Unit
VLC Village Liaison Committee
VMS Vessel Monitoring System

WCPFC Western and Central Pacific Ocean

# Part I The Role of Legal Institutions

# **Chapter 1 Why the Legal Perspective?**



Svein Jentoft, Ratana Chuenpagdee, and Julia Nakamura 🗈

**Abstract** This chapter provides a brief history and description of the SSF Guidelines, including their key underlying principles. It emphasizes the role of instruments like these in mobilizing government and nongovernment support for small-scale fisheries. At the same time, challenges in the implementation do exist and need to be overcome. The chapter introduces the book and the case studies included within as illustrations of what these challenges are and how they are addressed in practice.

**Keywords** Small-scale fisheries guidelines  $\cdot$  Governance principles  $\cdot$  Role of instruments  $\cdot$  Implementation challenges  $\cdot$  Case studies

#### 1.1 Introduction

The Voluntary Guidelines for Securing Sustainable Small-Scale Fisheries in the Context of Food Security and Poverty Eradication (SSF Guidelines), initiated by the FAO, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and endorsed by member states during the Committee on Fisheries meeting in 2014, was a landmark achievement when it happened. The SSF Guidelines (FAO 2015) it is the first global

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