



3rd UK Edition

Investing in Shares





Manage risk and ride out market highs and lows

Spot companies on the up (and down)



Financial Times columnist

Paul Mladjenovic

CFP, Investment Consultant





Investing in Shares

3rd Edition

by David Stevenson and Paul Mladjenovic



Investing in Shares For Dummies®, 3rd Edition

Published by: John Wiley & Sons, Ltd., The Atrium, Southern Gate, Chichester, www.wiley.com

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John Wiley & Sons, Ltd., The Atrium, Southern Gate, Chichester, West Sussex, PO19 8SQ, United Kingdom

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A catalogue record for this book is available from the British Library.

Library of Congress Control Number: 2021950170

ISBN: 978-1-119-83221-8

ISBN 978-1-119-83222-5 (ebk); ISBN 978-1-119-83223-2 (ebk)

Contents at a Glance

Introduction	1
Part 1: The Essentials of Investing in Shares	
CHAPTER 2: Sizing Up Your Current Finances and Setting Goals	15
CHAPTER 3: Defining Common Approaches to Investing in Shares	31
CHAPTER 4: Assessing the Risks	41
CHAPTER 5: Getting to Know the Stock Markets	55
Part 2: Before You Start Buying	65
CHAPTER 6: Gathering Information	
CHAPTER 7: Finding a Broker	85
CHAPTER 8: Investing for Growth	103
CHAPTER 9: Investing for Income	115
CHAPTER 10: Using Basic Accounting to Choose Winning Shares	129
Part 3: Picking Winners	145
CHAPTER 11: Decoding Company Documents	147
CHAPTER 12: Analysing Industries	159
CHAPTER 13: Being Prepared for a Changing World	169
CHAPTER 14: Getting Active and Alternative with Investment Funds	181
Part 4: Investment Strategies and Tactics	199
CHAPTER 15: Taking the Bull (or Bear) by the Horns	
CHAPTER 16: Choosing a Strategy That's Just Right for You	
CHAPTER 17: Using Your Broker and Trading Techniques	
CHAPTER 18: Getting a Handle on DRIPs and PCA ASAP	
CHAPTER 19: Looking at What the Insiders Do: Corporate Capers	
CHAPTER 20: Considering Tax Benefits and Liabilities	
CHAPTER 21: Creating a Smarter Portfolio with Lower-Cost Funds and ETFs	
CHAPTER 22: Recognising the Relentless Rise of Technology	
Part 5: The Part of Tens	305
CHAPTER 23: Ten Warning Signs of a Share's Decline	
CHAPTER 24: Ten Signals of a Share Price Increase	
CHAPTER 25: Ten Ways to Protect Yourself from Fraud	
CHARTER 26: Ten Challenges and Opportunities for Stock Market Investors	

Part 6: Appendixes	. 339
APPENDIX A: Resources for Investors in Shares	. 341
APPENDIX B: Financial Ratios and Accounting Terms	. 351
Index	. 361

Table of Contents

INTRO	DUCTION	1
	About This Book	1
	Foolish Assumptions	2
	Icons Used in This Book	3
	Beyond This Book	3
	Where to Go from Here	4
DADT 1	: THE ESSENTIALS OF INVESTING IN SHARES	_
CHAPTER 1:	Exploring the Basics	
	Understanding the Basics	
	Getting Prepared before Starting	
	Knowing How to Pick Winners	
	Recognising the value of shares	
	Understanding how market capitalisation affects share values	
	Sharpening your investment skills	
	Boning Up on Strategies and Tactics	
	Getting Good Tips	.13
CHAPTER 2:	Sizing Up Your Current Finances and	
	Setting Goals	. 15
	Establishing a Starting Point	.16
	Step 1: Making sure you have an emergency fund	.17
	Step 2: Listing your assets in decreasing order of liquidity	.17
	Step 3: Listing your liabilities	
	Step 4: Calculating your net worth	
	Step 5: Analysing your balance sheet	
	It's All about the Cash (Flow)!	
	Step 1: Tallying up your income	
	Step 2: Adding up your outgoings	
	Step 3: Creating a cash flow statement	
	Step 4: Analysing your cash flow	
	Finding investment money in tax savings	
	Setting four Signits on four Financial doals	.20
CHAPTER 3:	Defining Common Approaches to Investing	
	in Shares	. 31
	Matching Shares and Strategies with Your Goals	.32
	Investing for the Future	
	Focusing on the short term	
	Considering medium-term goals	
	Preparing for the long term	.34

	Investing for a Reason	35
	Growth investing	35
	Income investing	36
	Investing in Your Personal Style	38
	Cautious investing	38
	Aggressive investing	38
CHAPTER 4:	Assessing the Risks	41
	Exploring Different Kinds of Risk	42
	Financial risk	42
	Interest rate risk	42
	Understanding the adverse effects of rising interest rates	44
	Market risk	45
	Inflation risk	46
	Tax risk	46
	Political and governmental risks	
	Personal risks	47
	Emotional risk	
	Minimising Your Risk	
	Gaining knowledge	
	Staying out for now	
	Getting your financial house in order	
	Diversifying your investments	
	Weighing Risk against Return	53
CHAPTER 5:	Getting to Know the Stock Markets	55
	Knowing How Indices Are Measured	55
	Using the Indices	57
	Tracking the indices	57
	Investing in indices	57
	Checking Out Major Markets	58
	The FTSE 100 Index	58
	The FTSE 250	60
	The FTSE All-Share	60
	Identifying Markets for Smaller Companies	61
	The Alternative Investment Market	61
	Further afield: International indices	61
	rartier anelal international marces	
	Considering international markets	63
PART 2		
	Considering international markets 2: BEFORE YOU START BUYING	65
	Considering international markets 2: BEFORE YOU START BUYING Gathering Information	65 67
	Considering international markets	65 67 68
	Considering international markets	65 67 68
	Considering international markets	65 67 68 69

	Staying on Top of Financial News	/ 3
	Figuring out what a company's up to	74
	Discovering what's new with an industry	74
	Knowing what's happening with the economy	75
	Seeing what the politicians and government bureaucrats	
	are doing	
	Checking for trends in society, culture and entertainment	76
	Reading (and Understanding) the Financial Pages	76
	52-week high	77
	52-week low	78
	Name and code	78
	Dividend	78
	Volume	79
	Yield	80
	P/E	80
	Price	
	Change	81
	Using News about Dividends	81
	Looking at important dates	81
	Understanding why these dates matter	83
	Evaluating (Avoiding?) Investment Tips	84
CHAPTER 7:	Finding a Broker	85
CHAPTER 7:	Finding a Broker	
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role	85
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role	85 87
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role	85 87 87
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role	85 87 87
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role	85 87 87 88
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role	85 87 88 88
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role	85 87 88 88 89
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role Identifying the Options: Online, Offline, Advisory and Leverage . The old model: Advisory and discretionary How the old model has changed What to watch out for The rise of the online brokers Free Share Dealing: What's the Catch? Recognising the basics to free share dealing	85 87 88 88 89 91
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role Identifying the Options: Online, Offline, Advisory and Leverage . The old model: Advisory and discretionary How the old model has changed What to watch out for The rise of the online brokers Free Share Dealing: What's the Catch? Recognising the basics to free share dealing Understanding costs	85 87 88 88 89 91 91
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role Identifying the Options: Online, Offline, Advisory and Leverage The old model: Advisory and discretionary How the old model has changed. What to watch out for. The rise of the online brokers Free Share Dealing: What's the Catch? Recognising the basics to free share dealing Understanding costs. Being aware of international costs	85 87 88 89 91 91
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role Identifying the Options: Online, Offline, Advisory and Leverage The old model: Advisory and discretionary How the old model has changed. What to watch out for. The rise of the online brokers Free Share Dealing: What's the Catch? Recognising the basics to free share dealing Understanding costs. Being aware of international costs Choosing a Broker.	85 87 88 88 91 91 93
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role Identifying the Options: Online, Offline, Advisory and Leverage . The old model: Advisory and discretionary How the old model has changed. What to watch out for. The rise of the online brokers Free Share Dealing: What's the Catch? Recognising the basics to free share dealing Understanding costs. Being aware of international costs Choosing a Broker. Discovering Various Types of Brokerage Accounts	85 87 88 88 91 91 93 94 94
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role Identifying the Options: Online, Offline, Advisory and Leverage . The old model: Advisory and discretionary . How the old model has changed . What to watch out for . The rise of the online brokers Free Share Dealing: What's the Catch? Recognising the basics to free share dealing . Understanding costs . Being aware of international costs . Choosing a Broker . Discovering Various Types of Brokerage Accounts . Cash accounts .	85 87 88 88 91 91 94 94 94
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role Identifying the Options: Online, Offline, Advisory and Leverage . The old model: Advisory and discretionary . How the old model has changed . What to watch out for . The rise of the online brokers . Free Share Dealing: What's the Catch? . Recognising the basics to free share dealing . Understanding costs . Being aware of international costs . Choosing a Broker . Discovering Various Types of Brokerage Accounts . Cash accounts . Nominee accounts	85 87 88 89 91 91 94 94 94 95
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role Identifying the Options: Online, Offline, Advisory and Leverage The old model: Advisory and discretionary How the old model has changed. What to watch out for. The rise of the online brokers Free Share Dealing: What's the Catch? Recognising the basics to free share dealing Understanding costs. Being aware of international costs Choosing a Broker. Discovering Various Types of Brokerage Accounts Cash accounts Nominee accounts Judging Brokers' Recommendations.	85 87 88 89 91 91 93 94 94 95 96
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role Identifying the Options: Online, Offline, Advisory and Leverage The old model: Advisory and discretionary How the old model has changed. What to watch out for. The rise of the online brokers Free Share Dealing: What's the Catch? Recognising the basics to free share dealing Understanding costs. Being aware of international costs Choosing a Broker. Discovering Various Types of Brokerage Accounts Cash accounts Nominee accounts Judging Brokers' Recommendations. Clarifying the recommendations.	85 87 88 89 91 91 94 94 95 96 96
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role Identifying the Options: Online, Offline, Advisory and Leverage The old model: Advisory and discretionary How the old model has changed. What to watch out for. The rise of the online brokers Free Share Dealing: What's the Catch? Recognising the basics to free share dealing Understanding costs. Being aware of international costs Choosing a Broker. Discovering Various Types of Brokerage Accounts Cash accounts Nominee accounts Judging Brokers' Recommendations. Clarifying the recommendations. Asking questions	85 87 88 89 91 91 94 94 96 96 96
CHAPTER 7:	Defining the Broker's Role Identifying the Options: Online, Offline, Advisory and Leverage The old model: Advisory and discretionary How the old model has changed. What to watch out for. The rise of the online brokers Free Share Dealing: What's the Catch? Recognising the basics to free share dealing Understanding costs. Being aware of international costs Choosing a Broker. Discovering Various Types of Brokerage Accounts Cash accounts Nominee accounts Judging Brokers' Recommendations. Clarifying the recommendations.	85 87 88 89 91 91 94 94 95 96 96 97

CHAPTER 8:	Investing for Growth	103
	Becoming a Value-Orientated Growth Investor	104
	Getting Tips for Choosing Growth Shares	105
	Making the right comparison	
	Checking out a company's fundamentals	
	Looking for leaders and megatrends	
	Considering a company with a strong niche	
	Noticing who's buying and/or recommending the share	
	Looking to history for investing lessons	
	Evaluating the management of a company	
	Exploring Small-Caps and Speculative Shares	
	Asking yourself if your small-cap's making money	
	Recognising that investing in small-cap shares	
	requires analysis	114
CHAPTER 9:	Investing for Income	
	Understanding Income Shares	
	Advantages of income shares	
	Disadvantages of income shares	
	Analysing Income Shares	
	Understanding your needs first	
	Checking out yield	
	Diversifying your shares	
	Examining the company's bond rating	
	Exploring Typical Income Shares	
	Utilities	
	Real estate investment trusts (REITs)	126
	Heina Dasis Assounting to Change	
CHAPTER 10:	Using Basic Accounting to Choose	
	Winning Shares	
	Recognising Value When You See It	
	Inspecting a company from a value-oriented viewpoint	
	Understanding different types of value	
	Putting the pieces together	
	Walking on a wire: The balance sheet	
	Looking at the P&L account	
	Playing around with ratios	

PART 3: PICKING WINNERS	145
CHAPTER 11: Decoding Company Documents	
Slices from the Big Cheese: The Annual Report	
Analysing the annual report's anatomy	
Going through the proxy materials	
Getting a Second Opinion	
Company documents filed with the RNS	
Brokerage reports: The good, the bad and the ugly $ \ldots $	
Paid-for research	
Compiling Your Own Research Department	157
CHAPTER 12: Analysing Industries	159
Interrogating the Industries	160
Is the industry growing?	
Are the industry's products or services in demand?	161
What does the industry's growth rely on?	162
Is this industry dependent on another industry?	162
Who are the leading companies in the industry?	
Is the industry a target of government action?	
Which category does the industry fall into?	
Outlining Key Industries	
For sale	
Baby, you can drive my car	
Thanking Mr Roboto	
Banking on it	168
CHAPTER 13: Being Prepared for a Changing World	
Charging at Bullish Opportunities	170
Globalisation and the need for commodities	
The energy transition	171
Inflation hedges	
The coming healthcare revolution	
An aging society	
Hugging Tight with a Bearish Outlook	
Central banks and monetary policy	
Cyclical shares	
Discussing Important Info for Bulls and Bears	
Conservative and bullish	
Aggressive and bullish	
Conservative and bearish	
Aggressive and bearish	180
Diversification	180

CHAPTER 14: Getting Active and Alternative wi	
Investment Funds	181
Understanding Investment Trusts	
Exploring the Rise of Alternatives and Investm	
Recognising the main categories of alterna	
Playing the discount game	
Examining the infrastructure boom	
Investing in property	
Protecting inflation	
Investing for an income	
Deciding Whether Investment Trusts and Inde Are Right for You	x Trackers
Proper, real alternatives	
Royalty funds	
Crypto cometh	
Emotional assets	
Hedge funds	
Investigating the Rise of Crowdfunding	
gggg.	
PART 4: INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND	TACTICS 199
CHAPTER 15: Taking the Bull (or Bear) by the He	orns 201
Bulling Up	
Recognising the beast	202
Avoiding the horns of a bull market	
Toro! Approaching a bull market	
Bearing Down	
Identifying the beast	
Heading into the woods: Approaching a be	
Straddling Bear and Bull: Uncertain Markets .	
Pinpointing uncertainty is tough	
Deciding whether you want to approach an	uncertain market 212
CHAPTER 16: Choosing a Strategy That's Just Ri	ght for You 213
Laying Out Your Plans	
Living the bachelor life: Young, single, with	no dependents214
Going together like a horse and carriage: N	Married Page 1981
with children	
Getting ready for retirement: Older than 4 or married	0 and single
Kicking back in the hammock: Already retir	red
Allocating Your Assets – Diversification Is Key	
Investors with less than £10,000	
Investors with £10,000–50,000	
Investors with £50,000 or more	
Knowing When to Sell	

CHAPTER 17: Using Your Broker and Trading Techniques	221
Checking Out Brokerage Orders	221
Condition-related orders	222
Time-related orders	227
Buying on Margin	229
Examining marginal outcomes	230
Contracts for difference (CFDs)	231
Going Short and Coming Out Ahead	
Setting up a short sale	
Oops! Going short when prices grow taller	
Feeling the squeeze	
Understanding Leveraged Shares	235
CHAPTER 18: Getting a Handle on DRIPs and PCAASAP	237
Dipping into DRIPs.	
Getting a clue about compounding	
Checking out the cost advantages	
Weighing the pros and the cons	
The One-Two Punch: Pound Cost Averaging and DRIPs	
CHAPTER 19: Looking at What the Insiders Do:	
Corporate Capers	245
Tracking Insider Trading	246
Looking at Insider Transactions	248
Getting info from insider buying	248
Picking up tips from insider selling	249
Observing Corporate Share Buybacks	251
Boosting earnings per share	
Beating back a takeover bid	
Exploring the downside of buybacks	
Staging a Comeback with Share Scrips	
Ordinary share scrips	
Reverse share scrips	255
CHAPTER 20: Considering Tax Benefits and Liabilities	257
Paying through the Nose	
Understanding income and capital gains tax	
Coping with capital losses	
Sharing Your Gains with the Tax Inspector	
Filling out forms	
Playing by the rules – No B&B	
Understanding There's No Such Thing as a Free Share	
Givin' it away	
Not banking on tax deductions	

	Taking Advantage of Tax Advantages	264
	ISAs	264
	Pensions	265
	Comparing ISAs and Pensions	266
CHAPTER 21	: Creating a Smarter Portfolio with Lower-Cost	
	Funds and ETFs	269
	Understanding Why Costs Matter	270
	Acting on the Advice of Academics	
	Considering Tracking an Index	
	Investigating the weird and wonderful world of indexes	
	Working out how to track your chosen index	278
	Understanding that not all trackers are created equal	279
	Differentiating between index funds and ETFs	281
	Adopting a core satellite approach	282
	More Competition Means Lower Fees for ETF Investors	
	Examining the Importance of Leveraged Trackers	
	Looking at Another Acronym: The Remorseless Rise of ESG	
	Keeping Your Eyes Open When Investing in ETFs	288
CHAPTER 22	Recognising the Relentless Rise of Technology	291
	Looking Closer at How Digitisation Has Changed Everything	292
	Focusing on the Remorseless Rise of e-Commerce	293
	Considering China's Influence	
	Delving Deeper into the World of Al, Big Data and Robotics	296
	Understanding Investment Opportunities in the Cloud and	207
	Online Gaming	297
	Going Green – How Renewables Are Creating New Investing Prospects	298
	Looking at Digital Currencies and the Blockchain	
	Going Global — Fintech Is Here	
	Preparing for the Coming Biotech and Genomics Revolution	
	Growing and Raising Food in the Food Revolution: Food 2.0	
PART!	5: THE PART OF TENS	305
	ETen Warning Signs of a Share's Decline	
CHAPTER 23	<u> </u>	
	Earnings Slowdown	300
	Exuberant Analyst Reports That Defy Logic	
	Insider Selling	
	Dividend Cuts	
	Increased Negative Coverage	
	Industry Problems	
	Political Problems	311

	Too High or Unsustainable Debt Funny Accounting: No Laughing Here!	
CHAPTER 24	ETen Signals of a Share Price Increase	
	Rise in Earnings	
	Increase in Assets Because Debts Are Stable or Decreasing Positive Publicity for the Industry	
	Heavy Insider or Corporate Buying	
	Increased Attention from Analysts	
	Rumours of Takeover Bids	
	Consumer Desire for the Brand	
	Strong or Improving Bond Rating	
	Powerful Demographics	
	Low P/E Relative to Industry or Market	321
CHAPTER 25	:Ten Ways to Protect Yourself from Fraud	323
	Be Wary of Unsolicited Calls and Emails	
	Get to Know the FCA	
	Don't Invest If You Don't Understand	324
	Question the Promise of Extraordinary Returns	
	Verify the Investment	
	Check Out the Broker	
	Beware of the Pump-and-Dump	
	Remember That Talk Is Cheap (Until You Talk to an Expert)	
	Recovering (If You Do Get Scammed)	
CHAPTER 26	s: Ten Challenges and Opportunities for	
	Stock Market Investors	331
	Debt, Debt and More Debt	332
	A New Monetary Norm	
	Central Banks Mess Up	
	The Return of Inflation	
	Pension Crisis Emerging Markets	
	China's Rise.	
	The Green Energy Transition	
	Dangers from Out of the Blue	
	The One Certainty	
PART	6: APPENDIXES	339
APPENDIX A	a: Resources for Investors in Shares	341
	Financial Planning Sources	
	The Language of Investing	

	Textual Investment Resources	.342
	Periodicals and magazines	.342
	Books and pamphlets	
	Special books of interest to share investors	
	Investing Websites	
	General investing websites	
	Stock investing websites	
	Investor Associations and Organisations	
	Stock Exchanges	
	Finding Brokers	
	Choosing brokers	
	Brokers	
	Investment Sources	
	Sources for Analysis	
	Earnings and earnings estimates	
	Industry analysis	
	Factors that affect market value	
	Technical analysis	
	Directors' share dealing and other tips	
	Tax Benefits and Obligations	
	Fraud	.350
APPENDIX E	B: Financial Ratios and Accounting Terms	
	Liquidity Ratios	.352
	Current ratio	.352
	Quick ratio	.353
	Operating Ratios	
	Return on equity (ROE)	
	Return on capital employed (ROCE)	.354
	Solvency Ratios	.355
	Debt to equity ratio	
	Debt to equity ratio	.355
	· ·	355 355
	Working capital	355 355 356
	Working capital	.355 .355 .356 .356
	Working capital	355 355 356 356 357
	Working capital	355 356 356 356 357 358
	Working capital	355 356 356 356 357 358
	Working capital	355 356 356 356 357 358 358
	Working capital Common Size Ratios Valuation Ratios. Price-to-earnings ratio (P/E) Price to sales ratio (PSR) Price to book ratio (PBR). Other Useful Accounting Terms	355 356 356 357 358 358 359
INDEX	Working capital Common Size Ratios Valuation Ratios. Price-to-earnings ratio (P/E). Price to sales ratio (PSR). Price to book ratio (PBR). Other Useful Accounting Terms EBITDA. Gearing	355 356 356 357 358 358 359

Introduction

ouses, gold, tulips, bitcoin . . . our idea of what constitutes a good investment has changed dramatically over time, but one precious, valuable idea still holds true: that shares over the long term have been a great investment and have without doubt made their intrepid 'holders' returns of between 5 and 7 per cent per annum over many decades. Obviously that optimistic assessment requires a huge caveat, perhaps even a flashing warning sign of epic proportions, loudly proclaiming that investing in shares can be a rollercoaster ride!

Anyone piling their hard-earned fortune into the stock market in 2007 or January 2020 would soon have realised that *shares* (also called *equities* or *stocks*) can be hugely volatile and that you can lose your money almost overnight. Remember the dark days of early winter 2008 (or February 2020) when the financial markets stood on the edge of catastrophe and shares were plunging by 5 per cent one day and 10 per cent the next. Scary stuff, but within 12 months, the markets had staged a remarkable recovery and some stocks had more than trebled in value. The moral of the story is simple: Investing in shares can sometimes be fun, often risky, but also frequently rewarding, especially if you're patient, careful and diligent. This book can definitely help you avoid the mistakes others have made and can point you in the right direction.

Explore the pages of this book and find the topics that most interest you regarding the world of share investing. Understanding what not to do can be just as important as working out what to do. The single difference between success and failure, between gain and loss, boils down to one word: knowledge. Take this book as your first step in a lifelong learning adventure.

About This Book

No one knows anything in the paranoid world of investing. Every day experts traipse onto TV screens to discuss where 'the markets' might go tomorrow . . . or next week . . . or even next year. Trust us when we say that it's all hocus pocus – no one knows anything for sure. In fact, you might have a better handle on what really matters in the global markets than the ludicrously overpaid hedge fund maestro sitting in his office in Mayfair. Stock markets are a volatile brew of

common sense, wisdom based on decades of experience of 'what works' and an inkling of the ebb and flow of human emotion. Master these criss-crossing currents and you might just build a sensible investment portfolio. Hopefully this book helps you navigate these stormy, ever-changing waters.

This book is designed to give you a realistic approach to making money by investing in shares. It provides the essence of sound, practical share investing strategies and insights that have been market tested and proven from nearly a hundred years of stock market history.

Investing in Shares For Dummies, 3rd Edition, is also a book that is quite different from the 'get rich with shares' titles that cram the bookshelves. It doesn't take a standard approach to the topic; it doesn't assume that shares are a sure thing and the be-all and end-all of wealth building. At times in this book, we tell you not to invest in shares. This book can help you succeed not only in up markets but also in down markets. Bull markets and bear markets come and go, but the informed investor can keep making money no matter what. To give you an extra edge, we have tried to include information about the investing environment for shares.

In this third edition of this book, we focus on how investing has been changed dramatically by the advent of new technologies. In particular, we investigate the following:

- >> How Internet-based share dealing has changed everything
- >> Why robo advisers might be a cheap, easy-to-access way forward for many investors
- >> Why technology is driving much of theme-based, big-trend investing and how you can get involved with these big changes
- >> How the rise of passive investing through index tracking funds has helped democratise investing
- >> How the changed global macroeconomic environment has impacted investing post pandemic

Foolish Assumptions

We reckon you've picked up this book for one or more of the following reasons:

>> You're a beginner and want a crash course on share investing that's an easy read.

- >> You're already a share investor, and you need a book that allows you to read only those chapters that cover specific share investing topics of interest to you.
- >> You need to review your own situation with the information in the book to see if you missed anything when you invested in that hot share that your sister-in-law recommended.
- >> You need a great gift! When Uncle Fred is upset over his poor share picks, you can give him this book so he can get back on his financial feet. Be sure to get a copy for his broker, too. (Odds are that the broker was the one who made those picks to begin with.)

Icons Used in This Book

We use icons, which are little pictures in the margins, to point out information. Here are the icons we use:



This icon flags a particular bit of advice that just may give you an edge over other investors.

TH



When you see this icon, we're reminding you about some information that you should always keep stashed in your memory, whether you're new to investing or an old pro.



Pay special attention to this icon because the advice can prevent headaches, heartaches and financial aches.

WARNING



TECHNICA STUFF

The text attached to this icon may not be crucial to your success as an investor, but it may enable you to talk shop with investing gurus and better understand the financial pages of your favourite business publication or website.

Beyond This Book

In addition to the material in the print or e-book you're reading right now, this product also comes with some access-anywhere goodies online. Check out the free Cheat Sheet at www.dummies.com. Just search for investing in shares UK.

If you do fancy delving a bit more deeply into these ideas, then you may also want to check out David's personal investing blog at www.adventurousinvestor.com or maybe if passive, index tracking funds spark your interest, investigate www.etfstream.com.

Where to Go from Here

We don't expect you to read it cover to cover, although we'll be delighted if you read every word! Instead, this book is designed as a reference tool. Feel free to read the chapters in whatever order you choose. You can flip to the sections and chapters that interest you or those that include topics that you need to know more about.

Because every chapter is designed to be as self-contained as possible, it won't do you any harm to cherry-pick what you really want to read. But if you're like us, you still may want to check out every chapter because you never know when you might come across a new tip or resource that will make a profitable difference in your share portfolio. We want you to be successful so that we can brag about you in the next edition.

The Essentials of Investing in Shares

IN THIS PART . . .

Get a better understanding of the basics of buying shares before you make your first investment.

Identify what you need to scrutinise your own situations and financial goals as much as you scrutinise shares.

Take stock of your current needs, goals and risk tolerance before you invest.

Discover how to determine what you need to know in order to choose the stocks that best suit you.

- » Knowing the essentials
- » Doing your own research
- » Recognising winners
- » Exploring investment strategies

Chapter **1 Exploring the Basics**

emember Sid? Back in the 1980s and 1990s investing in shares briefly became insanely popular in the UK. Most cynical Brits had grown up believing that shares were a slightly brutish thing, traded by spivs and sleek stockbrokers and only the preserve of the inveterate gambler. The privatisation of the major utilities (Sid was invoked by the Thatcher government to encourage people to invest in the likes of British Gas and British Telecom) changed everything. Suddenly everyone seemed to have amassed a small portfolio of privatised companies as well as shares in building societies such as Halifax who'd chosen to 'demutualise' and 'list' their shares on the stock market.

Private investors piled into shares in the 1990s as the stock market reached the mania stage at the tail-end of an 18-year upswing (or bull market: see Chapter 15 for more information on bull markets). Some years later adventurous types even took to investing in the companies of 'tomorrow' - think Amazon or Google pumping up an enormous technology-based stock market bubble that eventually burst in spectacular style in the first years of the new millennium (we call this a bear market – see Chapter 15 for more on these). Share prices tumbled worldwide and everyone declared that they were much the wiser.

Now, of course, everyone knows that that was an illusion. Shares picked up in value again in the first decade of the new millennium, especially as investors piled into bank shares tempted by the juicy dividends on offer. And then the GFC - the Global Financial Crisis - came along and the rest is history. Perhaps this time everyone has learned their lesson . . . or perhaps not! Shares have bounced back in value, which rather suggests that the animal spirits of investing are alive and kicking. And 2020 experienced another exciting roller coaster ride as markets plunged and then soared, and those stocks such as Amazon and Google that were once a bit 'spivvy' suddenly turned into 'must have'.

One might rather cynically conclude after these serial booms and busts that many investors really hadn't known exactly what they were investing in. If they'd had a rudimentary understanding of what shares really are, perhaps they could have avoided some expensive mistakes. The purpose of this book is not only to tell you about the basics of investing in shares but also to let you in on some solid strategies that can help you profit from the stock market. Before you invest your first fiver, you need to understand the basics of investing in shares, which we discuss in this chapter.

Understanding the Basics

The basics are so basic that few people are doing them. Perhaps the most basic (and therefore most important) thing to grasp is the risk you face whenever you do anything (like putting your hard-earned money in an investment like shares). When you lose track of the basics, you lose track of why you invested to begin with. Find out more about risk (and the different kinds of risk) in Chapter 4.

In an old stand-up routine, the comic was asked 'How is your wife?' He responded 'Compared to what?' You need to apply the same attitude to stocks. When you're asked 'how are your shares?', you may be able to say that they're doing well – especially when compared to an acceptable 'yardstick' like an index (such as the FTSE 100 or the FTSE All Share). Find out more about indices in Chapter 5.

The bottom line is that the first thing you do when investing in shares is not to send your money straight into a stockbroker's account or go to a website to click 'buy shares'. The first thing you do is find out as much as you can about what shares are and how you can use them to boost your wealth.

Getting Prepared before Starting

Gathering information is critical to your plans for investing in shares. You need to gather information on the shares you're planning to buy twice: before you invest . . . and after. You obviously should become more informed before you

invest your first few quid. But you also need to stay informed about what's happening to the company whose shares you're buying, about the industry or sector that company is in and about the economy in general. To find the best information sources, check out Chapter 6.

When you're ready to invest, you need an account with a stockbroker. How do you know which broker to use and whether to go online or use paper certificates? Chapter 7 provides some answers and resources to help you choose a broker.

Knowing How to Pick Winners

Once you get past the basics, you can get to the 'meat' of picking shares. Successful share picking isn't mysterious, but it does take some time, effort and analysis. This may sound like a lot of work but it's worth it, because shares are an important part of most investors' portfolios. Read the following section and be sure to 'leap frog' to the relevant chapters.

Recognising the value of shares

Imagine that you like eggs and you're willing to buy them at the supermarket. In this example, the eggs are like companies, and the prices represent the prices that you would pay for the companies' shares. The supermarket is the stock market. What if two brands of eggs are similar, but one costs £1 while the other costs £1.50? Which would you choose? Odds are that you would look at both brands, judge their quality and, if they were indeed similar, take the cheaper eggs – though if you're so minded, you might scrutinise the label for mention of free range.

The eggs at £1.50 are overpriced. The same principle applies to shares. What if you compare two companies that are similar in every respect but have different share prices? All things being equal, the cheaper price has greater value for the investor. But the egg example has another side.

What if the quality of the two brands of eggs is significantly different but their prices are the same? If one brand of eggs is old, of poor quality and priced at £1 and the other brand is fresher, of superior quality and also priced at £1, which would you buy? Of course, you'd take the good brand because they're better eggs. Perhaps the lesser eggs are an acceptable purchase at 50 pence, but they're definitely overpriced at £1. The same example works with shares. A badly run company isn't a good choice if you can buy a better company in the marketplace at the same – or a better – price.

Comparing the value of eggs may seem overly simplistic, but doing so does cut to the heart of investing in shares. Eggs and egg prices can be as varied as companies and share prices. As an investor, you must make it your job to find the best value for your investment cash. (Otherwise you get egg on your face. We bet you saw that one coming.)

Understanding how market capitalisation affects share values

You can determine the value of a company (and thus the value of its shares) in many ways. The most basic way to measure this value is to look at a company's market value, also known as market capitalisation (or market cap). *Market capitalisation* is simply the value you get when you multiply all the number of outstanding shares of a particular company by the price of a single share.

Calculating the market cap is easy. It's the number of shares outstanding multiplied by the current share price. If the company has 1 million shares outstanding and its share price is £10, the market cap is £10 million.

Small cap, mid cap and large cap aren't references to headgear; they're references to how large the company is as measured by its market value. Here are the four basic categories of market capitalisation:

- >> Fledglings: These shares are sometimes known as *micro-caps* or *tiddlers*. They're small and very risky.
- >> Small caps: These shares may fare better than the fledglings and still have plenty of growth potential. The key word is 'potential'.
- **Mid caps:** For many investors, this category offers a good compromise between small caps and blue chips. They offer much of the safety of the big companies while retaining a part of the growth potential of small caps.
- >> Blue chips: These are the established heavy hitters and are ideal for the cautious investors who want the potential for steady appreciation with greater safety. These companies tend to be represented in something called the FTSE 100 Index of top, 'blue chip' companies. We explain more about indices in Chapter 5.



From a safety point of view, the company's size and market value do matter. All things being equal, large cap companies are considered safer than small cap companies. However, small caps shares have greater potential for growth. Compare these companies to trees: Which tree is stronger – a sturdy oak tree or a newly planted sapling? In a great storm, the oak has a chance of survival, while the

young tree has a rough time. But you also have to ask yourself which tree has more opportunity for growth. The oak may not have much growth left, but the sapling has plenty of growth to look forward to – assuming that climate change hasn't resulted in all those saplings dying.

For investment beginners, comparing market cap to trees isn't so far-fetched. You want your money to grow without becoming dead wood.

Although market capitalisation is important to consider, don't invest (or not invest) based on market capitalisation only. It's just one measure of value. As a serious investor, you need to look at numerous factors that can help you determine whether any given share is a good investment. Keep reading – this book is full of information to help you decide.

Sharpening your investment skills

Investors who analyse the company can better judge the value of the shares and profit from buying and selling them. Your greatest asset in investing is knowledge (and a little common sense). To succeed in the world of share investment, keep in mind the following key success factors:

- >> Analyse yourself. What do you want to accomplish through your investment in shares? What are your investment goals? Chapter 2 can help you figure this out.
- **>> Know where to get information.** The decisions you make about your money and the shares to invest in require quality information. If you want help with information sources, turn to Chapter 3.
- >> Understand why you want to invest in shares. Are you seeking appreciation (capital gains) or income (dividends)? Look at Chapters 8 and 9 for information on these topics.
- >> Do your research. Look at the company whose shares you're considering, to see whether it's a profitable company worthy of your investment cash. Chapters 10 and 11 help you scrutinise the company.
- >> Choosing a successful share also means that you choose a winning industry. You frequently see share prices of mediocre companies in 'hot' industries rise higher and faster than solid companies in floundering industries. Therefore, choosing the industry is important. Find out more about analysing industries in Chapter 12.
- >> Understand how the world affects your shares. Shares succeed or fail in large part due to the environment in which they operate. Economics and

- politics make up that world, so you should know something about them. Chapter 14 covers these topics, but also take a look at Chapter 2.
- >> Understand and identify megatrends. Doing so makes it easier for you to make money. This edition spends more time and provides more resources helping you see the opportunities in emerging sectors and even avoid the problem areas (see Chapter 13 for details).
- >> Use investing strategies like the experts do. In other words, how you go about investing can be just as important as what you invest in. Chapter 16 highlights techniques for investing to help you make more money from your shares.
- >> Keep more of the money you earn. After all your great work in picking the right shares and making big money, you should know about keeping more of the fruits of your investing. We cover the taxation of share investment in Chapter 20.
- >> Sometimes, what people tell you to do with shares isn't as revealing as what people are actually doing. This is why we like to look at company insiders before we buy or sell that particular share. To find out more about insider buying and selling not to be confused with 'insider dealing', which is illegal read Chapter 19.

Actually, every chapter in the book offers you valuable guidance on an essential aspect of the fantastic world of shares. The knowledge you pick up and apply from these pages has been tested over nearly a century of share picking. The investment experience of the past – the good, the bad and some of the ugly – is here for your benefit. Use this information to make a lot of money (and make us proud!). And don't forget to check out the Appendixes.

Boning Up on Strategies and Tactics

Successful investing isn't just what you invest in, it's also the way you invest. We are big on strategies such as trailing stop losses. You can find out more about these in Chapter 17.

Buying shares doesn't always mean that you must visit a stockbroker or that it has to be hundreds of shares. You can buy shares for pennies and use programmes such as dividend reinvestment plans. Chapter 18 tells you more.

Getting Good Tips

In Chapter 21 we place our finger firmly on the pulse of the market and look at some major new innovations sweeping through the financial services sector such as and index tracking funds and exchange traded funds (ETFs). We look at why they can be useful and what you need to look out for! Used sensibly, these 'lowcost' funds – the managers charge a very small amount of money in fees – can make a huge difference to your long-term investment plans.

Protecting yourself from the risk of losing money (known as *downside exposure*) is what separates investors from gamblers, and Chapter 23 gives you ten warning signs of a share's decline. We know when we see some of the signs that (at the very least) we need to put on a stop loss order (Chapter 17) so that we can sleep at night. Sometimes the return *on* your money is not as good as the return *of* your money.

If shares give off 'negative signals', then it follows that they give off 'positive' ones as well. Chapter 24 gives you ten of the best signs that are commonly seen before a share is ready to rise. What better time to jump in?

You should be aware about the risks of fraud. It's tough enough to make money from shares in an honest market. Yet we must always be aware of those that would take our hard-earned money from us without our consent. That's why we include Chapter 25 – because there's always a chance of encountering problems when you're dealing with humanity.

Chapter 26 is one of the best chapters in the book. You really need to understand if the environment for a particular share is good or bad. The best shares in the world sink in a tough market while the worst shares can go up in a jubilant and rising market. Ideally, you avoid those shares that are in the tough market and find good shares in a good market. This chapter points you in the direction of those markets.