

The noble Polish family Cetkowski.

Die adlige polnische Familie Cetkowski.



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Pobóg is a coat of [arms of Poland](#), used by many [noble families](#) in [medieval Poland](#) and later under the [Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth](#) .

story

The Chronicles of the Region of [Poland](#) , although sometimes veiled by time, reveal the ancient origins of the Pobóg clan. Research by professional analysts using references such as "Herbarz Polski" by Kaspar Niesiecki, "Herbarz Polski" by Adam Boniecki, "Herby Rodów Polskich" and "Rycerstwo polskie wieków średnich" by Professor F. Piekosiński shows that the origins of Pobóg go back to the dating back Formation of tribal clans probably founded by Goths in AD 150. The system was associated with the old Slavic family community structure and the [Sarmatian](#) family system. In the struggles for control of agricultural lands, the feudal clan system emerged as the best defense against invaders from the east and west.

According to the legend, which was strongly supported by Professor F. Piekosiński, the Pobóg-Pobodze clan is a younger branch of the [Popielid dynasty](#) that ruled Poland from the 7th to the 9th centuries, before the Bolescic- [Piast](#) dynasty (9th - 9th centuries). to 14th century), another junior branch of the Popielid dynasty. The Popielids-Pobóg clan is part of the older branch of the Popielid dynasty, the [Ogończyk](#) clan, as suggested by Piekosiński's Polish clan history.

The name Pobóg was most likely formed from the proclamation Pobodze, which in Old Polish means Po Bodze ("May God keep you in his care") "wish". In the oldest court records it is found in exactly this form. Proclamation Pobóg appears in the family in the 16th century. Other historians claim that the name Pobóg comes from the name of this [river Bug](#) descended . In this statement Pobóg means: to

Bug. They laid out the old territory of the Pobóg clan around the Bug River in north-eastern Malopolska ( [Lesser Poland](#) ). So the lands in [Małopolska](#) were only a part of the clan territories.

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The medieval version of the Pobóg coat of arms from the seal of the [Grand Chancellor of the Crown](#) Jan of Koniecpol in 1435. [3]

The large families of the Pobóg clan [attained noble status](#) for their services to princes, faith and community as warriors and scholars. They later become even more prominent when numerous branches of the same house acquired distant lands, some of which were in other countries. From the 12th century, this ancient clan became identified with the great social and economic development that made this area a seminal factor in the development of the nation in the 14th century. The Pobóg clan took part [in the victorious crusade against pagan Prussian and Yotwinger tribes in 1190 under the command of Prince Casimir II the Just](#) . A clan member became famous for personally capturing a pagan commander. In 1331 the Pobóg clan took part in a victorious battle at Płowce against the [Teutonic Order](#) part . 1359 [4] at Plonny (Plonini) against the [Moldavian](#) army. In 1410, the Pobóg

clan, under their own colors, took part in the largest and most famous battle in Europe at the time at [Grunwald \(Tannenberg\)](#) , where the Polish and Lithuanian armies were victorious against the Teutonic Knights. The families' warriors were led by Jakub of Koniecpole, Palatinus of [Sieradz](#) . In 1413 in [Horodło](#) (during the signing of the Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth Union), the Pobóg clan, represented by Jakub of Koniecpol and Piotr of Popow, had adopted the Lithuanian boyar Rało.

[Jan Długosz](#) , the most important Polish historian of the Middle Ages (circa 1460 AD), wrote about the Pobóg clan that they were “ ad iracundiam proni ” (“prone to anger”). According to the work of Jan Długosz and some other documents, the Pobóg coat of arms had a different image at the beginning of the 15th century.

As the Teutonic Knights advanced from the north and the [Tatars](#) from the east, the clans struggled to position themselves for the best survival and trade by forging alliances with families in neighboring countries.

[Casimir IV Jagiellon became Grand Duke of Lithuania](#) in 1447 , consolidating the two nations, and the clan built many castles over the next century against [Turks](#) , Tatars and [Muscovites](#) , who became a threat.

The Pobóg family clan continued to make important contributions to life in Europe in the middle and later. From the 15th century they held significant positions of prestige and power, became involved in tribal struggles for supremacy, and branched out to [Pomorze \(Pomeranian\)](#) , [Russia](#) , [Latvia](#) , [Lithuania](#) and also [Moravia](#) , [Hungary](#) and [Moldova](#) . Notable from this period among the Polish clans was the old Pobóg family clan.

Some famous ancestors of the Pobóg clan: Stefan was Archbishop of Gniezno. At Stefan's instigation the Sejm was convened in [Gniezno](#) , at which it was decided to take Kazimierz out of the Cluniac monastery and put him on his father's throne, for which they would not cut their work

and effort. Then he went to [Rome](#) and asked [Pope Benedict IX](#) . , to free Kazimierz from his monastic vows and profession; then, at [Cluny](#) , he made efforts to persuade Kazimierz to take the throne of Poland. Kazimierz bowed to his entreaties and persuasions, and Stefan escorted him back to Poland and crowned him and his wife, who [was related to the Ruthenian](#) prince; and he also put the crown on Boleslaw the Bold after him. He sued the Bohemians for the sack of Poland, and especially the Gniezno Cathedral, but gained little by doing so. During these efforts, death caught up with him in 1059.

Paprocki in "Gniazdo cnoty" mentions Bolesta, the cupbearer of King Kazimierz in 1080. The same author, based on Czyrzyce [monastery lists](#) , writes that Stefan, Kraków [palatinus](#) ( [duke](#) ) flourished in 1145. Paprocki, after [Kromer](#) , lists another Bolesta, castellan of Wizna, who held some part of the administration in Prussia in 1167 in the days of [Bolesław IV the Curly](#). His son was said to be the first starosta (count) of Płock. In the same place he read of Florjan, Palatinus (Duke) of Sandomierz, who died in 1243. [Comes](#) (Count) Msciwój sealed a document in the coat of arms of Pobóg in 1231 and 1235. His son was Mikolaj Palatinus (Duke) of [Kraków](#) . Others Adam from Pobóg was Kraków [castellan](#) in 1260. Paprocki includes here also Jakob, castellan from Sieradz; According to him, Jakób was the father of Piotr, Bishop of [Płock](#) , who died in 1263. Bernard, also Bishop of Płock, was also a member of the Pobóg clan. Wolmir, Bishop of [Kuyavian](#) , states in "Life of the Kuyavians" by Bishop Darnalewski that he was a pobóg; from the pastor of Kruszwica to the Kujawy [canon](#) he was elected by the chapter for the bishopric in 1258; he was [chancellor](#) under the Mazovian princes Ziemowit and Kazimierz. He suffered much injustice from Swietopelk, prince of Pomerania, and had many quarrels with Kazimierz, prince of Łęczyca and Kujawy, when he imposed the censure of the Church on him; Many lands went to the

Kuyavian Church, both bought by him and lent by various lords. After successfully establishing the border between his diocese and that of [Chełmno](#) , he died in 1271. Damalewski counts Swietosław, the Bishop of [Poznań](#) , among the Pobógs. Bolesta, Mazovian general [Starosta](#) (count), is on a 1387 letter from Mazovian prince Jan, as shown in Paprocki's "O herbach". (IMPW)

coat of arms

Azure, a horseshoe-shaped silver with a cross of the same charges on the edge of its arc. Helmet with coat azure, lined argent. crowned. Crest: a demi greyhound rampant, with collar and leash all right.

Notable bearers

Notable bearers of this coat of arms are:

- [Konięcpolski family](#)
  - [Stanislaus Konięcpolski](#)
- [Petro Konashevych-Sahaidachny](#)
- [Władysław Pobóg-Malinowski](#)
- Przemysław Pobóg-Zarzecki
- Leszek Wierzchowski
- [Teophil Lenartowicz](#)
- [Roman Dmowski](#)
- [Frańciszek Ksawery Dmochowski](#)
- [Seweryn Goszczyński](#)
- [Władysław Raczkiewicz](#)
- Anna Pobog-Lenartowicz
- [Jan Lechoń](#) (Leszek Serafinowicz)
- Leopold Pobog-Kielanowski
- Andrzej Tadeusz Mazurkiewicz
- [Alexander Polanowski](#)
- Jakub Fryczyński h. Pobóg Polish Biographical Dictionary vol. 7 Sec. 156 FRYCZYŃSKI Jakub (ca.1720-after 1778) bevollmächtigte by Karol Radziwiłł

Siehe auch

Externe Links

Literaturverzeichnis

Verweise

Categorized

Die adlige polnische Familie Cetkowski, Wappen Pobóg, Pobóg (Pobodze, Pobog, Pobożanie, Pobożanicz, Pobożany, Pobowanie, Pobożeny).

Cetkowski, Wappen Pobóg (Pobodze, Pobog, Pobożanie, Pobożanicz, Pobożany, Pobowanie, Pobożeny). Land Dobrzyn. Auch Centkowski geschrieben. (Kneschke).

Wappenbeschreibung.

Pobog. Pobóg (Pobodze, Pobog, Pobożanie, Pobożanicz, Pobożany, Pobożenie, Pobożeny). (Pobodze, Pobóg (Pobodze, Pobog, Pobożanie, Pobożanicz, Pobożany, Pobożenie, Pobożeny), Pobożanie, Pobożanicz, Pobożany, Pobożenie, Pobożeny). In a blue field a silver horseshoe, open at the bottom, decorated at the top with a golden cavalier's cross; Helmet decoration: a half-grown sighthound with a collar on which is a baiting strap. About its origin it is said that it arose from the Zagloba coat of arms: by two brothers of the Jastrzębiec coat of arms (Accipiter, Bolesta, Boleszczyc, Boleszyc, Boleszycz, Boleścic, Jastrząb, Jastrząbek, Jastrzęby, Kamiona, Kaniowa, Kudborz, Kudbrzyn, Lubrza, Ludbrza, Łazanki, Łazęka, Nagóra, Zarazy). who lived at war, one slew the other and fled. Because of this deed he and his descendants got the Jastrzębiec coat of arms (Accipiter, Bolesta, Boleszczyc, Boleszyc, Boleszycz, Boleścic, Jastrząb, Jastrząbek, Jastrzęby, Kamiona, Kaniowa, Kudborz, Kudbrzyn, Lubrza, Ludbrza, Łazanki, Łazęka, Nagóra, Zarazy) . agreed and a new modified coat of arms imposed, the coat of arms Zagloba. A brother's son of the murderer went to Rome to beg the Pope's pardon and mercy, and to erase the shame that had been inflicted on the family, to change his coat of arms. He received one there, and the Pope granted him mediation with King Boleslaw Chrobry

(100125). When he returned to Poland, the king approved and confirmed this new coat of arms that he called Pobóg (Pobodze, Pobog, Pobożanie, Pobożanicz, Pobożany, Pobożenie, Pobożeny) (from pobożny = pious). One also finds the names Poboze and Pobodze. The recipient of the coat of arms was married to a foreigner who had a greyhound in her coat of arms, which he adopted as a helmet ornament. The ancestral place of this family is probably Pobodze in the country of Płock. This coat of arms is used by:

Adamczowski, Andrzejkiewicz, Baranski, Barberius, Benislawski, Bielicki, Bielski, Bromirski, Bronak, Bronakowski, Brzuchanski, Burzynski, Calowanski, Cebrowski, Cetkowski, Chominski, Ciekliniski, Cieszkowski, Czenstkowski, Czetkowski, Czyzowski, Dąbrowski, Dadzibog, Dadzibog, Dmowski, Doschot, Duszewski, Duszynski, Dziengell, Elert, Faliszowski, Fedorowicz, Filemonowicz, Filipkowski, Filipowicz, Filipowski, Fryczynski, Gadzinski, Garlikowski, Gintowski, Goszczyński, Grabowski, Gumowski, Gurski, Gwozdecki, Horwat, Iskrzycusz, Jamentowicz, Jament Jastrzebowski, Jaworowski, Kalo, Kielanowski, Kierznowski, Kobylinski, Kobylski, Komorowski, Konarzewski, Koniecpolski, Kossobudzki, Kotlewicz, Krasnodebski, Krasnosielski, Krompole, Kruszynski, Kucicki, Kutlewski, Lakon, Lenartowicz, Lgannoski, Lgannoski, Lgannoski, Lgannoski, Lgannoski, Mazurkiewicz, Miecznikowski, Miediwiedzki, Montowt, Muchowiecki, Nesterowicz, Nieczaj, Nieprski, Nieroszynski, Olszewski, Orzecki, Pagowski, Pakoszewski, Petelczyc, Petlinski, Pierchalski, Pobożanin, Pocernacki, Polanowski, Pomarzanski, Popowski, Prusinowski, Radomski, Rato, Remiesz, Remiszewski, Rodkiewicz, Rokszycki, Rossocki, Rucicki, Ruszkowski, Rutkowski, Rymaszewski, Ryminski, Ryszczewski, Spanieszczewski, Stanislawski, Staniszewski, Strzeszewski, Studniarski, Suchodolski, Surgolewski, Sutkowski, Sutowski,

Swietochoowski, Szankowski, Szantyr, Szczepkowski, Szczesniewski, Szczesnowicz, Szczucki, Szeptycki, Szukholders, Szydowski, Terczikowski, Tereykowski, Toloczko, Trzinkowski, Wierzchochowski, Wilkowski, Wodoradzki, Wolski, Woyczyk, Zadarka, Zajaczkowski, Zapolski, Zarzecki, Zśmiezynski, Zengonski, Zengwirski, Zeranski, Zeromski, Zgazdzinski, Zgliczynski, Ziolecki, Zurawski.

The Krasnodebski have a different coat of arms: instead of the simple cross, a double cross truncated around a beam, the Wiekowicz: no cross, under the horseshoe a heart with a half-arrow pointing upwards, three ostrich feathers as helmet decoration, the Szantyr: in a divided shield above the horseshoe, not decorated with the cross but enclosing one, below the Rawicz coat of arms, as a helmet decoration three ostrich feathers, the sutocki: under the horseshoe another small fish with its head pointing upwards, as a helmet decoration three ostrich feathers, the Brzuchanski, Nieroszynski and Petelczyc: the horseshoe has a half arrow pointing up instead of the cross, three ostrich feathers as helmet decoration, the Nieczaj: the cross is missing, under the horseshoe an arrow pointing up and split down in red field, as a helmet decoration three ostrich feathers, the Sawaniewski and Szankowski: the horseshoe is with the cross occupied, but encloses the lower half of the saber retained from the coat of arms of Zagloba.

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Newspapers 19th Century Part 1

2695 (Dziennik Poznań) 1875

Posen 23 / XI. Wcz. Miss Stan. Stockholm, ca. Rudolfa Stockholm by Wielki x Bolesław Cetkowski by Orpiszewko (No. 269)

2943 (Posen Journal) 1876

Cetkowski, Eustachy, a soldier. from 1831, year 66.27 sqm + exp. from Orpiszewko to Sośnica. Woman with children

(No. 98 from April 29, Sat.)

Newspapers 19th Century Part 2

605 (Posen Journal) 1906

1906.16 / II. + Stefan Cetkowski, (50) Burial in Przygradów in Król. Polishing. sub. wife and family The Cetkowski family is noble. Kiekrz was one of them. In Poznań and later after World War II, St. Surgeon dr. Henryk Cetkowski, married to Eliza Kęszycka, 1st v. Ponikiewska

Grodzkie and Land Kościan inscriptions

11392 (#337) 1792

Benon Pobog de Radzinko and Cetki Cetkowski, ol. Wojc. from Kunegunda Zielińska, son, ol. Jana C. z Teresa Witkowska nepos, receipt Kordula born Gorzeńskich Turnową mother, and Adam and Kaz. Turns sons from 600 zlotys. given to myself by ol. her husband and her father (f. 81)

Grodzkie and Land Nakło Part 1

5045 (#185) 1674

N. Grzegorz Cetkowski, S. Adam C., with receipt in case of injury. G. Zygmunt Niemojewski (f. 355v)

5088 (#185) 1675

N. Grzegorz Cętkowski honors Zygmunt von Lubieniec Niemojewski, s. Ol. Pomeranian governor, with the pron. Court. o Grain from Słupów in p. N. (f. 481v)

5163 (#185) 1678

G. Grzegorz Cętkowski zap. Debt 600 zlotys. With. Agn. Chmielewska (f. 717) as recomp. Delete comp. partly Rakowa for Tomasz Chlebowski on the occasion of the sale of this part. do today (f. 717)

Grodzkie and Land Nakło Part 2

1239 (No. 225) 1678

Grzegorz Cętkowski, sister of father Adam Cętkowski, and Agnieszka Chmielewska married, they in comrade brother of family Aleksandra Chm., Whole parts in village Rakowo in Rypin district, previously for 900 PLN. Volume. Chlebowski (f. 693)

Grodzkie and Land Poznań inscriptions 17th / 18th centuries

12152 (#1310) 1753

Wojc. Cetkowski, s. Father Jan C. of Teresa Witowska, appoints Ignacy C.'s brother for the affairs of the part. d) raisin powder. Rypin fell on testimony of this brother and monk (f. 115v)

Record Catholic Part 1

5285 (Kiekrz)

1855.25 / XII. (Chyby) + paralysis D. Wład. Cetkowski the boy, 28 years old, S. +, Feliksa, former seat of Stwolno and Franciszka Pomorska, father of 28.

5800 (Koscian)

1790.23/XI. (Kurzagóra) G. Ignacy Walicki x Rozalja Jagodzinska by C. Izydor and Franciszki born Szuberski - G. Stanisł. Dobrosławski Regent of Gr. Bone., Franc. Mieczkowski, Hipolit Rupniewski, and Benon Cetkowski

Record Catholic Part 8

51237 (Kozmin)

1772.6 / I. + (K.) GD. Ignacy Cętkowski, 46 years old, Church benefactor. pf. born here

54199 (Golejewko)

1810.27 / XI. (Stwolno) Kapitän G. Feliks Cetkowski. and Pos. das Dorf Trzepowo (?) 34 Jahre x G. Franciszka Pomorska V., 20 Jahre um GD. Anzelma P-go-ca Stwolna und andere. Waren - Augustyn Czermiński pos. Amtu Bialski und Benon C. vom Gericht der Stadt Dobrzyca

54206 (Golejewko)

1810.9 / III. CH. CH. G. Feliks Cetkowski Kapitän, v. P., Ex., GV. Jasińska aus dem Dorf Chojno

54240 (Golejewko)

1836.29 / IV. CH. CH. G. Anastazy Cętkowski and G. Klemencja C. beide aus Stwolno - 4 / XII. CH. CH. GG. Lucyna C. and G. Piotr Jasiński

Record Katholisch Teil 9

57382 (Kuczkau)

1854.3 / 8. (Jankow) \*, Kap. 16/8. Szczepan Bronisław, s. Geb Przemysław Bogdański and Walentyna Pomorska, die Kinder - Eustachy Cetkowski and Ant. Bye

60364 (Gniezno - St. Lawrence - dupl. WAPP)

1818.3 / 2. (Gurówko Dw.) G. Tomasz Waliński aus der Gemeinde Rosnowo Kammer. x No. V. Regina Kosińska aus der Ortsgemeinde - G. Feliks Cetkowski Vater Gurówka, G. Nep. Raczyński, pos. Gradków und die Städter.

The Grójec land registers from 1476 mention the Boniecki trial for the murder of Jan Warpensz, Piotr von Michałów, Mikołaj Branecki and Jan Zawisza, which belongs to the coat of arms of Jasion and Przerow (Ks. 3 f. 213). The first two belong to the Jasiończyk family, the last one is Przerowa, so one of the Branecki crests should be included. At the beginning of the 15th century, Stanisław and Mikołaj lived from Branków. In 1470 we meet three brothers: Paweł, Jan and Mikołaj from Branków. From them Jan left two daughters: Piotrusza, the wife of Stefan from Wola Magierowa in 1493, and Małgorzata after Szymon, the mayor of Caniewo; They testify to records in 1493 and 1508 from their uncles: Paweł and Mikołaj. The latter completed the Branków and Wola Branecka section with Jan Zawiszyce in 1480 (Zs. Warec. 1 A f. 6 and 19; and B f. 199, 325; 1 C f. 158; 4 f. 18). Mikołaj, 1504 trainee in Czersk, left Małgorzata with his wife: Grzegorz and Jan, who were brought to Branków in 1511 (Zs. Warec. 2 f. 162; 3 A f. 154 and 243; Zs. Gr. Czers) 4 f. 179). Grzegorz had daughters by an unknown woman: Małgorzata, Zofia with Stanisław Biejkowski in 1537, Anna with Mikołaj Biejkowski in 1550 and Katarzyna, wife of Piotr Wysokiński, and three sons: Mikołaj, Piotr and Maciej; the siblings mentioned above go to court with Boniecki in 1536 (Zs. Warec. 5 f. 601, 686; 9 f. 333; Zs. Gr. Czers. 31 f. 159). Piotr, son of Grzegorz, née Zofia Biejkowska, had two sons: Jerzy and Bernard, who completed the Błotnica section with his uncle Maciej in 1583, and a daughter Katarzyna, wife of Jerzy Błędowski,

1566 (Zs. Gr. Czers 36 f. 103 ; 41 f. 683 and 688; 33 and 530). Jerzy, son of Piotr, 1593 canon of Sandomierz and royal secretary, 1597 pastor in Wrociszew, 1604 pastor of Przemyśl Cathedral (Perp. Czers. 1 A f. 327; Zs. Warec. 12 f. 349 and 18 f. 513) . Bernard, brother of the previous one, Czersk collector in 1588, Czersk deputy in 1592, bought Winiary in 1580 from Biejkowski in Warka district. In 1569 he secured the dowry for his wife, Emerencyannie née Wilkowska, in Branków and Wola. Daughters by her: Dorota after Jan Gzowski 1615 and Jadwiga, 1. v. After Sebastyan Chmielewski, May 2, 1631 wife of Wojciech Korzeński, and son Samuel (Zs. Gr. Czers. 56 f. 502; 37 f. 581; Zs. Warec. 21 f. 128; 24 f. 529; M. 125 f. 44). Samuel, son of Bernard, secured the dowry for his wife, Anna née Czyszkowska, 1601; with their daughter Jadwiga, wife of Mikołaj Lasocki in 1639, and son Szymon, who secured a dowry for his wife Krystyna Lasocki in 1636 (Perp. Czers. 2 f. 124; 8 f. 547; 10 f. 42 and 9 f. .. 337). Kazimierz, son of Szymon, owner of Branków, testified with his wife; Konstanca née Skolimowski, CV 1661; their sons: Andrzej, Franciszek and Jakób sold Branków to Boglewski in 1701. Andrzej with the province of Sandomierz registered for the August II election. Married to Zofia Szydłowska, a biography records her in 1701. Franciszek, who died before 1728, was married to Katarzyna, nee Strasz, who last year married Wojciech Dunin Wolski. Their descendants are unknown. Dorota, daughter of Kazimierz, 1st BC after Jan Rylski 1689, 2nd from after Wojciech Boczkowski 1703 (Perp. Czers. 12 f. 237; 15 f. 337 and 332; 21 f. 93; 14 A f. 414; 16 B f. 257; Zs. Warec. 28 f. 360). Maciej in Branków and Błotnica, the third son of Grzegorz, secured a dowry for his wife, Anna née Koziętulska, daughter of Stanisław, in 1558 69). Jan, son of Maciej, in Branków and Błotnica, married twice; his first wife was Anna Lubiszewska, daughter of Stanisław, to whom he bequeathed half of the property in 1597, at the same time he took care of the children: Jerzy

and Maryna with their son; the second - Anna Palczewska, daughter of Jan, with whom he testified a life account in 1613. He left numerous descendants from both wives. He had a son, Stanisław, by his first wife, in addition to those mentioned above, Jerzy and Maryna; on the other hand sons: Jan, Bernard, Anzelm and Marcyan and daughters: Jadwiga, Barbara, Anna, Agnieszka, Zofia and Krystyna. With the testament of 1643 he appointed his sons: Stanisław and Jan Wola Łychowska, Bernard and Anzelm Błotnica and Marcyan to a part of Branków and Wola. Jerzy was then dead, from his daughters: Maryna 1619, wife of Żelisław Bylina, Barbara with Marcyan Bońko 1652, Anna with Aleksander Rogowski 1642, Agnieszka with Adam Okiręglicki 1626, Zofia with Adam Oborski 1652 and Krystyna after Mikołaj Koterski 1652 ( Zs. Warec 16 f. 78; 17 f. 68; 20 f. 265; 27 f. 90, 423 and 456; 25 f. 12; 22 f. 669; Perp. Czers. 11 f. 470, 509 and 548; 7 f. 289). Stanisław, son of Jan, married to Anna Cętkowska in 1642 (Zs. Warec. 27 f. 288). Jan, son of Jan, who was granted a certain sum by his father in 1638, had sons by Elżbieta Lasocka: Hieronim and Aleksander, who together with their cousins and their siblings inherited from their grandmother Palczewska, gave them to Boskie in 1689 . Hieronim, son of Jan, from Anna Babska had three sons: Stanisław, Franciszek and Krzysztof, heirs in Wola Łychowska, confirmed by Jastrzębski in 1698, and a daughter, Jadwiga, wife of Franciszek Grzegorzewski in 1694 (Zs. Warec 26 f. 392 and 393; Perp. Czers. 14 A f. 403; 23 A f. 266; 16 A f. 68; 14 C f. 264; 38 D f. 24). Stanisław, son of Hieronim, heir of Wola Łychowska, married Anna nee Słanek 1715. Franciszek, son of Hieronim, carpenter from Liw 1733, married Zuzanna Cebrykowska 1726, had son Antoni, companion of Rudziński tank banner 1743. Krzysztof , son von Hieronim, married in 1722 to Elżbieta Głoskowska (Perp. Czers. 18 f. 280 and 282; 20 f. 121; 25 f. 181; 26 f. 251; 19 f. 261). Aleksander, son of Jan née Lasocka, and his wife,

Anna née Czosnowska, attested to a curriculum vitae in 1652 (DW. 51 f. 2046). His descendants are unknown. Bernard; Jan's son, married to Ewa Gozdzka in 1645, had a son, Jan, who succeeded his grandmother Palczewska in 1689, and two daughters: Maryanna; Wife of Grzegorz Obniski in 1677 and Teresa according to Waleryan Sankowski in 1685 (Zs: Warec. 27 f. 759 and Perp. Czers. 13 f. 539 and 14 A f. 112). Anselm, son of Jan née Zofia Masłowska, had a son Adryjan, who testified with his wife, Anna née Rudzka, in 1680 to life imprisonment. His son Franciszek in 1727 (Perp. Czers. 11 f. 637; 13 f. 685; 14 A f. 403; 20 f. 286). Marcyan, son of Jan, testified with his wife Zofia Kłoczewska in 1647 to life imprisonment; her sons: Adam, Jan, Remigian and daughter Anna, wife of Sebastyan Rudzki 1668. Adam, married to Ewa Uwielińska, widow of Waleryan Nietyx, had daughters: Anna after Adam Gasparski 1700, Maryanna after Michał Arciszewski 1714 r. and son Kazimierz, married 1713 in the 1. v. with Salomea Baranowska, 1733 in the 2nd B.C. with Maryanna Karwowska, then wife of Józef Leżeński. Last year he was the Czersk hood judge. His son Józef, born in Karwowska, married 1. v. with Petronella Raciborska 1758, 2nd from 1768 with Anna Humięcka née Czers. 10 f. 784; 13 f. 262; 14 A f. 269 and 301; 18 f. 45; 23 A f. 1 and 58; 30 f. 356; 31 f. 108; 34 f. 13, 38 and 361; DW. 62 f. 488). January; son of Marcyan, married to Joanna Mianowska in 1701 Remigian; Son of Marcyan, he signed with the Czersk Land to elect August II; married to Agnieszka Chynowska, with whom he gave a biography in 1687. Daughters of hers: Maryanna and Justyna, who were given dowries by their parents in 1711. Maryanna, last year's wife of Antoni Wojciech Michałowski, and Justyna, 1st of According to Stanisław Zaleski 1715, 2nd from According to Waleryan Młochowski 1721 (Perp. Czers. 16 B f. 145; 14 A f. 262; 17 f. 227; 19 f. 158 and 163; DW. 62 f. 969 and 974). Piotr, Maciej's son, secured dowry for his wife Małgorzata née Swiderska in

1601, in 1611 he sold Błotnica and Dembowica. His son Jakób in Branków with his wife Elżbieta Lasocka testified records - life imprisonment in 1626; from her sons: Stanisław, Franciszek, pastor of Międzyrzecz 1656; and daughters: Maryana after Jan Protazy Boniecki 1653, Helena after Jakób Dunin Szpot 1661 and Krystyna, 1. von. after Jakób Gumowski 1646, 2nd from after Walenty Grotowski 1663 (Perp. Czers 2 f. 110; 3 f. 344; 7 f. 293; 8 f. 296; 11 f. 619; 13 f. 344; 10 f. 728; 12 f. 209 and 322; M. 199 f. 42) . Jan, son of Mikołaj, a deputy from Czerski, testified that the estate was donated to his wife, Anna née Chmielewska, daughter of Jan, in 1539; their sons: Stanisław, Hieronim, Wawrzyniec, Paweł and Grzegorz, and daughters: Katarzyna after Maciej Piekarski 1553 and Barbara, wife of Stanisław Boniecki 1561 (Zs. Warec. 6 f. 143; 23 f. 731; 36 f. 377; 41 f. 568 and 702; 9 f. 785; Zs. Gr. Czers. 17 f. 396). Hieronim on Branków and Błotnica; son of Jan, secured dowry for his wife, Dorota née Boniecki, daughter of Łazarz, 1568; after her death he married Zofia Staniszevska, who was secured by a dowry in 1573. His daughter Dorota, 1609 the wife of Feliks Kozietuski. Wawrzyniec, son of Jan, had daughters by wife Anna: Zuzanna after Walenty Skorupka 1584, Katarzyna, Zofia after Andrzej Goliański 1595; and Anna, wife of 1st B.C. Trojan Przedworski in 1593, 2nd BC Jakób Oczosalski in 1603 (Zs. Warec. 10 f. 266; 11 f. 80; 19 f. 585; 14 f. 671; 16 f. 503; Zs. Gr. Czers. 45 f. 1065 and 53 f. 823 ; Perp. Czers. 2 f. 308). Paweł na Błotnica, son of Jan, married to Urszula Rzyśkówna née Pisarski in 1562, left no children (Zs. Gr. Czers. 22 f. 484; 29 f. 1562; Zs. Warec. 13 f. 578). Grzegorz in Branków, son of Jan, secured dowry for his wife, Dorota née Michałowska, 1562; and their sons: Paweł, Waleryan, Stanisław and daughters: Zofia, Elżbieta, Małgorzata and Barbara (Zs. Gr. Czers. 28 f. 320; 43 f. 142; 59 f. 770; Zs. Warec. 10 f. 940 13 f. 578). Zofia after Wojciech Byczyński 1611 Paweł, son of Grzegorz, married to Urszula

Michałowska in 1604, left a daughter, Małgorzata; Wife of Abraham LeszNowskiego 1626, and son Jan in Branków and Wola 1635. Jan by Helena Dąbrowska had a son Jacenty, who with his wife, Maryanna née Czyszkowska, life records testified in 1678 Trąbki 1715 by Anna Służewska, he had a daughter, Eufrozyna, wife of Ignacy Laskowski. His widow in 1749, Valeryan, son of Gregory, secured the dowry for his wife, Ursula Boska, 1593 (Zs. Warec. 18 f. 10 and 183; 19 f. 369; Perp. Czers. 4 f. 18; 7 f 434, 365; 9 f. 251; 13 f. 208, 579; 18 f. 265, 271, 337; 29 f. 27, 31; DW. 62 f. 1040). Katarzyna after Bartłomiej Ostrowski 1624 Katarzyna, daughter of Jan; after Walenty Sankowski 1631 Jadwiga after Walenty Gośniewski 1642 Jadwiga Seweryna after Piotr Głuchowski 1657 Zuzanna after Walenty Suski 1670 (Perp. Czers. 7 f. 109; 8 f. 547; 10 f. 333; 12 f. 14 and 23; 13 f. 286; 17 f. 34). Michał, sub-delegate of the town of Stężycki 1779, vice-governor of the court in Stężycki 1788. Franciszek, sub-delegate of the town of Stężycki 1788. Stanisław, sub-army of Stężycki 1765.

1. The Grójec land records from 1476 mention the trial of Boniecki for the murder of N. Boniecki in 1476
2. Jan Warpensz, m Jan Warpensz
3. Piotr from Michałów, m Piotr from Michałów
4. Mikołaj Branecki and Mikołaj Branecki
5. Jan Zawisza, belongs to the town of Jan Zawisza
6. Coat of arms of Jasiona and Przerowa (Ks. 3 f. 213). N. Jasion and Przerowa
7. The first two belong to the Jasiończyk family, the last one is Przerowa, so one of these coats of arms belongs to N. Przerowa
8. The Branecki family should be involved. N.Branecki
9. At the beginning of the 15th century, Stanisław and Stanisław lived
10. Mikołaj from Brankow. m Mikołaj from Brankow
11. 1470 we meet three brothers: Paweł, m Paweł 1470
12. Jana and m Jan

13. Nicholas of Brankovo. m Mikołaj from Brankow
14. By them Jan left two daughters: m Jan
15. Peter, near Peter
16. Wife of Stefan of Wola Magierowa in 1493 and mother of Stefan of Wola Magierowa in 1493
17. Małgorzata for k Małgorzata
18. Simon the Lord Mayor and Simon the Mayor
- 19th from Caniewo; they testify records in the years 1493 and 1508 to her uncles: N. von Caniewo
20. Paweł and Pawel
21. Nicholas. m Santa Claus
22. Letzterer vollendete 1480 mit Jan Zawiszyce den Abschnitt Branków and Wola Branecka (Zs. Warec. 1 A f. 6 and 19; und B f. 199, 325; 1 C f. 158; 4 f. 18). m Jan Zawiszyc 1480
23. Mikołaj, Podsędek Czersk 1504, M Mikołaj podsędek Czersk (Ehemann) 1504
24. von seiner Frau Małgorzata hinterließ Söhne: k Małgorzata
25. Grzegorz and M. Grzegorz
26. Johannes, der 1511 nach Branków gebracht wurde (Zs. Warec. 2 f. 162; 3 A f. 154 and 243; Zs. Gr. Czers. 4 f. 179). m Januar 1511
27. Grzegorz von einer unbekanntem Frau hatte Töchter: m Grzegorz
28. Malgorzata, k Malgorzata
29. Zofia für k Zofia
30. Stanisław Biejkowski 1537, m Stanisław Biejkowski 1537
31. Anna für k Anna
32. Mikołaj Biejkowski 1550 and m Mikołaj Biejkowski 1550
33. Katarzyna, k Katarzyna
34. Ehefrau von Piotr Wysokiński und drei Söhne: m Piotr Wysokiński
35. Mikołaj, m Mikołaj
36. Piotr and M. Piotr

37. Maciej; die oben erwähnten Geschwister werden 1536 gegen Maciej verklagt, 1536
38. Boniecki (Zs. Warec. 5 f. 601, 686; 9 f. 333; Zs. Gr. Czers. 31 f. 159). m N. Boniecki
39. Piotr, m Piotr  
Grzegorz '40. Sohn, M. Grzegorz
41. Zofia Biejkowska hatte zwei Söhne: k Zofia Biejkowski
42. Jerzy and M. Jerzy
43. Bernard, der mit seinem Onkel M. Bernard
44. Matthias completed the Błotnica section of 1583, including Maciej 1583
45. and a daughter Katarzyna, k Katarzyna  
The 46th wife of Jerzy Błędowski in 1566 (Zs. Gr. Czers. 36 f. 103; 41 f. 683 and 688; 33 and 530). m Jerzy Błędowski 1566
47. Jerzy, m Jerzy
- 48 Son of Piotr, canon of Sandomierz and royal secretary 1593, pastor in Wrociszew 1597, cathedral pastor of Przemyśl 1604 (Perp. Czers. 1 A f. 327; Zs. Warec. 12 f. 349 and 18 f. 513). m Piotr canon Sandomierz (san)  
Secretary to the Royal Court 1593  
pastor  
Cathedral priest Przemyśl (rus) 1604  
1597
49. Bernard, Bruder des ersteren, Sammler von Czersk 1588, minderwertig in Czersk 1592, gekauft 1580 von Bernard dem Sammler Czersk (Ehemann) 1588  
Pins Czersk (MA) 1592  
1580
50. Biejkowski Winiary, im Bezirk Warka. m N. Biejkowski  
51.1569 sicherte er seiner Frau, Emerencyannie geb. Wilkowska, die Mitgift in Branków und Wola. k Emerencjanna Wilkowski 1569
52. Von ihren Töchtern: Dorota für k Dorota
53. Jan Gzowski 1615 and m Jan Gzowski 1615
54. Jadwiga, k Jadwiga

- 55.1-V. Nach Sebastyan Chmielewski, 2-May. 1631 Ehefrau Sebastian Chmielewski 1631
56. Wojciech Korzeński, m Wojciech Korzeński
57. and son Samuel (Zs. Gr. Czers. 56 f. 502; 37 f. 581; Zs. Warec. 21 f. 128; 24 f. 529; M. 125 f. 44). m Samuel
58. Samuel, m Samuel
59. Son of Bernard, secured dowry for his wife M. Bernard
60. Annie nee Czynskowska, 1601; with her daughter k Anna Czynskowski 1601
61. Jadwiga, k Jadwiga
62. Wife of Mikołaj Lasocki 1639, m Mikołaj Lasocki 1639
63. and son Szymon, who secured his wife's dowry in 1636, m Szymon 1636
64. Krystyna nee Lasocki (Perp. Czers. 2 f. 124; 8 f. 547; 10 f. 42 and 9 f. 337). k Krystyna Lasocki
65. Kazimierz, m Kazimierz
66. Szymon's son, the owner of Branków, testified with his wife; m Simon
67. Konstancja née Skolimowski, life imprisonment 1661; her sons: k Konstancja Skolimowski 1661
68. Andrzej, m Andrzej
69. Francis and Mother Francis
70. Jakób, Branków m Jakób sold
71. Boglewski 1701 m N. Boglewski 1701
72. Andrzej registered with the Sandomierz Province for the election of August II. m Andrzej
73. Married to Zofia Szydłowska, attests her life in 1701 k Zofia Szydłowski 1701
74. Franciszek, died before 1728, mother Franciszek
75. Married to Katarzyna née Straszów, near Last year she married Katarzyna Strasz
76. Wojciech Dunin Wolski. Their descendants are unknown. m Wojciech Dunin Wolski
77. Dorota, k Dorota
78. Daughter of Kazimierz, m Kazimierz
79. 1st of After Jan Rylski 1689, m Jan Rylski 1689

80. 2-o v. After Wojciech Boczkowski 1703 (Perp. Czers. 12 f. 237; 15 f. 337 and 332; 21 f. 93; 14 A f. 414; 16 B f. 257; Zs. Warec. 28 f. 360). m Wojciech Boczkowski 1703
81. Maciej in Branków and Błotnica, m Maciej
82. Grzegorz's third son secured the dowry for his wife, mother Grzegorz
83. Annie née Koziętulski, k Anna Koziętulski
- 84 Daughter of Stanisław, 1558 m Stanisław 1558
85. From her sons: Jan and m Jan
86. Piotr who completed the fortune department in 1602, m Piotr 1602
87. and daughter Małgorzata, k Małgorzata
88. Wife of Jan Celejowski 1588 (Zs. Warec. 9 f. 141; 18 f. 156; 14 f. 69). m Jan Celejowski 1588
- January 89, m January
- Maciej's 90th son in Branków and Błotnica twice renewed his marriages; his first wife was Maciej
91. Anna Lubiszewska, k Anna Lubiszewski
92. The daughter of Stanisław, to whom, saving half the property in 1597, he also gave custody of the children: m Stanisław 1597
93. Jerzy and Jerzy
94. Mary begotten with her; the other - k Maryna
95. Anna Palczewska, k Anna Palczewski
96. Daughter of Jan, with whom he testified a CV in 1613. He left numerous descendants from both women. m January 1613
97. From the first wife, in addition to the mentioned Jerzy and mother Jerzy
98. Maryny, k Maryna
99. had another son, Stanisław; to the other sons: m Stanisław
- Jan 100, m Jan
101. Bernard, M. Bernard
102. Anselm and m Anselm
103. Marcyan and daughters: m Marcyan

104. Jadwiga, k Jadwiga
105. Barbara, k Barbara
106. Anna, k Anna
107. Agnieszka, k Agnieszka
108. Zofia and k Zofia
109. Krystyna. m Krystyn
110. With a will testified in 1643, he transferred to his sons: Stanisław and Stanisław 1643
111. Jan Wola Łychowska, m Jan
112. Bernhard and Mutter Bernhard
113. An Anselm Błotnica und m an Anselm
114. Marcyan, Teil von Branków and Wola. m Marcyan
115. Jerzy war damals schon tot, m Jerzy
116. Von seinen Töchtern: Maryna 1619, Ehefrau von Maryna 1619
117. Żelisław Bylina, m Żelisław Bylina
118. Barbara für k Barbara
119. Marcyan Bońko 1652, m Marcyan Bońko 1652
120. Anna für k Anna
121. Aleksander Rogowski 1642, m Aleksander Rogowski 1642
122. Agnieszka für k Agnieszka
123. Adam Okireglicki 1626, m Adam Okireglicki 1626
124. Zofia für k Zofia
125. Adam Oborski 1652 and Adam Oborski 1652
126. Krystyna married Krystyn
127. Mikołaj Koterski 1652 (Zs. Warec. 16 f. 78; 17 f. 68; 20 f. 265; 27 f. 90, 423 and 456; 25 f. 12; 22 f. 669; Perp. Czers. 11 f 470, 509 and 548; 7 f. 289). m Mikołaj Koterski 1652
128. Stanislaw, m Stanislaw
129. Son of Jan, m Jan
130. Married to Anna Cętkowska in 1642 (Zs. Warec. 27 f. 288). k Anna Cętkowski 1642
- January 131, m January

132. Son of Jan, granted a sum by his father in 1638, m Jan 1638
133. from Elżbieta Lasocka had sons: k Elżbieta Lasocki
134. Hieronim and m Hieronim
135. Aleksandra, who, along with his great-uncle and siblings, inherits his grandmother Alexander
136. Palczewska was left by N. Palczewski
137. Boskieu 1689 r. M N. Boski 1689
138. Hieronim, m Hieronim
139. Son of Jan, m Jan
- 140 by Anna Babska had three sons: k Anna Babski
141. Stanisław, m Stanisław
142. Francis and Mother Francis
143. Krzysztof, heirs in Wola Łychowska confirmed by Krzysztof
144. Jastrzębski 1698, m N. Jastrzębski 1698
145. and a daughter Jadwiga, k Jadwiga
146. the wife of Franciszek Grzegorzewski in 1694 (Zs. Warec. 26 f. 392 and 393; Perp. Czers. 14 A f. 403; 23 A f. 266; 16 A f. 68; 14 C f. 264; 38 D f. 24). m Franciszek Grzegorzewski 1694
147. Stanisław, m Stanisław
148. Son of Hieronim, heir of Wola Łychowska, m. Hieronim
149. Married to Anna Słanek born 1715 and Anna Słanka 1715
150. Francis, M. Francis
151. Son of Hieronim, stolnik of Liw 1733, m Hieronim the stolnik Liw (husband) 1733
152. Married to Zuzanna Cebrzykowska 1726, k Zuzanna Cebrzykowski 1726
153. He had a son, Antoni, comrade of the Rudziński tank banner in 1743 m Antoni, comrade of 1743
154. Krzysztof, m Krzysztof
155. Son of Hieronim, married 1722 to Hieronim 1722
156. Elżbieta Głoskowską (Perp. Czers. 18 f. 280 and 282; 20 f. 121; 25 f. 181; 26 f. 251; 19 f. 261). k Elżbieta

## Głoskowski

157. Alexander, m Alexander

158. Son of Jan with m Jan

159. Lasocka, testified with his wife, near N. Lasocki

160. Anna née Czosnowska, life records 1652 (DW. 51 f. 2046). His descendants are unknown.

k Anna Czosnowski 1652

161. Bernard; son of M. Bernard

162. John, m Jan

163. Married to Ewa Gozdzka 1645, k Ewa Gozdzki 1645

164. had a son by her, Jan, who passed his success on to his grandmother John

165. Palczewska 1689 and two daughters: k N. Palczewski 1689

166. Maryanna; Mrs k Marianna

167. Grzegorz Obniski 1677 and Grzegorz Obniski 1677

168. Teresa for k Teresa

169. Waleryan Sankowski 1685 (Zs: Warec. 27 f. 759 and Perp. Czers. 13 f. 539 and 14 A f. 112). m Walerian Sankowski 1685

170. Anselm, m Anselm

171. Son of Jan, m Jan

172. by Zofia Masłowska had a son named Zofia Masłowski

173. Adryjana, who with his wife m Adrian

174. Anna née Rudzki, sentenced to life imprisonment in 1680. k Anna Rudzki 1680

175. His son Franciszek 1727 (Perp. Czers. 11 f. 637; 13 f. 685; 14 A f. 403; 20 f. 286). m Francis 1727

176. Marcyan, M. Marcian

177. Son of Jan, testified with his wife, Jan

178. Zofia Kłoczewska, a life sentence in 1647; her sons: k Zofia Kłoczewski 1647

179. Adam, m Adam

Jan 180, m Jan

181. Remigian, M. Remigian

182. and daughter Anna, k Anna

183. Wife of Sebastyan Rudzki 1668 m Sebastian Rudzki 1668
184. Adam, m Adam
185. Married to Ewa Uwielińska, k Ewa Uwieliński  
As the 186th widow of Valerian Nietyx, he had daughters:  
m Walerian Nietyxa
187. Anna für k Anna
188. Adam Gasparski 1700, m Adam Gasparski 1700
189. Maryanna für k Marianna
190. Michał Arciszewski 1714, m Michał Arciszewski 1714
191. und Sohn Kazimierz, verheiratet 1713 1-v. myth m Kazimierz 1713
192. Salomea Baranowska, k Salomea Baranowski
- 193.2-v. Myth Maryanna Karwowska 1733, k Marianna Karwowski 1733
194. dann die Frau von Józef Leżeński. Im letzten Jahr war er Haubenrichter von Czersk. m Józef Leżeński Haubenrichter Czersk (Ehemann)
195. Sein Sohn Józef, geboren mit seiner Mutter Józef
196. Karwowska, near N. Karwowski
197. married 1st of with Petronella Raciborska 1758, k Petronella Raciborski 1758
198. 2-o v. With Anna Humięcka née Rzewuski in 1768 he sold Kręzel to his second wife in 1768 k Anna Rzewuski Humięcki 1768  
1768
199. Jacob, m Jacob
200. Józef's brother, he sold Błotnica m Józef
201. Boglewski 1773 (Perp. Czers. 10 f. 784; 13 f. 262; 14 A f. 269 and 301; 18 f. 45; 23 A f. 1 and 58; 30 f. 356; 31 f. 108; 34 f. 13, 38 and 361; DW. 62 f. 488). m N. Boglewski 1773
- January 202; son m jan
203. Marcyana, m Marcjan
204. Married to Joanna Mianowska 1701 k Joanna Mianowski 1701

205. Remigian; m son Remigian
206. Marcyana, he wrote with the Czersk Land for the election of August II; married to m Marcjan
207. Agnieszka Chynowska, with whom he witnessed a life sentence in 1687. k Agnieszka Chynowski 1687
208. Daughters by her: Maryanna and k Marianna
209. Justyna, who was given a dowry by her parents in 1711. k Justyna 1711
210. Maryanna, married to Marianna for the past year
211. Antoni Wojciech Michałowski and m Antoni Wojciech Michałowski
212. Justyna, k Justyna
- 213.1-o v. After Stanisław Zaleski 1715, m Stanisław Zaleski 1715
214. 2-o v. According to Waleryan Młochowski 1721 (Perp. Czers. 16 B f. 145; 14 A f. 262; 17 f. 227; 19 f. 158 and 163; DW. 62 f. 969 and 974). m Walerian Młochowski 1721
215. Peter, m Piotr
- Maciejs 216. Sohn sicherte seiner Frau Maciej die Mitgift
217. Małgorzata geb. Swiderski, 1601, verkaufte 1611 Błotnica und Dembowica. k Malgorzata Swiderski 1601 1611
218. Sein Sohn Jakob in Branków sagte mit seiner Frau Jacob aus
219. Elżbieta Lasocka, Vermächtnis - lebenslange Haft 1626; ihrer Söhne: k Elżbieta Lasocki 1626
220. Stanisław, m Stanisław
221. Franciszek, Pfarrer von Międzyrzecz 1656; und Töchter: m Franciszek, der Pfarrer von Międzyrzecz (Item) 1656
222. Maryana für Marian
223. Jan Protazy Boniecki 1653, m Jan Protazy Boniecki 1653
224. Helena for k Helena
225. Jakób Dunin Szpot 1661 and Jakób Dunin 1661
226. Krystyna, m Krystyn

- 227.1-o v. After Jakób Gumowski 1646, m Jakób Gumowski 1646
228. 2-o v. After Walenty Grotowski 1663 (Perp. Czers. 2 f. 110; 3 f. 344; 7 f. 293; 8 f. 296; 11 f. 619; 13 f. 344; 10 f. 728; 12 f. 209 and 322 ; M. 199 f. 42). m Walenty Grotowski 1663
- Jan 229, m Jan
230. Son of Mikołaj, Czersk Deputy, testified that the estate was donated to his wife Mikołaj, Czersk Deputy (husband).
231. Anna née Chmielewski, k Anna Chmielewski
232. Daughters of Jan, 1539; her sons: m Jan. 1539
233. Stanisław, m Stanisław
234. Hieronim, m Hieronim
235. Wawrzyniec, m Wawrzyniec
236. Paweł and m Paweł
237. Grzegorz und Töchter: m Grzegorz
238. Katarzyna für k Katarzyna
239. Maciej Piekarski 1553 and Maciej Piekarski 1553
240. Barbara, Barbara
241. z Ehefrau von Stanisław Boniecki 1561 (Zs. Warec. 6 f. 143; 23 f. 731; 36 f. 377; 41 f. 568 and 702; 9 f. 785; Zs. Gr. Czers. 17 f. 396 ). m Stanislaus Boniecki 1561
242. Hieronim auf Branków und Błotnica; Sohn Hieronims
243. John sicherte die Mitgift für seine Frau, Mutter John
244. Dorota geb. Boniecki, k Dorota Boniecki
245. Tochter des Lazarus, 1568; nach ihrem Tod heiratete er 1568 Lazarus
246. Zofia Staniszevska gesichert durch eine Mitgift im Jahr 1573 k Zofia Staniszewski im Jahr 1573
247. Seine Tochter Dorota, 1609 seine Frau k Dorota 1609
248. Feliks Koziatulski. m Feliks Koziatulski
249. Wawrzyniec, m Wawrzyniec
250. Sohn von Jan, m Jan
251. Von der Frau von Anna hatte er Töchter: k Anna
252. Zuzanna für k Zuzanna
253. Walenty Skorupka 1584, Walenty Skorupka 1584

254. Katarzyna, k Katarzyna
255. Zofia für k Zofia
256. Andrzej Goliański 1595; and m Andrzej Golinski 1595
257. Anna, cannabis
258. die Frau von 1. v. Trojan Przedworski 1593, m Trojan Przedworski 1593
- 259.2-v. Jakób Oczosalski 1603 (Zs. Warec. 10 f. 266; 11 f. 80; 19 f. 585; 14 f. 671; 16 f. 503; Zs. Gr. Czers. 45 f. 1065 u 53 f. 823; Perp Czers. 2 f. 308). m Jakob Oczosalski 1603
260. Paweł auf Błotnica, m Paweł
261. Sohn von John, M. Jan
262. Verheiratet mit Urszula Rzyśkówna geb. Pisarski 1562, hinterließ keine Kinder (Zs. Gr. Czers. 22 f. 484; 29 f. 1562; Zs. Warec. 13 f. 578). k Urszula von Pisarski Rzyśko 1562
263. Grzegorz auf Branków, m Grzegorz
264. Sohn von John, sicherte die Mitgift für seine Frau, m Jan
265. Dorota geb. Michałowski, 1562; ihrer Söhne: k Dorota Michałowski 1562
266. Paweł, m Paweł
267. Valeryan, M. Baldrian
268. Stanisław und Töchter: m Stanisław
269. Zofia, k Zofia
270. Elizabeth, k Elizabeth
271. Małgorzata und k Małgorzata
272. Barbara (Zs. Gr. Czers. 28 f. 320; 43 f. 142; 59 f. 770; Zs. Warec. 10 f. 940; 13 f. 578). k Barbara
273. Zofia für k Zofia
274. Wojciech Byczyński 1611 m Wojciech Byczyński 1611
275. Paweł, m Paweł
276. Sohn von Grzegorz, M. Grzegorz
277. Verheiratet mit Urszula Michałowska 1604, k Urszula Michałowski 1604
278. hinterließ eine Tochter, Margaret; Frau k Małgorzata
279. Abraham Lesznowski 1626, m Abraham Lesznowski 1626

- 280 and son Jan in Branków and Wola 1635 m Jan 1635  
 Jan 281 with m Jan
282. Helena Dąbrowska had a son, Helena Dąbrowski
283. Jacenty, who testified with his wife, m Jacenty
284. Maryanna née Czyszkowski, life imprisonment 1678 k  
 Marianna Czyszkowski 1678
285. Francis, Mother Francis
286. Son of Jacenty, owner of Żabieniec, bought by Jacenty
287. Czyszkowski and Trąbki 1715, m N. Czyszkowski 1715
288. from Anna Służewska had a daughter named Anna  
 Służewski
289. Euphrosine, k Euphrosine
290. the wife of Ignacy Laskowski. m Ignacy Laskowski
291. His widow 1749 Valeryan, m Valerian 1749
292. Son of Grzegorz, secured dowry for his wife Grzegorz
293. Ursula Boska, 1593 (Zs. Warec. 18 f. 10 and 183; 19 f.  
 369; Perp. Czers. 4 f. 18; 7 f. 434, 365; 9 f. 251; 13 f. 208) ,  
 579; 18 f. 265, 271, 337; 29 f. 27, 31; DW. 62 f. 1040). at  
 Ursula the Divine 1593
294. Katarzyna for k Katarzyna
295. Bartłomiej Ostrowski 1624 m Bartłomiej Ostrowski  
 1624
296. Katarzyna, k Katarzyna
297. Daughter of John; for m Jan
298. Walenty Sankowski 1631 m Walenty Sankowski 1631
299. Hedwig for Hedwig
300. Walenty Gośniewski 1642. M. Walenty Gośniewski  
 1642
301. Jadwiga Seweryn neben Jadwiga Seweryn
302. Piotr Głuchowski 1657 m Piotr Głuchowski 1657
303. Zuzanna für k Zuzanna
304. Walenty Suski 1670 (Perp. Czers. 7 f. 109; 8 f. 547; 10  
 f. 333; 12 f. 14 and 23; 13 f. 286; 17 f. 34). m Walenty Suski  
 1670
305. Michał, Unterdelegierter der Stadt Stężyca 1779,  
 Vizegericht des Gerichts Stężyca 1788 m Michał,