

Contributions to Management Science

Frank T. Piller · Verena Nitsch ·
Dirk Lüttgens · Alexander Mertens ·
Sebastian Pütz · Marc Van Dyck *Editors*

Forecasting Next Generation Manufacturing

Digital Shadows, Human-Machine
Collaboration, and Data-driven Business
Models

 Springer

Contributions to Management Science

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ISSN 1431-1941

ISSN 2197-716X (electronic)

Contributions to Management Science

ISBN 978-3-031-07733-3

ISBN 978-3-031-07734-0 (eBook)

<https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-031-07734-0>

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This Springer imprint is published by the registered company Springer Nature Switzerland AG
The registered company address is: Gewerbestrasse 11, 6330 Cham, Switzerland

Foreword¹

The world is changing faster than ever before. Old certainties are disappearing, and with them the business models that have underpinned the global economy for decades. One of the most significant drivers of this change is the Internet, which is now being extended from the virtual world into the physical world of manufacturing, transforming the way we develop, produce, and use products. This is the world of the Internet of Production (IoP). The IoP is a key enabler of the Fourth Industrial Revolution, which is characterized by a rapid increase in the pace of technological change, the blurring of boundaries between physical, digital, and biological systems, and the increasing political, economic, and social impact of technological disruptions. The IoP is already having a major impact on industry, and that impact is only going to increase in the years ahead.

A key concept of the IoP is digital shadows that connect data, products, and equipment and are shared in cross-organizational data spaces. Their widespread use will have implications that go far beyond mere technical implementation. From a company-internal perspective, the use of digital shadows facilitates cooperation between humans, robots, and smart agents, enabling human capabilities to be complemented by artificial intelligence-based decision support systems and human-centered human-machine collaboration. From a company-external perspective, data-based value creation and capture in platform-based ecosystems changes the logic of business models. These changes were reinforced by the COVID-19 pandemic, which acted as a catalyst.

This book is the result of interdisciplinary research from engineering, information systems, social sciences, and management fields conducted in the context of the IoP. Our objective was to create a picture of the future consisting of the elements of a next

¹Note: This foreword has been created by machine intelligence using the GPT-3 language model. Some human intelligence was applied for light editing. Refer to chapter “Hybrid Intelligence in Next Generation Manufacturing: An Outlook on New Forms of Collaboration between Human and Algorithmic Decision Makers in the Factory of the Future” for more information about this hybrid approach.

generation production system that may exist in 2030. By approaching this book with an interdisciplinary view, we make an important contribution to the still very young field of the IoP. Our work is based on the conviction that in order to make sense of the future, one must take an integrative perspective that considers different disciplinary lenses. One cannot simply extrapolate from the past or from recent trends. The world is changing too fast for that. We must instead understand the drivers of change and the interactions between them. This book is an important step in that direction. We hope that it will make a valuable contribution to the IoP research field and help shape the debates about the future of industrial production.

It is our wish that this book will inspire and stimulate debate on the opportunities and challenges posed by the IoP. We hope that it will help policymakers to develop policies that enable companies to take advantage of the opportunities presented by the IoP, and that it will help business leaders to make the decisions that will enable their companies to prosper in the IoP era. We hope that the propositions set out in this book will provide a useful framework for understanding the potential impact of the IoP on industrial production and the global economy. These would be some of my wishes for the book. The future of industrial production is uncertain, but the IoP has the potential to be a game changer. We should all be excited to see what the future holds.

Aachen & San Francisco, March 2022

Generative Pre-trained Transformer (GPT)-3, OpenAI

Acknowledgements

The research presented in this book has been funded by the Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (DFG, German Research Foundation) under Germany's Excellence Strategy—EXC-2023 Internet of Production—390621612. We thank DFG for their trust in our research vision.

Our book has been a huge team effort and is the result of a truly interdisciplinary endeavor. The editors are grateful for the backing of their colleagues in the Cluster of Excellence “Internet of Production” at RWTH Aachen. Especially, we would like to thank the spokesperson of the cluster, Prof. Christian Brecher, and its managing directors, Dr. Matthias Brockmann and Melanie Buchsbaum, for their support and encouragement in publishing this book, and for creating the open and collaborative atmosphere in which we could conduct this research project.

We especially thank Marc Van Dyck for being the project lead of the Delphi study and acting as the coordinating editor of this book. Sebastian Bouschery contributed his skills in onboarding the GPT-3 as a member of our editorial team, and we are grateful for his support. We further thank our student assistants Jennifer Liebsch and Leonid Wolsky for their support in executing the Delphi rounds. Lastly, we thank Springer Nature's executive editor, Dr. Prashanth Mahagaonkar, for guiding us through the publication process and constructively challenging our manuscript.

Finally, we thank all experts serving on our international Delphi panel for their validations of our propositions. Our experts not just provided a quantitative scoring, but contributed more than 600 detailed qualitative comments and remarks, which largely informed our analysis. We further thank all interview partners and domain experts for their input and ideas in drafting the Delphi propositions.

We hope that all these efforts are fruitful to inspire future research on the next generation of industrial manufacturing, but especially provide vision and orientation

to managers developing the future of their production system—and with this, the industrial future that is the backbone of our wealth and social wellbeing.

Aachen, Germany

Frank T. Piller
Verena Nitsch
Dirk Lüttgens
Alexander Mertens
Sebastian Pütz
Marc Van Dyck

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Verena Nitsch studied applied psychology at Charles Sturt University in Australia and the University of Central Lancashire in the UK before completing her master’s degree in industrial and organizational psychology at Manchester Business School. She completed her doctorate in engineering in the field of human–technology interaction at the Bundeswehr University Munich, where she became a professor of Cognitive Ergonomics and headed the Human Factors Institute (IfA) from 2016 to 2018. Since June 2018, she has been a full professor and Director of the Institute of Industrial Engineering and Ergonomics at RWTH Aachen University (IAW). She is also currently a Head of the Department of Product and Process Ergonomics at the Fraunhofer Institute for Communication, Information Processing and Ergonomics FKIE.

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Sebastian Pütz M.Sc., received his bachelor's degree in psychology from RWTH Aachen University and his master's degree in human factors engineering and ergonomics from the Technical University of Munich. He is a research associate and Ph.D. candidate at the Department of Ergonomics and Human-Machine Systems at the Institute of Industrial Engineering and Ergonomics (IAW) at RWTH Aachen University. He is also the coordinator of an interdisciplinary workstream within the Cluster of Excellence "Internet of Production," which investigates the human factor in Next Generation Manufacturing. Sebastian's research focuses on the cognitive ergonomics of human-machine interfaces with the goal of optimizing operator workload in socio-technical production systems.

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How Digital Shadows, New Forms of Human-Machine Collaboration, and Data-Driven Business Models Are Driving the Future of Industry 4.0: A Delphi Study



Frank T. Piller and Verena Nitsch

Abstract Transferring the idea of the Internet to the manufacturing landscape—the Internet of Production (IoP)—fundamentally changes our understanding of how products are developed, produced, and utilized. A key concept of the IoP is digital shadows that connect data, products, and equipment and are shared in cross-organizational data spaces. These developments are also core ideas driving the evolution of the current Industry 4.0 paradigm into its next generation (“Industry 4.U”) and have far-reaching implications that go beyond mere technical issues. From a company-internal perspective, managers and workers need to deal with new forms of collaboration and cooperation between humans, robots, smart machines, and algorithms. From a company-external (network) perspective, data-based value creation and capture in platform-based ecosystems change the logic of many manufacturing business models. These changes have been reinforced by the COVID-19 pandemic, which acted as a catalyst for many transformation processes. Given the high uncertainty in the likelihood of occurrence and of the technical, economic, and societal impacts of these concepts, we conducted a technology foresight study in the form of a real-time Delphi analysis to derive reliable future scenarios featuring the next generation of manufacturing systems. This chapter introduces the conceptual and technical background of this study, defines important terms and frameworks, and provides an overview of the Delphi projections that are presented and analyzed in greater detail in the remaining chapters of this book.

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