Luca Moretti

Seemings and Epistemic Justification How Appearances Justify Beliefs



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How Appearances Justify Beliefs



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Chapter 1 Introduction



Abstract In this introduction I present the topic of the investigation carried out in this book and the central theses defended in it. I also clarify some assumptions of my research, specify the intended audience of this book and summarize its structure.

Keywords Phenomenal conservatism · Phenomenal dogmatism · Seemings · Appearances · Epistemic justification · Epistemic internalism and externalism

1.1 What I do in this Book

This work aims to introduce, dissect and evaluate the important but controversial epistemological position called *phenomenal conservatism*. Variants or special versions of this position have been lingering in the views of various philosophers for the last forty years, until Michael Huemer (2001) introduced phenomenal conservatism officially into epistemology, using this name. Ever since, the popularity of this position has constantly increased.

Phenomenal conservatism maintains that our *appearances* or *seemings*—the ways things appear to us to be—have the inherent power to justify our beliefs. According to the phenomenal conservative, for example, if it appears to you, say, that it is raining outside, that 15-7=8, or that Hitler was a wicked man, you thereby have a good reason to believe these things. This reason or justification is nevertheless defeasible—it can be destroyed by further evidence indicating that the appearance is unreliable or the belief false. Appearances are conceived of by the phenomenal conservative as *experiences*—so, not as *beliefs* or other *doxastic* states—provided with propositional content.

Phenomenal conservatism looks very natural and comes with a number of apparent epistemological benefits. For instance, it supplies a clear account of where our justification—perhaps *all* our epistemic justification—basically comes from: it originates from our seemings. It also illuminates the rationality of ordinary epistemic practices in which we take ourselves or others to have reasons to entertain beliefs

 $^{^{1}}$ James Pryor (2000, 2004) has simultaneously introduced a very similar view, though less general, called *dogmatism*.