Thomas W. MacFarland Jan M. Yates

# Using R for Biostatistics

**EXTRAS ONLINE** 



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#### Dedication

In appreciation for their patience, this text is dedicated to Andrew, Baylen, Courtney, Henry, and Lauren.

This text is also dedicated to the students and beginning researchers who have struggled with the transition from a graphical approach to statistics to the more empowering, but challenging, use of syntax. We hope you continue to explore the many learning resources available to the R community; with practice, the results gained from learning syntax will be more than worth the effort.

#### Preface

This text is about the use of R in biostatistics. It was prepared to help beginning students and researchers gradually increase their skills with the use of R syntax as they consider how R is used in the quickly expanding the world of biostatistics.

R has become one of the leading languages used for statistical analyses in the biological sciences, and it is increasingly used for data organization, statistical analyses, and the generation of high-quality publishable graphics. There are currently more than 15,000 R-focused packages freely available to the public, and many focus exclusively on applications in biostatistics. It is our view that those who work in biostatistics should have a good working knowledge of R and an understanding of how R fits into the professional toolkit.

Using R for Biostatistics begins with a brief discussion of biostatistics, with an emphasis on how biostatistics grew out of statistics. There is also a short history of the R language and how R developed from the prior S language. The beginning parts of this text also provide a glimpse of how the lessons have been structured, ranging from learning as much as possible about the data to the eventual development of an easy-to-understand summary of statistical analyses. Attention is also given to the many ways data can be imported into R, focusing on how R can accommodate datasets in various formats.

The major part of this text is presented in the form of lessons that address the leading statistical tests typically encountered early on among those who engage in research associated with biostatistics:

- Data Exploration, Descriptive Statistics, and Measures of Central Tendency
- Student's t-Test for Independent Samples
- Student's t-Test for Matched Pairs
- Oneway Analysis of Variance (Oneway ANOVA)

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- Twoway Analysis of Variance (Twoway ANOVA)
- Correlation, Association, Regression, Likelihood, and Prediction

For each of these lessons, emphasis is placed on understanding the data, organizing and then working through the data, and subsequently understanding the outcomes of statistical analyses for each test by using many different and complementary approaches:

- The production of graphics is essential to understanding statistical outcomes, and each lesson provides many examples on how to produce beginning and eventually high-quality graphics associated with variables and the selected statistical test.
- Issues inherent to data distribution patterns are also emphasized in the lessons, where many datasets throughout the lessons are first analyzed by using a parametric approach to statistical analysis and analyses are then repeated by using a nonparametric approach. This approach toward analysis takes into account the complexities of real-world analyses in biostatistics, where data are not always as tidy as desired.
- Whenever possible, multiple R packages and multiple R functions are demonstrated, in an attempt to provide wide exposure to the many ways R can be used to gain the desired output.

A special feature in this text is the rich variety of bonus materials provided in the addenda after each lesson. Multiple approaches at statistical analysis, going beyond what was presented in the preceding lesson, are included in the addenda. Analyses that address parametric v nonparametric issues are further stressed in the addenda. Perhaps most importantly, the addenda often include additional datasets and guidance that provide the opportunity for incremental confidence-building practice activities with R. The complexity of R-based syntax is only gradually introduced as engagement with the text continues.

Using R for Biostatistics ends with a large and complex dataset and presentation of the many issues that need to be considered—an introduction to Big Data and breakout subsets of a large dataset. The ending parts of this text look at the future use of R for biostatistics, including a brief introduction to the increasing use of R Markdown.

Although multiple file formats are demonstrated in *Using R for Biostatistics*, most datasets are in comma-separated values (.csv) file format. By having access to the data in original format, it is possible to replicate outcomes by using the syntax presented in this text, but now as a self-guided practice activity where the outcomes are known.

PREFACE

Going beyond what is presented in this text, explore the many learning opportunities available to the R community. Join and review what is discussed in R-based discussion groups. View recorded R conference presentations made available through various media. Scan the long list (currently, more than 15,000) of R packages to see how R fits into the way biostatistics is approached by others. The opportunities to learn R syntax are many.

Fort Lauderdale, FL, USA Fort Lauderdale, FL, USA Summer 2020 Thomas W. MacFarland Jan M. Yates

#### Acknowledgments

We want to thank the many individuals who believe in the open-source paradigm. This text is only possible because of the tireless and often unrecognized efforts of all who have contributed to R, core R, and the thousands of contributed R packages.

We also want to recognize our editor, Laura Aileen Briskman, and the entire Springer team. Thank you for your many ideas, feedback, help, and supporting our efforts.

#### Introduction

This text is focused on R, a freely available and open-source language that is among the leading languages used in biostatistics. R is typically dependent on user-generated syntax, not menu-driven point and click selections. However, the challenges of using R's syntax, whether working with an Integrated Development Environment (IDE), working interactively at the command line, or perhaps working offline in a separate text editor, are challenges that become a bridge too far for many.

The motivation for this text can be expressed in one simple word: frustration!

In many classes, and throughout the years, we have seen students and even beginning researchers experience frustration when using data science and information science curricular materials that, though excellent, are presented at a level beyond the capabilities of those who are learning the heuristics of a new programming language for the first time. Introductory texts need to focus on the incoming skills of learners through small confidence-building experiences and present incremental opportunities that build confidence and gradually develop proficiency among enthusiastic learners. Otherwise, frustration, not mastery, will be the main outcome for those learning the new language and its applications to biostatistics.

This text is structured to reduce frustration for learners who will use R to support the research process. To achieve this aim, this text starts with a brief introduction to biostatistics and how biostatistics developed into a distinct science, whether applied for agriculture, medicine, public health, or other subdisciplines. Then, in a set of consistent, structured lessons for many statistical tests the focus moves to a common framework for problem-solving using R. Each lesson is arranged as follows:

- Background
  - Description of the Data
  - Null Hypothesis (Ho)

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- Import the Data into R
- Organize the Data and Display the Code Book
- Conduct a Visual Data Check Using Graphics
- Descriptive Statistics for Initial Analysis of the Data
- Quality Assurance, Data Distribution, and Tests for Normality
- Statistical Test(s)
- Summary of Outcomes

This consistent, step-by-step presentation provides a structured and organized introduction to R that supports the following:

- The researcher knows as much about the data as can be reasonably expected.
- The data are well-organized and a descriptive Code Book not only supports a thorough understanding of the data but also aids replication of all analyses, either at a future date or by others.
- Visual presentations improve immediate cognition of trends among the data and an understanding of these trends by others, especially audiences who may not be experienced in biostatistics.
- Descriptive statistics and measures of central tendency further improve understanding of the data.
- Quality assurance is promoted by carefully addressing data distribution patterns, which validates whether parametric, nonparametric, or both approaches should be used for later analyses.
- Statistical tests are conducted, often using multiple approaches in an effort to gain consistency of outcomes.
- The summary for each lesson is prepared, so that beginning biostatisticians can understand not only the initial outcomes but also the potential practical applications of outcomes.

These many precursor activities are often given only marginal attention by those in a rush to complete and then present research results. It is our view, however, that these many activities, although demanding, support appropriate statistical test selection, implementation, and presentation of outcomes in support of the biostatistics research process.

Most lessons in this text are enhanced by addenda, with new skills added to each advancing lesson, which are designed as value-added learning opportunities. The addenda often introduce and/or reinforce specialized packages and functions that go beyond what was previously presented, address parametric

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v nonparametric approaches toward the data, and often end with additional practice datasets that support incremental practice with advanced skills.

Each external dataset has been placed at the publisher's Web site for this text, which makes it possible for the learner to practice with the syntax presented in the text and to see if self-generated outcomes match the known correct output.

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