

The noble Polish family Grzyma.

Die adlige polnische Familie Grzyma.



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grizima . In a red field, three white foxes, turned to the left, standing one on top of the other; Home decoration: three ostrich feathers. It is introduced from Pomerania through the Bork. They first came to Silesia, where they called themselves Borkowicz as early as 1273 , then also to Greater Poland, where in 1346 they owned the Gryzyny (Grisina) estate in what is now the district of Kosten, after which the coat of arms was named Gryzyna , which changed to Gryzima . But it is also called Liszki (the foxes) after the coat of arms . The same lead 'the:

Borkowicz, Dulski, Gostynski, Starzynski, Wilski.

Gryzima (herb szlachecki)

Gryzima (Borek, Bork, Gryzina , Gryżna , Lupus, Wilki),
[coat of arms](#) .

In the red field three striding silver foxes arranged on a pole. There are three ostrich feathers in the [jewel](#) above the crowned [helmet](#) .

- Earliest Mentions:

Coat of arms of German origin, seal image from [1396](#) .

- [Wappengenossen](#) :

Bork, Dulski , Gostyński , Gryzima , Gryziński , Gryzyński , Jaskowski , Lincz , Maliński , Płaskowski , Starzyński , Weyzenburg , Włoszczowski .

- Siehe auch: [Heraldik](#) , [Heraldik](#) , [Wappenverzeichnis](#)

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grzymala . In a golden field a red wall of six rows, in which a gate with two gate leaves opened outwards and a raised lattice, on the wall three towers of equal height, each with three battlements; Helm adornment: a peacock tail behind three fan-like towers. Some claim that this coat of arms was brought to Poland by a knight Zylberschweg or Zelberszwecht from Germany, but it is one of the oldest Polish coats of arms, whose acclamation was Grzymala . The homeland of this family was originally in Mazovia , in the Lomza region . This coat of arms was later augmented by a man in full armor standing in the gate, his left arm supported at his side, his right arm raised with a saber. Przeclaw received this propagation Grzymala for having bravely defended the city of Plock against the Jazdzwinger in 1078 by the later Prince Wladislaw Hermann. Then the coat of arms was also diminished again: Prince Boleslaw

Wstydlivy of Poland (112779), who had knight Grzymala , owner of Goslice in Płock Voivodeship , on suspicion of collusion with Prince Kazimierz of Kujawy , imposed Grzymala , from his coat of arms to let the knight go and, as a further sign of princely disfavour, to keep the gate closed in the coat of arms. Another diminution also took place: when the Lithuanians with the Jazd kennels When they invaded Mazovia , the Grzymala , owners of Zielony and Slasy , bravely opposed them, defeated them and drove them out. In recognition of this, they were given the reduction of the knight and gate from their coat of arms, so that they only had to lead a smooth wall with the towers, as a symbol that they had been a protective wall for that region. In one form or another, this coat of arms carries the:

Baranowski, Bartold, Bieganowski, Bieszczycycki, Borkowski, Borzewicki, Bossowski, Brodowski, Broglowski, Brzozogłowski, Budziszewski, Bukowski, Businski, Bzowski, Chrostowski, Chwalikowski, Czampski, Czaplicki, Czapski, Czuszewski, Długolecki, Długoski, Dluski, Dluski, Dluski, Domarat, Domaszewski, Dominikowski, Dzierzanowski, Frankenberg, Garwaski, Gasinski, Gassowski, Glogowski, Gorski, Goslicki, Grabowiecki, Grabowski, Grudzinski, Grzymala, Grzymultowski, Halaczkiewicz, Hawranowski, Hertyk, Hoffmann, Jablonowski, Jazwinski, Jurkowicz, Kalkowicz, Kalkowisz Kamodzinski, Kazanowski, Kazłowski, Kobylanski, Kobylenski, Kocłowski, Koskowski, Krasnopolski, Krzemienowski, Lesniowski, Litwinski, Litwosz, Litynski, Lubanski, Lubiatowski, Bogaicki, Lagiewnicki, Lagiewski, Lagona, Laszewski, Losowski, Bogaicki, Machonski, Malachowski, Malach Mniszewski, Modrzewski, Modrzynski, Meer, Moszczynski, Niecikowski, Niegolewski, Niemira, Ochenkowski, Odachowski, Oleski, Olesnicki, O strowski, Pach owski, Parzniczowski, Peczkowski, Piatkowski, Pierzchnowski, Podlecki, Podolski, Pogorzelski, Pogrell, Pokrzywnicki, Potulicki, Pradzenski,

Przadzewski, Preciszewski, Przejrzanski, Przyborowski, Przybyszewski, Rachfalowski, Radowicki, Radzewski, Remaszewski, Rybasz, Rybasz, Rybasz, Rybasz Rybaszewski Rybczyński Rybski, Rychlicki, Rymwid, Rynwidowicz, Siedlecki, Siemianowski, Skoczynski, Skotnicki, Slaski, Slezynski, Sliwowski, Slomowski, Smogulecki, Sobolinski, Sojecki, Starzynski, Strekowski, Strzelecki, Suchywilk, Swidrygiell, Swiechowski, Targi, Swiechowski, Targi, Swiechowski, , Swisz, Radski, Swisz Troszczewski, Trusczynski, Turczynski, Turzanski, Ujejski, Werecki, Wielgorski, Wielogorski, Wieszczycki, Wiewiorowski, Wilamowski, Wilkowski, Wiszniowski

Other names of this coat of arms:
Grzymalita, Odwaga, Ślasa



Coat of arms description:

In the golden field there is a red wall with three empty towers and an open gate, in the gate there is an armed knight with a sword in his right hand and a shield in one hand left. In the crown jewel there are three towers on five peacock feathers.

It is widespread in the preferred Kraków, Lublin and Poznań.

Legend of the coat of arms: Lithuania with Jadźwingami, frequent invasions of the province of Mazovia, citizens gathered near the villages

**start
of
form**

**end of
form**



[The
castle in
Lutomirsk
became
the
property
of Grz](#)



of Zielony and Ślasów, not only evaporated from the looters, but swallowed them at will; Therefore, as compensation for this bravery, the former coat of arms of the natives of Grzymała was redesigned, that is, a wall without a gate, without a sign, and as if you wanted to know that on this occasion they built a wall land wall.

[Hand painted image of Grzymała Coat of Arms . files](#)

Seal: Albigowski, Baranowski, Bartold, Bartołd, Bączewski, Bieganowicz, Bieganowski, Biestrzykowski, Bieszczycycki, Biezdziecki, Bieńczyński, Binczycki, Bobalicki, Borkacki, Borkowski, Bortkiewicz, Borzewicki, Bosowski, Brodowski, Brogłowski, Brzezka, Budziwiowski, Budginziwiowski, Budginziwiowski Budginziwiowski Budziwiowski, , Burkard, Burkardt, Busiński, Buszyński, Cetwiński, Chodowski, Chrościński, Chwalikowski, Cidzik, Ciesielski, Ciunowicz, Czapski, Cuszowski, Długołęński, Długołęcki, Długoski, Dłuski, Dobiecki, Dobrodziejski, Domeykokanan, Domwiewaratejowski, Domwiewaratejowski Dzierżanowski, Dzienielski, Fedorkowicz, Frangenberg, Frankenberg, Freyberg, Garwacki, Garwaski, Gąsiński, Gąsowski, Gąsowski, Gilewicz, Głogowski, Gojski, Gości, Gościński, Górski, Grabowiecki, Gromolowski, Gromolowski, Grrzymajowieski, Łódzki, Łórzyłowieski, Grzyłojowski, Grzyłojowski, Grzyłojowski, Grzyłojowski, Grzymkowski, Grzymultowski, Gutteter, Habowski, Hałaczkiwicz, Harassowski, Herubinowicz, Hoffman, Hrymalicz, Imielański, Iwien ski, Jabłonowski, Jabłoński, Jaźwiński, Jukowski, Jurkowicz, Kalborski, Kaliborski, Kalibowski, Kamocyński,

Kamodziński, Kazanowski, Kazłowski,
Kazonowicz, Kijski, Kikowski, Klonowski,
Kobyłański, Kobyleński, Kobyliński, Kobyliński
Korczakmie, Krol, Krzemieni, Krzemienowski ,
Kwot, Kwot , Kytor, Lagona, Langmin, Leciński,
Lesznikowski, Leśnikowski, Leśniowski,
Lewaszewski, Litworz, Litwosz, Lityński,
Lubański, Lubczyński, Lubiatowski, Human,
Łagiewnicki, Łagiewski, Łagona, Łaguna, Ski
Laszczewski . Oleki, Oleki, Olesznicki, Opalacz,
Ostrowski, Parzniczewski, Pąchowski, Perski,
Pęczalicki, Pęczkowski, Pęczlicki, Pęczyiński,
Piątkowski, Pierski, Pierzcheński,
Pierzchnowski, Pietrski, Pintowski, Podleski,
Podlegorski, Podniestrzański, Podolski, Polecki,
Podellosnowski , Pogorzelski, Pokrzywnicki,
Potulicki, Pradzeński, Prandota, Prądzewski,
Prądborowski, Prąrzeński, Przyborski,
Przecisborski, Przyb Przybyłek, Przybyłko,
Przybyłowski, Red, Raswanowski, Przyłbyowski,
Przyłbyowski, Przyłbyłowski Rybczyński,
Rybski, Rychlicki, Rymwidowicz, Rynwid,
Rynwidowicz, Rzepliński , Siedlecki,
Siemianowski, Silberschński, Słberschwecki,
Skomoczyński, Sketnicki, Sketnicki Smerzyński,
Smogulecki, Soboliński, Sojeciszki,
Szczepliński, Strzelkorki, Sw. Szczaworzyski,
Smerzyński, Ślaski, Śleżyński, Śmiłowski ,
Świdrygieł, Świdrygiełło, Świeradzki,
Świszowski, Troszczeński, Troszczewski,
Turzewski, Troszczewski, Troszczewski,
Turzewski, Troszczewski Ujejski, Wabiszewicz,
Wielgórski, Wiluiorowski, Wieszczanski,
Wieszczamiew, Wieszczanski, Wieszczanski ,
Wodźbun, Wojdzbun , Wojno, Wojzbun,
Woydzbun, Woyno, Wskrzeński, Wsk rzyński,

Zaborowski, Zaleski, Zamoński, Zasadzki,
Zawalczyk, Zawalczyk, Zbierchowski,
Zbierzchowski, Zbikowski, Zbykalski, Zedowicz,
Zielński, Zielński, Żarski, Zielński,
Zielżbikowski, Zielżski

mentioned: "Wincenty first Orłowski, d.
Stanisław, successor, who followed, after all
monastic estates, quarrels, man of peace, in
which he fell asleep in 1558. Stieglitz. in
Tyneć., fol. 97. and 100. Piotr, Jan and
Stanisław, the laws of the Koprzywnicki
Congress in 1587 were signed by the
Constitution, fol. 427. The last of them,
Stanisława Paprocki, praises the happiness of
brotherly hearts reconcile and soothe torn
neighborly strife he left behind. In 1600 there
were two brothers, Wojciech mentions in the
Constitution of 1602 fol. 805. Wojski
Parczowski, his son Krzysztof born Zofia
Cieciszewska: the same Wojciech renewed his
marriage with Dorota Podleska: and Zygmunt in
Baranów Trzeźni and Maliny heir: his two sons
Mikołaj and Hieronim. Mikołaj, the Stolnik of
Kyiv in 1650, took Jadwiga Niemścianka and
had with her a son, Stanisław, the Lwowski
cupbearer, from whom ordered the daughter of
Joanna Ossolińska, the Knyszyńska elder, and
Leonard Koniecpolski, the Braclawski castellan
War. Stanisław, the writer of the Łomża region,
and strikingly the same Stanisław, Chamberlain
Wiski, called in fraternal voices in 1641, he was
asked to become a commissioner of the Seym to
settle the border disputes between demenrz
Duchy of Mazovia. fol. His 20th wife,